BY JAMES W. BELLER.

"SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON" is published every resday Morning, at \$2 in advance—\$2.50 if paid thin the year—or \$3 if not paid until after the piration of the year.

Of ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate of \$1 per square, for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for each continuance. Those not marked on the manuscript for a specified time, will be inserted until forbid, and CHARGED ACCORDINGLY.

DR. JOHNSTON,

DOSSESSES the most speedy and effectual remedy

VOL. XI.

Possesses the most speedy and effectual remedy in the world for all Secret Diseases:
Genorrhow, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, Pains in the Loins, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Loss of Organic Powers, Nervous Irritability, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin; and all those Peculiar Disorders arising from a Certain Secret Habit of Youth, which if not cured, produces Constitutional Debility, renders Marriage impossible, and in the end destroys both body and mind.

Young Men. THE undersigned has just returned from New York, and is now opening at his Old Stand, on Main street, a large and general assortment of the choicest varieties of French and English CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND LINENS, as also

Young Men.
Young Men.
Young Men.
Young Men.
Young Men.
Young Men especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of elequence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence. Ish CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND LINENS, as also VESTINGS at all prices. He will make and trim to order all work at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. Thankful for the patronage heretofore extended, he hopes he may be able by renewed efforts and greater facilities to retain his old and secure many new friends.

N. B. Goods purchased elsewhere, will be manufactured as usual.

Marriage.

Married Persons or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, or any other impediment, should immediately consult Dr. Johnston-OFFICE No. 7, SOUTH FREDERICK St., seven doors from Baltimore street, East side, up the steps. 13-Be particular in observing the name and number, or you will mistake the place. Be not enticed from this office. Marriage. MISS MARGARET MOMURRAN respectfully informs her friends and patrons that her school is now organ zed and open for the reception of additional scholars. Her course of tuition will embrace the ordinary as also the higher branches of a complete English education, including Orthography, Reading, Writing, Grammar (English and French.) Arithmetic, Algebra, Geography, as also Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, Moral Philosophy, Physiology, &c.

A Cure Warranted or no Charge, in from one to two days.

The many thousands cured at this Institution, and The many thousands cured at this Institution, and the very extensive practice of Dr. Johnston (exciding all others) is a sufficient guarantee that he is the only proper Physician to be consulted.

Dr. Johnston,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astanishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled The modern languages will be taught if desired, as also Vocal and Instrumental Music.

Miss M. promises, in addition to her own earnest effort to advance her scholars, to procure able assistance, should the number of pupils require it.

TERMS.

tonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with a ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immedi-

A Certain Disease.

When the misguided and impudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to these who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face, and extremities, progressing on with the head, face, and extremities, progressing on with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseraawful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to their dreadful sufferings by sending them to "that bourne from whence
no traveller returns." To such therefore, Dr. JOHNSTON pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable
secrecy, and from his extensive practice in 'the first
hospitals of Europe and America, he can confidently
recommend the most safe and speedy cure to the unfortunate victim of this horrid disease.

It is a malarchally fort, that thousands fall victims

REMOVAL.--NEW SUPPLY.

The subscriber has removed his Establishment to the building adjoining H. L. Eby & Son's grocery store, where he will be happy to see his friends and the public. He has just received from Baltimore an entire fresh supply, in part as follows:

1 case Sardines, 1 frail Almonds;

1 frail Filberts, 1 frail Walnuts;

5 boxes Shelled Almonds, 5 boxes Citron;

20 drums Figs. Liquorice: It is a melancholy fact, that thousands fall victims to this dreadful disease, owing to the unskillfulness or ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that deadly poison, mercury, ruin the constitution, and either send the unfortunate sufferer to an untimely grave, or makes the residue of his life miserable.

Take Particular Notice.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgences, that secret and a ditary habit, which ruin both body and mind, unfiting them for either business or society. duced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dis-pessia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Diges-tive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Con-

mentally.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded; loss of memory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, aversion are some of the evils produced.

Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for

Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for General Debility.

By this great and important remedy, weakness of the organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored. Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated, who had lost all hope, have been immediately relieved.—All impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous Irritability, Trembling and Weakness, or Exhaustion of the most fearful kind, are speedily cured.

Who have injured themselves by a Certain Practice, indulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school—the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately. What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, and the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit.—

Such persons before contemplating

Marriage,
and reflect that a sound mind and body are the mos necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without this, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.—

Weakness of the Organs
immediately cured, and full vigor restored.

To Strangers.

The many thousands of the most desperate and hopeless cases cured at this institution within the hopeless cases cured at this institution within the tast twelve years, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the papers and many other persons notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted, who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston may religiously confide in his honor as a Gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

There are so many ignorant and worthless Quacks copying Dr. Johnston's advertisement, and advertising themselves as physicians, trifling with rtising themselves as physicians, trifling with ruining the health of the already Afflicted, that

and ruining the health of the already Afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say especially to those macquainted with his reputation that his credentials or diplomas always bang in his Office.

ALL LETTERS MUST BE POST-PAID—REME DIES sent to any part of the country.

OFFICE—No. 7, South Frederick St., East side.

Description on door.

Jan. 24, 1854—ly. THE BRITISH QUARTERLIES.

BLACK WOOD'S MAGAZINE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,

New York, continues to Re-publish the following

British Periodicals, viz:

1. The London Quarterly Review, Conservative.

2. THE EDINBURGH REVIEW, Whig.
3. THE NORTH BATTISH REVIEW, Free Church,
4. THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW, Liberal. 3. The North Battern Review, Free Church.
4. The Westminster Review, Liberal.
5. Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, Tory.

The present critical state of European affairs will during the year 1854. They will occupy a middle ground between the hastily written news-items, crude speculations, and flying rumors of the daily Journal, and the ponderous Tome of the future historian, written after the living interest and excitement of the great political events of the time shall have passed away. It is to these Periodicals that readers must look for the only really intelligible and reliable history of current events, and as such, in addition to their well-established literary, scientific, and theological character, we urge them upon the consideration of the reading public.

Arrangements are in progress for the receipt of early sheets from the British Publishers, by which we shall be able to place all our Reprints in the hands of subscribers, about as soon as they can be furnished with the foreign copies. Although this will involve a very large outlay on our part, we shall continue to furnish the Periodicals at the same low rates as heretofore, viz:

Per annum.

In all the principal Cities and Towns, these works will be delivered, through Agents, FREE OF POSTAGE. When sent by mail, the Postage to any part of the United States will be but twenty-four cents a year for each of the Reviews.

Remittances and communications should always be addressed, post-naid to the Publisher. be addressed, post-paid, to the Publishers, LEONARD SCOTT & CO.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,
54 Gold street, New York.

N. B.—L. S. & Co. have recently published, and
have now for sale, the "FARMER'S GUIDE," by
Henry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and Prof. Norton, of
Yale College, New Haven, complete in 2 vols., royal
octavo, containing 1690 pages, 14 steel an 1690 wood
engravings. Price in muslin binding, \$6.

63-This work is NOT the old "Book of the Farm,"
lately RESUSCITATED and thrown mon the market. lately RESUSCITATED and thrown upon the market.

December 27, 1853.

WANTED IN EXCHANGE.—Bacon, Lard Hird Soap, Rags, &c., taken in Exchange for cods. R. H. BROWN.

THE BOOT & SHOE BUSINESS in all its various branches, will be continued at the OLD STAND by the undersigned where he will be glad to see all their old cusrs with as many new ones as may be pleased to JOHN T. RIELEY.

MANTED.—We will give the highest market price for any quantity of Wool.

BROWN & WASHINGTON.

harlestown, May 23.

JOOO WORTH READY-MADE CLOTHING.
Just opening at ISAAC ROSE'S
Cheap Store on Main street.

arlestown, April 4, 1854. T. C. SIGAFOOSE. HELS WHITE CORN MEADS

H. L. EBY & SON.

AGRICULTURE, MANUFACTURES, COMMERCE, AND NAVIGATION, THE FOUR PILLARS OF OUR PROSPERITY-MOST THRIVING WHEN LEFT MOST FREE TO INDIVIDUAL ENTERPRISE.

Miscellaneons.

actured as usual.

J. R. A. REDMAN.

Charlestown, April 25, 1854—ff [FP]

For the Elementary branches \$6 perses, of 6 months For the higher branches \$7.50 " " "

Music, \$12 for 26 lessons.
School Rooms at the skidence of Mrs. Dr. Griggs in Charlestown.

[May 16, 1852—tf

NEW BOOT AND SHOE
ESTABLISHMENT.
Call Soon and Get Bargains.
The undersigned has just opened in the Shops of
Dr. Mason, two doors East of the Valley Bank, a

JAMES E. JOHNSON.

J. F. BLESSING

J. S. AULABAUGH.

to render satisfaction to all.

Charlestown, April 18, 1854-tf

20 drums Figs, Liquorice; 5 boxes Gum Drops, 3 do. Jujube Drops; 5 boxes Oranges, 2 do. Lemons;

1 box Conversation Lozenges; 1 box Port Wine Drops, 1 do. Brandy do.;

1 case Brandy Peaches, 2 cases Pickled Onions; 2 c uses Cucumber Pickles, 1 bag Palm Nuts; Also, a fresh lot of Water and Soda Crackers.

WRITING SCHOOL.

THE undersigned returns his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, for the liberal patronage he has received as INSTRUC-

TER in the art of PENMASHIP; and hopes to mer-

it a continuance of the same

He, having been engaged for sometime in giving instructions, to a class in this place, and, rendered entire satisfaction to those who have been in attend-

ance, still offers his services to all who desire to im-

SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.

THE undersigned tenders his thanks to the Citizens of Harper's Ferry and Bolivar, for their
liberal patronage, during the time he has been with
them. And having permanently located himself in
West Bolivar, would respectfully solicit a liberal
share of the patronage of that place, and the surrounding Community.

ing Community.

Those desiring teeth extracted—artificial teeth in-

serted—either on pivots or gold plates, can have it done in the most modern and scientific manner.

most reasonable rates. L. M. SMITH. Charlestown, April 25, 1854.

FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

A FINE assortment of DRUGS AND MEDICINES have just been received, which will

Country Physicians will do well to call and examine. For sale wholesale or retail by

compare with any received in this market .-

NOTICE.

REIGHT accounts must be paid promptly, or all articles will be held until the freights are paid without respect to persons.

E. M. AISQUITH.

10,000 FEET inch PLANK;

With Gondola Sides and Ribs—for sale at the Charles-

ON and after 1st day of April, 1854, my SHA VING AND HAIR DRESSING SALOON will be closed on

the Sabbath. 1 will keep open on Saturday night until 11 o'clock, P. M., hoping this will meet the appro-

THE undersigned have removed to the new and commodious Store-Room, under the office of the

"Spirit of Jefferson," where they expect to retain the patronage of their old friends, and from enlarged and

NOTICE.

NO COLORED PERSON; free or slave, will be permitted to pass on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, unless some good and responsible white person vouches for them and gives bond of indemnity at this office.

F. BECKHAM, Agent.

Harpers Ferry, April 4, 1854.

ANY quantity of POTATOES wanted by April 11, 1854. R. S. BLACKBURN & CO.

TOWN RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

A. W. CRAMER.

WM. W. OVERMAN.

The residence and grounds, the property of Mrs. E. S. Davemort, now occupied by Mr. P. H. Powers, situated in a desirable part of Charlestown, Va., is now offered for saic. For further par-

CHAS. W. SINCLAIR, LATE OF VIRGINIA, WITH

RICHARDSON & OVERMAN, UMBRELLA AND PARASOL MANUFACTORY,

OFFERS his professional services to the Citizens of Chalestown and its vicinity.
He will be found at I. N. Carter's Hotel, or at his

WINE AND BRANDY.—I have in store a. very choice and pure article of Wines and Brandies, put up in bottles for Medicinal purposes. Those in want can be supplied with a pure article as imported.

T. C. SIGAFOOSE.

Saddlery, consisting in part of Plated and Steel Bridle Bits, plated and Steel Stirrups, a few hardsoder Sliver plated Bridle Bits, Stirrups, and Spurs, common, silver plated, brass and steel Spurs, raw hide Wagon Whips, Buckles of almost every size and pattern; which can be had at the Market-House for cash or on a short credit to punctual customers.

May 2, 1854.

THOS. RAWLINS.

NEW SUPPLY: 60 different kinds of Candies of Almonds, Filberts, Walnuts, Palminuts, Perannuts, Figs, Raisins, Oranges, Lemons, Cocoanuts, Water, Butter, Soda and Sugar Urackers, Pop Byrup, Lemon Syrup, Pickles in barrels, Pickles in jars, Candy Toys, Brandy Praches, for sale by JAMES H. FRAZIER.

No. 106, Market street, Philadelphia. May 9, 1854—tf

door East of it.

May 9, 1854.

R. S. BLACKBURN & CO.

[F. P.]

out respect to persons. E. M. Charlestown Depot, April 25, 1854.

1 cask Currants, 12 boxes Raisins; 1 lot of nice Baskets;

April 13, 1854.

prove in this noble art

Charlestown, Feb. 23, 1854-tf

MERCHANT TAILORING.

CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1854.

A STREET SCENE. This world is a great dice-box, and nobody

left few traces behind it, and no evidence that

Near Trinity Church sat an old apple wo-

man. A tattered cloak of plaid was thrown

rested upon the form of a stranger as he pro-

ceeded liesurely along pausing now and then as he seemingly recognised some spot familiar in other days, or noted some unex-

The old woman suddenly dropped her bas-

ket, and the apples rolled hither and thither,

but she did not heed them. "George!" she ex-

claimed, as she sprang to her feet. "George!"

The stranger turned in the direction of the

voice. In an instant his quiet manner vanished. "George!" "Mother," and the

twain were clasped in each other's arms .-

Greatly did some marvel at the scene. "Has

the old woman fainted," cried one. "Has she

been stealing?" cried another. Yes, she had

one touch of nature makes the whole world

kin," and there was many a heart beat softer

a block of stores occupying its site, every inch

went wandering down from comfort and a

But yesterday it was all made right. The

dead was alive again and the lost found. And

to-day who thinks she would exchange places

with the most favored of fortune that dwell

God grant that much joy break not the pitch er at the fountain, or the wheel at the cistern.

God grant many such meetings in this

NEW USES OF SPIRITUALISM.

A singular case of bigamy recently occurred

in this city, says the New York Times, which illustrates the new uses to which spiritual raps

may be appropriated. A woman named Su-

san A. Hubbard was arrested for the above

the Lower Police Court, for a hearing, on the

20th ult. It was alleged that she had three

or four husbands; but it was necessary only

to prove the existence of two marriages. Rev

Mr. Saggart, a Baptist c ergymen, one of the

witnesses, identified the prisoner as the per-

son whom he had some time since married to

Hubbard. Hubbard himself was present, and

was also identified by the witness-thus pro-

ving that he was not dead, but had unfortu-

The second husband (or rather one of the

subsequent husbands) was also present, and

cution, wished to know the circumstances un-

about. The witness Henry W. Smith, was a

schoolmaster. He had first met the prisoner

at an assemblage of spiritualists, on the corner

of Broadway and Lispenard street. She was

a prominent member of the circle, which met

there from time to time, to summon the

world of spirits to their presence and interro-

acquainted with the witness, (a robust, good

looking young man,) and having conceived a

passion for him, set about the work of induc-

ing him to marry her. He heard that she

had former husbands, and wished to know if

they were dead. At the next meeting, she summorand the viole of them from the land of

shad have note of them from the land of shad have any made them all, one after the other of it to the fact that they were dead (in the land give other interesting items as no len' spiritual condition. The young man, being a firm believer in Spiritualism, could not of course, deny such evidence; and

being attracted by the smartness, intelligence

and good looks of the "medium," he mar-

ried her. Not long after, he discovered that

her "Spiritual Manifestations," were lying

manifestations, and that there were three or

four other climants to the possession of his wife, one of whom was black!

This distinguished champion of Irish rights passed down the Valley on his way to New

York from the University, and remained in

Winchester from Saturday till Monday. A

number of our citizens called upon him. An

a public dinner on the Fourth; but his engage

possessed in favor of the people, the capacities, and the institutions of Virginia.

WHIG CONSISTENCY.

Winchester Virginian of Wednesday last.

Robert T. Conrad, who, but a year or two

go, was considered an excellent judge of

good liquor, and notoriously foud of his glass,

as the Temperance candidate at the recent

Richard Vaux, the Democratic candidate,

onld not get a single vote from that quarter, although admitted on all hands to have been

Such is political Temperance. How do the

party, (especially our Democratic friends,) like the entertainment to which they have

been invited by those who have assumed to

hemselves the control of the Temperance

movement? The bargain between the Whigs and Temperance leaders, it is said, was brought about and consummated by ex-Governor Juhnson, who visited Philadelphia about ten days

before the election. What a beautiful Ten

[Lancaster Inte

Bernard, of the Academy of Sciences, of Paris, to be an antidote for the venom of the bite or

.... A hospital for the cure of wooden legs

perance leader he is-in'nt he?

as just been opened in Buffalo.

honest and sincere portion of the Temperance

a sober man all his life!

ction for Mayor of Philadelphia; whilst

der which the last marriage had been brought

swore to his recent marriage with the defend

offence, and taken before Judge Osborne, of

world of partings .- New York Tribune.

in the calaces of marble?

home, to the street, old age and poverty.

pected, and to him painful changes.

the shadows were falling far to the eastward.

novelist to the end of time.

[FROM THE MARTINSDURG GAZETTE.] MY GRAVE. BY ERNST.

Poetry.

When earthly pleasures all have flown,
And Jordan's rolling waves appear,
And Death, with low, sepulchral tone,
Approaches near; Should anxious friends then vainly seek

To calm Life's ebbing flow,
Or chase the crimson from my cheek
Of hectic glow; Let them not mourn my limpless lot, Since they've no power to save;

But make in some sequestered spot,
A quiet grave. There let them lay my shrouded form, On mother earth's green breast; Where 'mid the thunders of the storm, I'll camly rest. Where birds may sing in ivy-bowers,

Around my peaceful tomb; And choicest of sweet-scented flowers Exhale perfume. Where willows bending, as in prayer, Their fair arms gently wave, And with their long disleveled hair, Weep o'er my grave, The murmurs of some flowing stream,

My requiem shall be; While watching stars above me beam Effulgently. In sweet repose, I there shall lie Upon a dreamless bed;
Till trump of God shall rend the sky,
And wake the dead.

Miscellaneous.

GOING, GOING, GONE.

Dr. Mason, two doors East of the Valley Bank, a BOOT AND SHOE ESTABLISHMENT, at which he proposes to furnish to the citizens of Charlestown and the farmers of the surrounding neighborhood, every kind and description of work pertaining to his business, made of the best material and sold on the most accommodating terms. He has just returned from the East, with a choice assortment of BOOTS, Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's SHOES, Gaiters of all kinds, made at the very best shops and the material warranted. He will also manufacture to order, every description of work, and Repairing done at the shortest notice. A call from the public generally is respectfully invited, as his best exertions will be given to render satisfaction to all. GOING, GOING, GONE. been stealing—stealing whole years of care from time, and flinging it to the winds. "But nishes that paper with the following report of a speech made by a California Auctioneer: "Ladies and gentlemen, I now have the honor of putting up a fine pocket handkerchief; had left his home in Utica, New York, and a yard wide, a yard long, and almost a yard gone "down to the sea, and done business on thick; one half cotton, and t'other half cotton, the great waters." And after varied fortoo; beautifully printed with stars and stripes | tunes that brightened at last, he had returned on one side, and the stripes and stars on t'other; to find the old homestead razed to the ground, it will wipe dust from the eyes so completely as to be death to demagogues, and make poli- of which had been known to him. He found tics as bad a business as printing papers; its no brother, no sister to welcome him-but an great length, breadth, and thickness, together old man pointed out his father's grave. It with its dark color will enable it to hide dirt, | was sunken and without a stone to mark where and never need washing, going at one dollar? he lay. Of his mother he could obtain no —seventy-five cents?—fifty cents?—twenty-trace. She had left Utica, long ago, to seek five cents?—one bit? Nobody wants it? Oh! her son in New York, and had never returned.

> "Next, gentlemen, for the ladies won't be permitted to bid on this article, is a real, si- Who can tell by what a painful descent she mon-pure, tempered, highly polished, keenedged Sheffield razor; bran spankin new; never opened before to sun-light, moon-light, star-light, day-light or gas-light; sharp enough to shave a lawyer, or cut a disagreeable ac quaintance, or poor relation; handle of buckhorn; with all the rivets but two at the ends, of pure gold. Who will give two dollars? one dollar? half a dollar? Why ye longbeared, dirty-faced reprobates, with not room enough on your phizzes for a Chinese woman to kiss, I'm off'ring you a bargain at half a dol-lor! Well I will throw in this strop at half a dollar! razor and strap-a recent patent-two rubs upon it will sharpen the city attorney-al for four bits; and a piece of soap-sweeter than roses; lathers better then a school master -and strong enough to wash out all the stains from a California politician's countenance, all for four bits !- Why you have only to put the razor-strop and soap under your pillow at night to wake up in the morning clean shaved-

BLAKE'S PATENT
FIRE PROOF PAINT.
The subscriber has received a large supply of this valuable Paint, which he is prepared to sell at the knew I would sell 'em. "Next, ladies and gentlemen, I offer three pair of socks, hose, stockings or half-hose, just as vou've a mind to call them-knit by annechine made on purpose, out of cotton woolthe man that buys these will be enabled to walk till he gets tired; and, provided his boots | nately "turned up." are high enough, need nt have any corns-the legs are as long as bills against the corporation and as thick as the heads of the members of the Legislature—who wants 'em at half dollar? ant. Mr. Smucker, the council for the prose-

won't abody give two bits then, for the lot? I

-thankee, madam, dollar? "Next, I offer you a pair of boots-made especially for San Francisco, with heels long enough to raise a man up to the Hoadly grades, and nails to insure against being carried over by a land slide; legs wide enough to carry two revolvers and a bowie knife, and the uppers of the very best horse leather. A man in these boots can move about as easy as the State Capitol; who says twenty dollars? All gate them. The prisoner gradually became the tax payers ought to buy a pair, to kick the council with; everybody ought to have a pair to kick the Legislature with-and they will be THE undersigned are now prepared to resume business on the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. They will buy all kinds of GRAIN, and supply Peruvian Guano, Plaster, Salt and Lumber in all its varieties. Now is the time to lay in a supply of Peruvian Guano for Fall use. A delay until the fall would probably again disappoint our farmers in procuring this valuable manure. We require the cash to be paid to us in every instance and then it will be purchased at the lowest prices.

R. S. BLACKRUEN & CO found of assistance in kicking the bucket: especially if somebody should kick at being kicked—ten dollars for legs, uppers and soles? while souls, and miserable souls at that, are bringing twenty thousand dollars in Sacramento! ten dollars! ten dollars !- gone at ten dollars!

"Next is something that you ought to have, gentlemen; a lot of good gallowses,—some-times called suspenders. I know that some of you will after a while be furnished at the State's expense, but you can't tell which one, so buy where they're cheap-all that deserve hanging patronage of their old friends, and from enlarged and superior capacities of accommodation, to receive the visits of many new ones. One of the firm is now in the East, and designs procuring one of the largest and most carefully selected assortment of Goods ever offered in this market, to which the attention of the public generally is most respectfully invited.

BROWN & WASHINGTON.

Charlestown, April 4, 1854. are not supplied with a gallows, if so, there would be nobody to make laws, condemn criminals, or hang culprits, until a new election; made of pure gum elastic-stretch like a judge's conscience,—and last as long as a Cali-fornia office-holder will steal; buckles of pure iron, and warranted to hold so tight that no man's wife can rob him of the breeches; are, in short, as strong, as good, as pefect, as effectual, and as bona-fide as the ordinance against Chinese shops on Dupont street-gone at urgent invitation was made to him to accept

twenty-five cents,"

before the class, I had prepared myself with a poem.' Being rather partial to blank verse,' as the more stately kind of poetry, and as I supposed a good deal easier than rhyme verse, I had written a poem after the manner (a long way, I dare say,) of Bryant's Thanatopsis.-When it came to my turn to read I got up and read off the lines in a full, sonorous voice, and sat down with the conviction that I had made an impression even on the prosy old professor, and should get a handsome com for my pains. The 'Professor,' having looked over the rest of the compositions, and commented on their verbal beauties and defects, as was his custom, came at last to mine, upon which he observed, in a very grave manner, (the old rascal!) Young man, I have no particular fault to find with this essay, except as to your too frequent use of capitals, which you have here put at the beginning of ever line. This, you ought to know, is not per mitted, except in poetry.' The boys laughed, and I-was discouraged from ever at-

tempting poetry again." To constitute a perfect gentleman, the He who would indeed deserve that proud ep thet, must be devout, courteous, and accomplished; gentle, generous, and brave; pur in word and deed, disinterested, philanthropia and, above all, incessant and intrepid in the itably succouring the weak, the lowly and it

INTERESTING AND IMPORTANT DEBATE. U. S. SENATE, June 26th, 1854.

can tell what will "turn up" at the next throw. There are incident and romance The debate, in the Senate, on Monday 26th, when Mr. Rockwell, of Massachusetts, presented the petition for the repeal of the Fugitive Slave Law, was very enough transpiring every day in the streets of New York to furnish material for the poet and animated. Mr. Rockwell was calm. He contended that the movement was caused by the recent action of Congress, and that men heretofore willing to acquiesce in the Compromise of 1850, were now for re-The other day a well dressed gentleman was passing up Broadway. Foreign suns had evidently given to a face once fair, a tinge of pealing the Fugitive Slave Law. He said:

"In regard to the remarks of the honorable Sena-tor from Tennessee, in relation to the effect which the repeal of the fugitive slave law may have even upon the continuance of this Union, I have this to say, bronze, and though nearly half a century might have rolled over his head, yet it had that I will speak here as freely as I would speak under the arches of Faneuil Hall—I say that the time has gone by when anything like a threat of the dissolution of this Union consequent upon the action of the people of the free States, will have any influence upon them."

over her shoulders; her eyes were dim, her hands trembling, and the thin grey hair es-Mr. JONES, of Tennessee, in replying to this, caping from the keeping of a cap guiltless of lace, lay upon her cheeks. The old woman was watching for purchasers, and her eyes

" You talk about the rights of the South, and about trampling upon them, and you say she will submit. It may be that we shall; but may the God of Heaven forever blast me and all mine, if they ever submit to infamy, degradation, and dishonor. Lay not the flattering unction to your souls; she will not do it. You say 'give us iron bands to bind us together. Give us the West give us the South; give us trade; Give us the West; give us the South; give us trade; give us commerce. You have got nearly all, and not satisfied with that, you want our negroes; you want our property; you want to dishoner us; you want to disgrace us; you want a servile war, that our wives and daughters may be degraded and dishonored. Do not make a fuss about this thing. Talk more reasonably. Talk a little more patriotically. Talk about the authority and rights of the country. Give us what the Constitution gives us.
We ask no more. We will give you all that it secures to you. We ask not to encroach upon you, and will never, no, never submit to encroachments

Mr. SUMNER, of Massachusetts, said : "It is true that the slave act was with difficulty executed, and that one of its servants perished in the effort. On these grounds the Senator from Tennessee charges Boston with fanaticism. I express no opinion of the conduct of individuals, but I do say, that the fanaticism which the Senator condemns is not new in Boston. It is the same which opposed the execution of the Stamp Act, and finally secured its repeal. It is the same which opposed the Tea Tax. It is the fanaticism which finally triumphed on Bunker Hill. The Senator says that Boston is filled with traitors. That charge is not new. Boston, of old, was the home of Hancock and Adams. Her traitors now are those who are truly animated by the spirit of the American Revolution. In condemning them, in condemning Massachusetts, in condemning these remonstrants, you simply give a proper conclusion to the utterance on this floor that the Declaration of In-

dependence is 'a self-evident lie." Mr. BUTLER, of South Carolina, replied to Mr. Sumner's speech, and said: "I wish to say in reply to the honorable gentlemen who sits near me, [Mr. Sumner,] when Fanueil Hall was illustrated by eloquence, and immortalized by patriotism; when Otis spoke, and John Hancock act-Who can tell how she watched and waited, ed and John Adams made the declarations which have been so much applauded by the gentlemen, they were the representatives of slaveholding States. They represented Massachussetts as she was—hardy, slaveholding Massachusetts. Sir, when blood was shed upon the plains of Lexington and Concord, in an issue made by Boston, to whom was an appeal made, and from whom was it answered? This anmade, and from whom was it answered? This answer is tound in the acts of slaveholding States—animis opibusque parati. Yes, sir, the independence of America, to maintain republican liberty, was won by the arms and treasure, by the patriotism and good faith, of slaveholding communities.

"Sir, the Senator has chosen to exhibit a good

deal of sensibility upon abstract questions of liberty; but he knows that this Confederacy could not have been formed without a Constitution made by practi-cal statesmen, in which New England entered into a compact with slaveholders. If the sentiments which he entertains now be the general sentiments of Boston and Massachussetts, it is a Commonwealth which ought not to belong to a Confederacy of slaveholders.

That ought to be their feeling. If they cannot associate with us under a common Constitution, let them Further on, in Mr. Butler's speech he said:—
"I have said I am perfectly willing, so far as I am concerned, to let the memorial be referred; but I wish to ask the honorable Senator from Massachusetts who presented it, [Mr. Rockwell,] a question; and I believe from the impression which he made on me to-day, that he will answer it. If we repeal the ugitive slave law, will the honorable Senator tell me that Massachusetts will execute the provision of the Constitution, without any law of Congress? Suppose we should take away all laws, and devolve upon the different States the duties that properly belong to them, I would ask that Senator whether, under the prevalence of public opinion there, Massachusetts would execute that provision as one of the constituional members of this Union? Would they send fu-

pitives back to us after trial by jury, or any other mode? Will this honorable Senator [Mr. Sumner] tell me that he will doit." Mr. SUMNER. "Does the honorable Senator ask Mr. SUMNER. "Does the honorable Senator ask
me if I would personally join in sending a fellow
man into bondage? 'Is thy servant a dog, that he
should do this thing?'"

Mr. BUTLER. "These are the prettiest speeches
that I ever heard. [Laughter.] He has them turned down in a book by him, I believe, and he has
them so elegantly fixed that I cannot reply to them.

[Laughter.] They are too delicate for my use. [Renewed laughter.] They are beautiful things; made in a factory of rhetoric, somewhat of a peculiar shape. But, I must be permitted to say, not of a definite texture. Now what does he mean by talking about his not being a dog? [Continued laughter.] What has that to do with the Constitution or the corstitutional obligations of a State? [Laughter.] Well, sir, it was a beautiful sentiment, no doubt, as he thought, and perhaps he imagined he expressed it with Demosthenian abruptness and eloquence.— [Laughter.] I asked him whether he would execute the Constitution of the United States without any fu-gitive slave-law, and he answered, is he a dog____" Mr. SUMNER. "The Senator asked me if I would help to reduce a fellow man to bondage ?- I answer-

Mr. BUTLER. "Then you would not obey the Constitution. Sir, (turning to Mr. Sumner,) standing here before this tribunal, where you swore to support it, you rise and tell me that you regard it the office of a dog to enforce it. You stand in my presence, as a co-equal Senator, and tell me that it is a dog's office to execute the Constitution of the United

Mr. PRATT. "Which he has aworn to support."
Mr. SUMNER. "I recognize no such obligation." Mr. BUTLER, "I know you do not. But novedy cares about your recognitions as an individual; but as a Senator and a constitutional representative, you stand here differently related to this body. But

Mr. MASON. I wish to inquire if a motion has been made to refer this petition?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The pending question is on the motion to refer it to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Air. MASON. I desire most respectfully to know

from what quarter that motion came? What honorable Senator uade the motion?

M PRITT. The honorable senator from Massa-dignity of the Senate, but of the whole peop'e, tri-fled with in the presence of the American Sena'e, either ignorantly or corruptly—I do not know which, nor do I care. Sir, that Senator said that the law for the reclamation of fugitive slaves denied to a citizen the privilege of the habeas corpus, which was secured to him by the Constitution. I repeat, such a declaration in reference to that law was made either ignorantly or corruptly for corrupt

made, either ignorantly or corruptly, for corrupt purposes. There is nothing like it in the law. The law does not deny the privilege of the habeas corpus; and if it did, it would have been a dead letter.

Why, sir, the experience under the law is, that the habeas corpus issues, and there is nothing in the law which says to the contrary; and yet the Senator discharging what I suppose, he considers his habeas corpus issues, and there is nothing in the law which says to the contrary; and yet the Senator, discharging what, I suppose, he considers his duty to those who sent him here, has had the temerity to declare that this law violated the Constitution in refusing the habeas corpus. Sir, this writ is to inquire only into the legality of the detention, and the law so recognizing it bases its provisions only upon the question of the legality of the detention; and if it is proved that the fugitive was held to service, or labor, and did escape; whether justly so held or no, under the Constitution, he is to be returned whence he escaped. Sir, the proof establishes the legality of the arrest and detention, and is an answer to the writ of habeas corpus; and in this the fugitive slave law does not depart from the policy regulating the administration of all penal law.—One arrested as a fugitive from justice is entitled, on his arrest, to a habeas corpus—for what? To determine whether he committed the offense with which he was charged, at the place whence he escaped? Certainly not; but to determine only whether he was so charged in proper form of law to authorize his detention until a trial could be had; and proof that he was so charged is then, also, an answer to be habeas corpus, and he must be remanded without inquiring whether the charge is true or false.

know something of his associations there from his language here. Sir, he has denounced a gentleman from Virginia who goes under the protection of the Constitution, and the sanction of the law into his State, to reclaim his property. He has the boldness to speak here of such a man as "a slave hunter from Virginia was a slave hunt Virginia." Sir, my constituents need no vindication from me from such a charge, coming from such a quarter. The Senator from Massachusetts, in th use of such vulgar language here, betrays the vulgarity of his associations at home; and shall it be tolerated in the American Senate? Yes, sir, a gentleman from the South, who goes under the protection of that Constitution which the Senator has sworn to support, and which he just now declared he would be a dog to execute or to recognize; a gentleman from Virginia who goes to his State under the protection of the Constitution and the sanction of the law, to reclaim his property, may be subject to vulgar denunciation, but only by vulgar

Mr. President, I differ from the honorable Senator from South Carolina, [Mr. Butter,] who said, as I understood him, that this law had not done its office. Sir, it has done its office. To be sure, there are instances where it has been violated by brutal mobs, as there are instances of other laws being anded by brayery as signed by brate free. evaded by knavery, or silenced by brute force; but I say the law has done its office well, done it on a recent memorable occasion in the very city of Massachusetts which the Senator claims so worthily to represent; but the enlightened patriotism of most of whose citizens, I believe, think of him as I do.—In that city, within the last fortnight, it has done its office, and done it in the presence of a mob, which that Senator and his associates roused and inflamed to the very verge of treason, subjecting them to traitors' doom, while he and his associates sat here and kept themselves aloof from danger. Yes, sir, it was executed under these circumstances, and executed cuted by that power that is bound to execute it-the Government of the whole United States. Mr. President, I did not think I could have been

drawn into a debate on this subject. I should not have engaged in it but that I thought it right to vindicate the law from the misconstruction which was placed on it by the honorable Senator, before the country, in reference to the habeas corpus. But, sir, I may say neither that law nor any other law could require vindication from attacks made by one mad enough to announce to the American Senate and the American people, that although the Constitution provides that fugitives from service shall be surrendered up, he would recognize himself as a dog were he to execute that provision. He has said dog were he to execute that provision. He has said so in the presence of that American Senate who witnessed his oath to support, protect, and defend that same Constitution, and his appeal to his God to witness the truth and sincerity of his purpose.—Why, sir, am I speaking of a famatic, one whose reason is dethroned! Can such a one expect to make impressions upon the American people from his vapid, vulgar declamation here, accompanied by a declaration that he would violate his oath now recently taken? cently taken?

Well, sir, that Senator attempted to institute a comparison between the Stamp Act resisted by our common ancestry and resistance to the fugtive slave law. Sir, he was well answered by the honorable and distinguished Senator from South Carolina, were slaveholders. I cannot believe he represents them now, although they are slaveholders no longer. Sir, I think I might venture upon the office of vindicating his own people from the aspersions their representative has cast on them. Let the Honorable Senator remember that he says he would be a dog to surrender a fugitive slave, although the Constitution imposes the duty on his State, and he has sworn

Let me recall him to that page in our history which shows that, by the vote of Massachusetts, and the other New England States, the interdict was placed in this very Constitution against prohibiting the African slave trade. Sir, the New England States at that day, with Massachusetts at their head, knowing that the first act of the American Congress would be to prohibit the African slave trade, voted, all of them, to take that power from Congress, so as to continue the slave trade for twenty years after its adoption, and up to the year 1808. These are the adoption, and up to the year 1808. These are the people whom he dares now to say, before the American Senate, would be deprayed, and sit fil, and mean, and odious, and dogs, if they recognized even the existence of slavery! What more did they do? Why, sir, they enjoyed that trade, as the carriers of the slaves from Africa, through those twenty years for which they had stipulated in the Constitution. They brought the slaves over, and within a recent period suits have been brought in southern States on bonds executed on the purchase of slaves from these very

New England slave importers.

Now, Mr. President, I believe the Senate will agree with me that, unworthy as the occasion may be, it is difficult to be silent; yet, I confess, I almost feel that I owe an apology to the Senate for having spaken in this debate. I know I shall owe an apology to those who sent me here for noticing it from such a quarter

who sent me here of noting it from such a quarter and in such a presence.

Mr. PETTIT. I have lived to witness to-day what I had hoped I should not live to witness. I had hoped that the silent clod would have covered me before I should hear fall from the lips of a Senator who had sworn to support the Constitution of the United States, an avowal that he would not support it: an avowal that he disregarded all such ob

ligations, that it was as dross with him.

Mr. President, I have no objection to the reception, or the proposed reference of this petition. I have always maintained the unlimited right of the people to memorialize or petition Congress in any form, for any object that might be constitutionally acted upon here. That we may constitutionally repeal, or modify the existing, or any other fugitive slave law, there can be no doubt. That the law as it is, is constitutional, I entertain no doubt. That we have the constitutional power to make it less rigid, or more rigid, or to abrogate it entirely, there can be no question. The proposed reference of the pe-tition is, I think the legitimate one. However ready I may be to say that I would not grant the prayer of a petition which is sent here, I cannot be induced to throw the least barrier in the way of the reception and proper reference of any petition in re-

gard to any subject upon which we may constitu-tionally and legitimately act.

Nay, sir, I go further. I believe that to-day, if the people of Massachusetts, or the people of any other portion of this country, should send in a petition, and it should be laid upon your table, and its reference moved to the Judiciary Committee, of which I have the honor to be a nember, praving that this body should expel a member who had sworn to support the Constitution—the sacred bond of our Union—and in our faces, in open Senate, had disowned it, and positively asserted that he would not enforce it, I should vote for its reception, I should vote for its reference, but I will not say how I should report on it, though I am inclined to think I should report in favor of granting their prayer and

expelling that member.

Sir, Senators are not to be tolerated here who, openly and boldly, in the face of the country and of the Senate, say that they would violate their oaths. Sir, [addressing Mr. SUMNER,] in stepping to that desk, laying your hand upon the Gospel of God, swearing that you would support the Constitution and placing the book to your line, giving seal and and placing the book to your lips, giving seal and and placing the book to your lips, giving seal and assurance that your heart as well as your lips acquiesced in what you said, you made no reservation of any clause, any article, any section, any line, or any word. No mental reservation could be allowed.—You swore that you would support all and singular, each and every part from beginning to end, the commencing and the ending exclusively; and you now in the face of your peers—peers, did I say, I hate to use the word—are the first in the Senate of the United States to openly declare you would violate the oath you have taken, and the bond of Union your ancestors made for you.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator will address the Chair.

Mr. PETTIT. I am certainly not out of order. I uld be willing to receive and refer it, and if referred to my committee, I should be willing to act on it, though I will not say how I would act. It is suggested to me that he could not have taken his seat if he had made such a reservation at the time of taking the oath, and that he ought not to hold it after he makes the reservation. Mr. President, I should have taken no part in this

discussion, but for a reference made to me by the Senator from Massachusetts, an allusion understood by every Senator, and by the country. I have not uttered here or elsewhere anything to retract. I have nothing to withdraw. "I never tread backwards," but always go onward, unless I meet a barrier that stops me. That Senator has said that if those things

but always go onward, unless I meet a harrier that stops me. That Senator has said that if those things go on, it will become a common saying, as it has already been said on this floor, that the Declaration of Independence is a self-evident lie.

Mr. President, let me for a moment turn you to that clause of the Declaration of Independence to which reference is made. What is it? "We hold these truths to be, self-evident, that all men are created equal?"—not born equal, as many say and as many state it in the newspaper—"that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness." In a speech which I made here some time ago, upon the Nebraska bill, I said that the construction put upon this clause of the Declaration of Independence by the Abolitionists of the country, made it a self-evident lie instead of a self-evident truth. From that position I do not withdraw, but I boldly assert it again.

Sir, Mr. Jefferson, in penning that instrument, was not talking about individuals; he was not talking of the Senator or his progenitors from Massachusetts; he was not talking about the white or black race, the Caucasian of African race; but he was talking about aggregated, congregated bodies, collections,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, CARDS, LANKS, CHECKS, HANDBILLS, LABELS, &c. OFFICE OF SPIRIT OF JEFFEI

n no other light did Jefferson ever dream that h was speaking in that portion of the Declaratio Will you say to me that Mr. Jefferson, himse slaveholder, the descendant of a European, wistultify himself by saying his African slave, who born his slave, created his slave, begotten his alwho was his slave during the whole course of getion, was created his, Jefferson's equal? He in dreamed of such a thing.

Sir, the Senator named an African who was among the first that was slain in the contest for freedom in the streets of Boston. I will not pretend to say whether that African was the superior of the Senator from Massachusetts, or the Senator his superior of the senator from Massachusetts, or the Senator his superior of the senator from Massachusetts, or the Senator his superior of the senator from Massachusetts, or the Senator his superior of the senator from Massachusetts, or the Senator his superior of the senator from Massachusetts, or the Senator his superior of the senator from Massachusetts, or the Senator his superior of the senator from Massachusetts, or the Senator his superior of the senator from Massachusetts, or the Senator his superior of the senator from Massachusetts, or the Senator his superior of the senator from Massachusetts, or the Senator his superior of the senator from Massachusetts, or the Senator his superior of the senator from Massachusetts, or the Senator his superior of the senator from Massachusetts, or the Senator his superior of the senator from Massachusetts, or the Senator his superior of the senator his superior his superior his superior his superior his superior his superior his su ior; but they were not, in my judgment, equals ife or equals in death. They were not harmonic and beautiful in life, nor will they be equally beau

ful in death.

Now, sir, to give this clause of the Declaration of Independence any other construction than that which I have given it, is an evident, a salf-evident, a palpable lie. What is the language? That "all men are created equal." Are they created equally tall equally broad, equally long, equally short? Are they created politically equal? Are they created montally equal? Are they created montally equal? Are they created montally equal? I say in no one of these several instances are all men created equal. You cannot go beyond the moment when they first respire their native air. At that time you see presented to you the imbecile in mind, weak in body, dwarf in size; while, beside him the same day's birth, you see power, greatness, strength, wisdom, and beauty. In no one instance, therefore, is there perfect equality among men, if you regard them as individuals. As nations, as collections of men, they have a right to perfect equality as to the formation of their government, and the rights and domestic duties that shall be established among them. I ask that Senator—you, who to-day have stultified yourself—you who have said that the solemn oath which you took at that stand administered by the President of this body upon the holy Evangelists of God, kissing the book, giving seal and sanction to your asservation—you, who have said to-day that you would spit upon that oath, would disregard its obligations—Mr. SUMNER. Never! never!

Mr. PETTIT. You, who denied it; denied its power to bind you; you, who said you would not maintain the Constitution of the United States—Mr. SUMNER. I said I recognized no obligation in the Constitution of the United States to hind me Now, sir, to give this clause of the Declara

Mr. SUMNER. I said I recognized no obligation in the Constitution of the United States to bind me to help to reduce a man to slavery.

Mr. PETTIT. I ask you, do you claim to be the equal of you revolutionary sires?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator must address the Chair, not the Senator from Massachu-

Mr. PETTIT. I ask the Chair then, whether the Senator from Massachusetts, with this odium on his lips, is the equal of his revolutionary sires? I do not know that he had any properly speaking, but I take it in a State point of viewing. Is he the equal of Adams, of Harrick, of Warren, who was the marty in the great cause of liberty, of freedom and union, whose blood was the first to cement the union of these States on Bunker's hill, to which he has referred? Are you the equal of those men? Is he, sir, the equal of these men? I had rather ask you, Mr. President for I think you would answer "no," and he might

answer "yes."
Now, Mr. President, I come down to later times. There is no distinction between moral, physical, political, and mental equality, if you take the language literally as it reads. I ask that Senator, then, or lask you, sir, whether that Senator is the equal of the here long years ago—and it would have been well for the country if he had remained here in his seat to this day? Is that Senator the equal, mentally, morally, physically, or religiously, of that deceased and illustrious man? When will the Senator get to himself the proud reputation of "Expounder of the Constitution," "the Godlike Daniel," the mighty giant intellect of Webster? He will get to himself. Constitution," "the Godlike Daniel," the grant interiect of webster? He will get to himsely, instead, the odious, withering, blighting and blistering name of "contemner and despiser of the Constitution, who refused to maintain, support, and endorse it." Does that Senator pretend to say that mentally, there is no difference? You might as well interpolate "mentally" as "politically." You might as well say that all men are created mentally equal as to say that all men are created politically eq. Neither of those words is in it; and therefore, olies as much to mental as it does to political equal-

plies as much to mental as it does to political equality.

Sir, men come to the earth, they make their appearance upon it, with mental powers, but with no political rights, and I may therefore say with more propriety that Jefferson intended to say they were created mentally instead of politically equal. At the earliest creation there are evidences of mentality without any political rights whatever. Then is the Senator the equal of Webster, who has left a name, a monument, and a fame, I will not say unsurpassable, but unequaled in strength, and power, and durability by any other American Senator? I believe that as a mere mental man—and I speak of him in no other capacity—Webşier had not his equal on this continent, if he had in Europe, or upon any other continent. Is that Senator his equal? He might as well say that the jackal is the equal of the lion, or that the buzzard is the equal of the eagle.

When you, sir [addressing Mr. Sunars] find no man beneath you; when those who are near you—your own class of men—can find no man Leneath you when you shall claim as your equal the man who rolls in the gutter, whom God has deprived in his own organization and creation of all mental power and capacity; when you shall claim that he who wallows in the gutter with the vilest and most worthless is your equal, than your interpretation of the doctrine is true. Let me go further. If the Almighty even intended to create the Senator the equal with the mighty and lamented Webster, I must be allowed to say that He made a gross blunder and a most egregious mistake. How, then, is it that men are all equal, and are created equal? When we first see them, they are unequal. They pave not equal political rights? Then be says that the serf of the Autocrat of Russia is his equal in everything and he is the serf's equal. If so they ought to change stations, perhaps. I say they are not equal, and were not created equal. perhaps. I say they are not equal, and were not

crented equal.

Was that Senator, created a free-born citizen of Massachusetts, created as such a member of this great. Republic and Confederation, and yet was he created no more than equal with the southern slave upon a southern plantation? Was be created precizely equal with the most ignorant of the ignorant hordes that inhabit any portion of the habitable globe?—Was he created only equal with the veriest and lowest serfs of the Emperor Nicholas? When the time shall come when he avows that there is no degradation no weakness of intellect, no physical, mural, ation, no weakness of intellect, no physical, mural or mental development beneath his own, then he may assert the truth of his dogma and his declaration may assert the truth of his dogma and his declaration. Sir, I am inclined to believe that, in a moral point of view, that Senator cannot find one beneath himself, taking his own declaration to-day. He who will swear here in this body, appealing to God for the truth of what he says, to support the Constitution of the Union, and then boldly proclaim that he will not do it, has sunk in my estimation, to a depth of humiliation and degradation which it would not be enviable for the veriest serf or the lowest of God's creation to occupy. It may be in that point of view the Senator regards all others as his equal; but there are some who are no willing to regard that Senetor are some who are no willing to regard that Senetor as their equal, and who will never be coerced into

Mr. DIXON obtained the floor, but yielded at the solicitation of several Senators; and The Senate adjourned.

THE CHOLESA. -

As there is a probability that the Cholera may visit the country, generally, during the summer, we annex two recipes to check it in its incipient stages. We say incipient, because, if not checked in time, there is no medium or power on earth to check it. The first recipe is obtained from coroner Hilton who used it with the greatest success in 1832, '34, and in '49. It was also largely used with the same success by our City Inspector, Mr. Downing. The recipe costs from six shillings to a dollar—and must be prepared by a regular Chemist or Apothecary.—New York Courier:

Recipe for Premonlary Symptoms of Cholera.

Tincture Opium, 3 drachms.

Tincture Capsicum, 2 drachms.

Tincture Rhubarb, Aromatic 2 oz. Tincture Cardamon Compound 1; oz. Spirits Champhor, 2 drachms. Essence Cloves, 1; drachm.

Aqua Amona, I drarum.

Essence Peppermint, 1 oz.

Chloric Æther ½ oz.

Mix rogether, and add, of Bi-Carbonate Potash,

I drachm, dissolve in ½ ounce of water.

Take ½ to a tea-spoonful in two or three table

spoonsful of water. This may be repeated every
half or two or three hours, as may be required.

The following recipe is by Dr. Dillon, of Pearl

street:
Compound tincture of cardemons, 3 ounces.
Tincture of opium, 2 drachms.
Dotto of Cayenne punper, 2 do.
Sulphuric æther, 3 do.
Cinnamon water, 5 cunces.
One table spoonful to be 1 ken, mixed with two table spoonsful of water, with a nittle loar sugar, every 15 minutes, for three doses, which will generally be sufficient to check vomiting in the inciplent stage of cholera, or cholera morbus; it may be resumed, and the three doses repeated in one hour after the first doses are administered.

The shore regime was successful in thirty cases

The above recipe was successful in thirty cases out of thirty two, since the commencement of Cholera. It cost from three to four York shi Singulas Case of Lockyaw.—We less orristows: (Pa.) Watchman, that a she person by the name of Joseph Dettra wy Mr. Wampole, of Towamenies in the



CHARLESTOWN:

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 41, 1854.

ANOTHER FEARFUL RAILROAD COLLISION. We publish this morning the detalls of another of those appalling railroad collisions whose recitals send a thrill of horror through every frame. The accident, as will be seen, occurred on the Susquehanna road not far from Baltimore, and was caused by the inexpected collision of an express train, with one filled with excurtionists. That which caused the destruction of life to be even more terrible than it might otherwise have been, was that one of the trains was being pushed along, whilst the other had the engine in front as usual. This caused the engine to be driven with immense violence into the coaches of the opposite train, producing of course, the most disastrons results in crushing and mangling the

PROGRESS OF THE CHOLERA. There were 350 deaths in Cincinnati last month including forty-five from cholers. The epidemic has broken out a second time at Shepherdsville, Kentucky, and nineteen persons have died. The place is now nearly deserted. Nashville is nearly free of cholera. At Toledo, Ohio, it is said to be raging most fearfully, carrying off ten or fifteen persons each day. At a small village opposite Toledo, twentyseven deaths had occurred up to Sunday evening .-Mrs. Charles B. Buckhardt, a sister of Mrs. Brough, of musical celebrity, died of cholera in New York,

SETTLEMENT OF KANSAS.

A letter in the St. Louis Republican, dated Whitebead, Kansas territory, June 26th, says that thousands of emigrants from Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, and Missouri, have already arrived in that territory, and thousands are still pouring in, the lands for from ten to twenty miles back, having been, with but few exceptions, claimed by squatters. The writer gives the proceedings of a meeting of these settlers, at which a Squatter Association was formed to make provision for deciding upon disputed claims, &c. Resolutions were adopted, precisely similar to those passed at the squatter meeting held at Salt Creek trading house. Among them were resolutions to afford no protection to abolitionists as citizens of the territory, recognizing the institution of slavery as already existing in the territory, and recommending slaveholders to introduce their "property" as early as possible. A Vigilance Committee was anpointed, and also five "delegates to the General Territorial Convention, to be held at Salt Creek, on the 4th day of July." Of what character this Convention is expected to be, no mention is made.

ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS. Through the kindness and courtesy of W. P. FAH-SETY, Esq., of the State Department, (with whom we hope to cultivate a more intimate acquaintance,) Documents-Andrews' Report on the Colonial and Lake Trade, together with the superb and comprebensive Maps accompanying it, is one among the most important Documents of the country.

BARN BURNED. The barn of Mr. Wm. D. North, near Mill Creek, we regret to learn, was struck by lightning and burned down on Wednesday last, and 15 or 20 tons of hay and some harness destroyed. In the same place about two years ago, the barn of Mr. North was consumed, having been set on fire by some one shooting and at that time he lost his horses and farming implements.-Martinsburg Republican.

IMr. North has but recently removed from this county to Berkeley, and as this is the second time his barn has been burned, he has been most peculiarly unfortunate. At the recent fire he was able only to save his stock by the most unwearied exertions, whilst all his hay and other provender was entirely consumed.]

THE FISCAL YEAR 1858-4. The revenue for the year ending 30th June last is estimated to amount to nearly 75 millions of dollars, being fourteen millions more than that of the fiscal

year 1852-3. The year that has just closed, it is said, has not been a bright one in Wall street. The stringency in the money market which began last October has never ceased to operate since that time; the lulls have been of short duration and a deceptive character; and the whole tendency of securities have been downwards for the last nine months. Yet in the face of this notorious state of things, the Herald states there was an importation at the port of New York, of \$191,000,000 against \$165,000,000 last year-an increase of twenty-seven millions.

CROPS IN FRANCE.

According to the last accounts from France, the weather has been very unfavorable for the growing wheat crops. Early in the spring, the prospect was very promising, and an unusual yield was anticipated. But afterwards, the weather became cold, and the rains excessive—such continued to be the case down to the 12th of June-the last dates.

AFFLICTING EVENT.

We are pained to learn from the "Young American," published at Benton, Alabama, of the following accident, by which DANIEL C. SNYDER, the son of the late David Snyder of this county, broke his leg. This young gentleman was at one time connected with our office, but having devoted the last several years to merchandizing, he is now enjoying a lucrative and profitable position at the South, with the confidence and respect of all who have his acquaintance in his new home. The " American" says:

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—Early vesterday morning, while two young gentlemen of this place, Mr. Wm. LYMAK and D. C. SNYDER, were riding out in a buggy, the horse attached suddenly took fright and run away. Whilst he was running the latter gentleman jumped out, breaking his leg above the cap of the knee. It will not have to be amputated, so our physicians tell us. Mr. S. is a young man universally esteemed and beloved by all, and no one sympathises more deeply than we do in this sad ac-dent which has unfortunately befaller him.

65-A great abuse is the "personal explanation" matter in Congress. General Houston occupied the floor of the Senate, on Saturday, in vindication of his character from some aspersions cast upon it by ex-Commodore E. W. Moore, of the Texas navv, in a communication published in the Richmond Examiner, and endorsed by the editor, who has since been appointed on a foreign mission. In the course of his remarks, he gave a historical account of various circomstances which took place when he was President of the republic of Texas. Without meaning any offence, we think that the Senate's time was but poorly employed in listening to the quarrels of Senator Houston and Com. Moore. Mr. H. should have been told to go elsewhere with his "personal explana-

fo-Mr. Gerritt Smith publishes in the N Era a letter addressed to his constituents, announcing his intention to resign his seat in Congress at the close of the present session. Mr. Smith, according to Washington gossip, has gone over to the filli-busters, body and soul, declaring for their whole policy. He made a speech in favor of acquiring Cuba, slavery or no slavery.

Connecticut is "capping the climax," in fanaticism and folly. The Senate of that State has just passed an act forbidding the use of the jails of the Commonwealth for the custody of fugitive slaves, and another act is before the same body, inflicting a fine of \$5,000 upon any person who shall fail to prove a valid claim to a fugitive slave he may

(7-The Glasgow (Mo.) Times of Thursday last, in an article on the emigra ion to Kansas, says :-"Private letters state that about ten thousand people are on the move. Five hundred crossed over at Weston last Saturday, and about the same humber on Sunday, while the roads are filled with people all bound for new Territories. A determined effort is to be made to introduce slavery into Kansas, while there is a general disposition to let Nebraska be

OF The Bank of the Valley has declared a sem al dividend of 51 per cent-5 per cent being to the stockholders: \$5,832.24 have been add-

d to the surplus fund. he dwelling of Mr. Charles Grant, on Back y county, Virginia, was destroyed by

been favored for the last few nights at "Jefferson Hall," (Spirit Building,) with some rare and interesting dramatic performances, by the celebrated corps inder the direction of Mr. Romsson, himself the embodiment of fun, and the best living representation of Yankeedom, raised South of Mason & Dixon's line, Mrs. Thorpe and Sophie Romason acquit themselves with the greatest credit in every charac ter assumed, whilst the latter is regarded as one among the most graceful and captivating Danseus of the day, Mr. Newton and Thorpe have long been on the boards of some of the best Theatres of the country, whilst Master Hendenson, gives promise of fature distinction in his profession. The Company's stay in the town will not be prolonged over the week, and our country friends should avail themselves of the opportunity of seeing an exhibition so rarely to be witnessed in the country. The Bill to-night is a rich one, and a large audience will go doubt be in attendance.

A YOUTHFUL SPEAKER. We are gratified to learn by a letter from Win chester, that Lewis s little son of Mr. Geo. P. Dooley of this town, only in the 9th year of his age, delivered an address or two before the Sunday Schools of

that town, which elicited the very highest commendation. Our correspondent says: "The audience was a very large one, and the admirable position which he assumed in his delivery, his enunciation his proportion of feeling to the subject, with a dignified bearing, was highly commended, not only by myself, but, by gentlemen of intellectual capacity, who were present, and who pronounced all three of his addresses, to have been delivered in a most masterly manner, by one so young."

INTERESTING DEBATE.

We publish on our first page a most interesting and in some respects a quite important debate in the U. S. Senate, in which Senators Mason, Butler, Jones and Pettit, almost flay alive the arch Abolitionist and treasonable Demagogue fron Massa chusetts, Mr. Sumner. We hope our readers one and all may read this discussion, to see to "what condition we have come at last,"

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATION.

We publish in another column, an account of the Celebration on the 4th by the Methodist Sabbath School, in which a portion of the other schools of the town participated. It was one among the most interesting and pleasurable exhibitions we have ever witnessed, and made our hearts leap with joy, at the buoyancy of youth and the innocence of childhood which was pictured in the faces of most of those in attendance. The addresses were of a high order, (though by far too long for the occasion,) many some of which we expect hereafter to furnish some interesting extracts. We never before had the pleasure of seeing the old war-horse of the Whigs, Andrew HUNTER, Esq., engaged in a more agreeable and profitable business, than addressing the little children, with the fervor and eloquence of which he is so happily the embodiment.

BANK OF THE VALLEY IN VIRGINIA Directors for the Current Year. AT WINCHESTER-CAPITAL \$410,000.

Appointed by Executive.
Jacob Baker, Elected by Stockholders. Thomas A. Tidball, Lloyd Logan, Williem Miller, Hugh H. Lee, George W. Ward, Lewis A. Miller. A. S. Baldwin. AT LEESBURG-CAPITAL \$170,000. John Janney, George Rust, Henry T. Harrison. Joshua Pusev, Wm. H. Gray, Robert W. Gray. AT CHARLESTOWN-CAPITAL \$180,000. Thomas Griggs, Gerard D. Moore, Nathan S. White,

Thomas Ratherford Wells J. Hawks.* George B. Beall.* AT ROMNEY-CAPITAL \$130 000. Garrett J. Blue. John B. White, James Parsons, Michael Miller, Adam Stump. Garrett W. Blue.*

AT MOOREFIELD-CAPITAL \$100,000. Thomas Maslin. Gabriel T. Barbee. Abraham A. Inskeer. G. V. Cunningham Wm. S. Cur nincham George A. Shepherd. Garrett Vanmeter, AT STAUNTON-CAPITAL \$200,000.

Kenton Harper, Wm. H. Harman, John Brandeburg, N. K. Trout, Jefferson Kinney, Robert G. Bickle.* J. B. Breckenridge,* AT CHRISTIANSBURG-CAPITAL \$125,000,

which \$25,000 is slock and 100,000 a part of surplus fund. David Wade, A. P. Eskridge, Rice D Montague, James P. Edmundson William Wade.*

The asterisks (*) indicate new directors. The banking capital of the mother bank and branches, it will be seen, amounts to \$1,315,000, being about one-twelfth of the banking capital of the State. The current year commenced with the second Wednesday in May last and ends at the same day next

VIRGINIA PATENTS.

Virginians are beginning to exhibit a determination to have a share of the patents issued at Washington. The following occur in the lists for last month: Robert M. Wade, of Wadesville, for improved lubricator; Washington F. Pagett, of Stone Bridge, for mprovement in harrows; Wm. B. Johnson, of Stanon, for improvement in seed planters; Waitman Davis, of Morgantown, for improvement in seed planter; Isaac R. Shank, of Buffalo, for improved lath machine; John Henry, of Lynchburg, for improvement in cast iron car-wheels; Elisha S. Snyder, of Charlestown, reissue for impoved mill stone dress patented Feb. 10, 1846.

THE WHEELING BRIDGE.

The destruction of the great suspension bridge a Wheeling is a serious loss to the traveling community as well as to the citizens. The hurricane which destroyed it in May last seems to have had a wide range, having done much damage further West. The idea of a tunnel under the river, for the railroad, has been suggested as a safer and better improvement than the bridge; and as there is nothing at the present day beyond the skill and enterprise of American mechanics, we shall not be surprised to find the suggestion followed.

BANK OF WINCHESTER.

The directors for the present year were elected on Monday week, as follows: Robt. Y. Conrad, Hugh Sidwell, Wm, L. Bent, Geo. W. Ginn, N. W. Rich ardson, J. Godfrey Miller, Jas. H. Burgess, Robi Steele, Thomas D. Campbell. The last two are new directors. Mr. Conrad is President. The bank has been removed to the new building on Loudoun street, opposite Dorsey & Bowly's apothecary store. A semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent, has been de-

05- We have received the first number of the great eastern story "The Ressian Spy" by Frederick Du. mont, Esq., which is now being published in the Star Spangled Banner." The incidents of the romance are drawn from the recent scenes of strife, such as the battle of Oltenitza, the massacre of Shoper the seige of Silistria, and other stirring events of the the Russo-Turkish war. The whole is invested with an interest rarely to be found in the most exciting works of fiction and is destined to become vastly popular with the reading masses. The Banner is published by T. H. Peabody, 130 Washington street, Boston. Single copies \$2,00 per year; two copies \$3,00 per year; a club of twenty names can receive the paper for \$20,00.

03-The Clergy of Connecticut are out against the Nebraska Bill along with the rest of their officious brethren of New England. The following is a specimen of the "pious train of thought" in which they indulge. We quote from one of their resolutions-"That, as ministers of Christ and as watchmen for sculs, we are required to sound an alarm in God's holy mountain, against the extension of organized and systematized oppression; and that we entreat our fellow ministers and our brethren throughout our common country to pray earnestly against this. wickedness, and to conjoin with prayer all right, prompt, combined and energetic action."

We fear they are expending their prayers in the wrong quarter. If they would pray more for themselves and less for negroes it might profit them much more in the next world.

for The harvest in Clarke county has been an abundant one, as usual. The ravages of the fly and the joint worm were not very great in extent.

A SHEEP KILLER.-A very large eagle was shot in Sussex county, Virginia, a few days since, on the farm of Mr. Joseph T. Mason, of Petersburg. The Express states that for some time this bird had been playing sad havoc with Mr. Mason's lambs, having killed seventeen in all. No part of the flesh of the lambs was eaten, but an incision was made into their throats and the blood sucked from them until the animals

SHARWONDALE SPRINGS, NEAR CHARDESTOWN Jefferson county, Va., July 10th, 1854. My DEER BELLER: We are here during this inte hot weather, reclining under the cooling shades e beautiful grove of forest trees, contiguous to the place; and although we have suffered somewh m the excessive heat, we notice that in our nativ city, (Baltimore,) the thermometer has stood some and 10 degrees higher than it did here.

We had on Saturday night last a brilliant displaof Fire-works, which was accompanied by swee strains of music in very appropriate airs from the Co-

When we observed the enormous height to which the meteor like rockets ascended, we were forcibly r minded of the various Generals and their nob achievements in the war of 1812; and especially o the author of the "Star-Spangled Banner," wh

"Bombs bursting in air and the rockets red glare, Gave proof through the night that our flag was sti happy and comfortable visiters of the place, enjoye themselves by dancing and promenading until a pro

per time had arrived for retirement. It is now understood that the regular Balls for th season, will take place on the evening of Wednesda in each week, at which time at this rural retreat, w expect to have an unusual assemblage of the fashio able and beautiful of the eastern cities as well a from our own and the adjoining counties.

BALTIMORE FEMALE COLLEGE. The Annual Commencement of this Institution to

place on Friday evening the 30th ult. Among the graduates of this County, we notice the names of the following ladies :- Miss Julia Look Like of Shepherdstown, the daughter of Mr. Jarob Line; Mis MARY VIRGINIA WAUGH, of Elk Branch, and the daughter of the late Dr. J. B. Wangh : and Miss Er LEN LEE TOWNER of Shepherdstown, and daughter of Benjamin T. Towner, Esq.

This School is under the direction of Professor C. Brooks, one among the first literary men of ou country, no less than a most laborious and success ful teacher. His Institute is located in a most agree able and healthy part of the City, and is liberally patronized by the most discriminating citizens of Baltimore. The "Salutatory Oration," by Miss WAUGH, and the" Wonders of Art," by Miss LINE, are said by those who were present, to have been productions of great merit, and delivered before the immense concourse who were in attendance, in the finest style. A correspondent has sent us the follow-

BALTIMORE FEMALE COLLEGE. MR. Epiron:-It is but due to this favorite and purishing Institution to give at least a brief notice of their late annual commencement. In passing through the Monuniettal city, a week or two since, among the many places of interest, we were attracted to the commencentent of the above named College, and right well pleased were we, among the many relatives and friends of the young ladies, to witness the granging of the ground ladies.

ness the exercises of the evening. Among the number we recognize some from old Jefferson. Miss Mary Virginia Waugh, daughter of the late Dr. J. B. Waugh, we are proud to say, acquitted herself wit great credit in delivering the salutatory address, an was deservedly applauded by the audience, and ou merous boquets showered upon her.

After the reading of the different thesis, Professor Brooks awarded the Diplomas, Honors and Premi ums. Miss Wangh received the honor for Belle Let tres, upon which the worthy Professor addressed her in a most touching and beautiful manner, referring cial theatre to the larger arena of Metropolitan poliquent strain; and in a namer not only honorable to hunto her having been long an inmate of the listitution,
to her having been long an inmate of the listitution,
and having been long an inmate of the listitution,
to her exception by denorment and deve. and having by her exemplary deportment and devo-tion to study, and and herself to all. We were hap-

A FRIEND TO THE INSTITUTION. SURGEON DENTIST. Dr. CASAVANT, a Surgeon Dentist of high repute,

and who has shown us some of the very highest testimonials as to his professional skill, is now located ricendship. and will be for a short time at the Hotel of Mrs. Car- Mr. Ritchie may appropriately be called the Fathrell, Harpers-Ferry. The citizens of that place and vicinity will have opportunity of securing his ser-the oldest American editor. He possessed all the elvices upon application.

"THE VALLEY SPIRIT," published by P. S. Dechart & Co., in Chambersburg, Pa., comes to us this struthful. To a quick perception, great learning, a week greatly enlarged and beautified. The "Spirit" solid judgment, and remarkable discretion, he unithas a large circulation and is a capital medium for sed an industry that was indefatigable. the advertisement of lands for sale. We know of no paper published in the free negro States, which is sounder upon the question of slavery, and which gives the Freesoilers and abolitionists harder knocks. The following is taken from its columns: LIBERATED SLAVES.

Yesterday there passed through this place, under a white escort, a crowd of negroes, numbering som filty or sixty, men, women and children. The wo men were in a large farm wagon; the men a foot and all fine able-bodied young fellows. We under stand they were liberated down South somewher and are being taken to the North, probably to Can-dead we clothe our paper in mourning and respect-We hear that the above party arrived at this place on Thursday morning and is now quartered at Hop

Eye Hall in Wolfstown. Several of them, we unde

stand, will remain among us, having already receive

ed employment. It is to be hoped, that their manfreedom.—Transcript.
Yes, "it is to be hoped that their manumissis may be the earnest of a happy future of freedom, but we think our friend of the Transcript will join with us in saying that it is to be feared these "fin able-bodied young fellows" will not be as fine no able-bodied five years hence as they are now. the Old Dominion, whence we understand the came, they lived on an estate, remote from the vices and temptations of town, and were watched over by a kind master and an indulgent mistress. A their wants in health were supplied, and in sicknes they had all needful medical attendance and carefu nursing. Come old age, or come any ill that flesh is heir to, while they stayed there they were certain of of clothing amply sufficient to keep them warm, and certain of food enough to repel every attack of hur ger. Now they are quartered in Wolfstown, the Five Points" of Chambersburg, their companion the abandoned wretches who infest that miserab quarter. There they will witness, daily and nigh , not the innocent plantation amusements to white they were accustomed at their old home before freedom ceme to curse them, but the riotous mirth tha whisky (bought by the quart) gives rise to. They and dishonesty, and they will breathe a moral at mosphere which cannot fail to corrupt them. These negroes, we are informed-and their num ber has been stated to us at forty-were liberated by a gentleman and his daughter residing in Berke ley county, Virginia. We give the gentleman and the lady all credit that is due to good intentions; but we tell them frankly that we believe they have inflicted an injury upon these negroes I setting them free. And what have we gained I

May, 1804, and continuer to world the editorial of that paper till 1842-25, when he went to Waington and took sarge of the assument University the administration of James K was thus, for nearly fifty cars, council. press, and his editorial fame was co extended with the Union. He was the wisest of pany with the property of the with the Union. dignified and moderate as an edit yet perfectiversing and indomitable. He was a man of increditable absolutely refreshed and animal He which a which would have exhausted and overmatched most men. He was at one time the editor of both the Enquirer and Compiler of this city, and he did ample justice to the duties of both editorial chairs. As a man, he was full of kindly and converse. was full of kindly and generous impulses; he was their addition to our population? At this time we may answer nothing; and when these objects of a courteous; elevated and pure. As a patriot, who loved Virginia more than Thomas Ritchle? On the may answer notating; and when these objects of an erring philanthropy, after imbibling the vices, participating in the crime and contracting the diseases of their frew found companions, furnish their quota of inmates of our jail and alms-house, we may aneve of the anniversary of national independence, his spirit has winged its way to a better word. If his dying eye has looked upon States estranged and the stars of the federal constellation becoming dim, and threatening to shoot madly from their spheres, the responsibility of that mournful state of things can-

swer worse than nothing. STATE OF OUR NEGOTIATIONS WITH SPICAY. It is said that important intelligence has reached the State Department from Madrid and Paris. Ar despatch to the N. Y. Tribune, says?

In spite of all his efforts and all dinformaties lons, Mr. Soule has not succeeded citler in a pour menter cordiale with Spain, or in doing a within toward the purchase of Cuba, the Queen of the Aq Mes. The obstinacy which the Spanish Government namifests in the settlement of the Cuban d fficulty i o be attributed to two causes. First, they are confi dent of the support of France and Empland in case of the politics of Virginia, which he under the large as the house uself make up the edit of the support of France and Empland in case of the politics of Virginia, which he under the large as the house uself make up the edit of the emergency. Secondly, they do not believe the Large two fractions of his predecessors cattractions to the weary traveller or outsides so ted States Government is in earnest.

No treaty has yet been concluded between France the office of the old Dominion it was Father Ritchie, for he we weary traveller or outsides. The predecessors cattractions to the weary traveller or outsides so the body of time.

We take pleasure, therefore, in commonding it the abstractions of all the abstractions of all the abstractions of all the abstractions. nary steps for such a treaty "ere made sometime at

and only failed of consummation because England gave notice that she should insist upon the insertio of a clause in regard to slavery in Cuba, which was so obnoxious to the Spanish Government, that the negotiation was suspended. Since then Spain has offered France ten thousan men to supply the place of the en thousand French soldiers in Rome to permit the latter to join the army in Turkey, on condition that she will pleds her support against the United States in case of war. Louis Napoleon refused the proposition be cause alone he could not enter into a war wil

FUNERAL OBSEQUIES OF MR. RITCHIE.—There was a large number of citizens in attendance at the funeral, yesterday afternoon, of the late venerable and esteemed Thomas Ritchie, at his residence. Among those present were the President of the United States, several of the heads of departments, Sidney Webster, Esq., the private secretary of the President, several senators and many representatives of the United States, as well as officers of the army and navy. The funeral discourse was pronounced by the Rev. Dr. Pyne, of St. John's Church. The address was extremely eloquent and impressive. Several of the children and relatives of the decease eral of the children and relatives of the deceased were present. The services over, a funeral cortege was formed, composed of many members of Congress and distinguished citizens, and proceeded to the steamboat wharf, whence the remains were conveyed in the mail-boat en route for Richmond, their final resting-place. The pall-bearers were Senators Hunter and Mason, Messrs. Bocock, Caskie, and Powell, of the House of Representatives, and Secretary Dobbin, and W. W. Corcoran, Esq. The whole seene was most solemn and imposing.

ene was most solemn and in [Wash, Union, July 6. 85-W. C. Page, Cashier of the branch of the Farm ers' Bank of Va., in Alexandria, died of apoplexy the night of the 4th inst

Then promot is actively an too which

d over Old Shannondale. ligent and respectable company assemb ogether fi the Grove, on the "Hill Side," to lister to be story of our revolution for freedom and indepenhomes Ritchie. For some months past he has been wing gradually more feeble, and his family and ice; nor was there ever assembled in that Grove rowd more interested in, and entertained by a arth of July oration than was that which filled it Mr. Ritchie died on Monday, 3d of July, between e hours of twelve and one o'clock, in the 76t

death of one whose name, (says the Washing ntinel,) is as familiar to the American peo

lends have watched with painful solicitude

althy approaches of the insidious destroyer.

ear of his age. He died in the bosom of his family

great man. Few men in this country have lived

more purpose than Mr. Ritchie. He appeared on

nt and interesting period of our history: It was

hen many of the most eminent sages and patrio

If the revolution, after founding a great republi

vere about retiring to the repose of private life—a epose which they so well merited, but which they

is earliest political lessons-from them he drew all

he asnirations of patriotism. Those lessons were

und, that patriotism was ardent and sincere.

reer at that happy period whell faction was abhor-

hey clung to him through life: He commenced hi

ed and love of country was cherished. He belong

d to that school of politics known as the Stat

ights school-a school whose tenets, if rigidly and

rve the State and the Union in their ilitegrity.

We knew Mr. Ritchie well-intimately well. For

nany years he has instructed and guided us. We

ave looked up to him as towards one capable of di-

ecting the young generations. No impure thought

ver found a resting place in that old man's heart.

The world thought that he was shrewd and cunning i

out the world did not know him. Mr. Ritchie was a

lain, free spoken man, with intense personal at

chments, and, we believe, without an animosity

wards a living man. For fifty years he has been

active combatant. He has gone down to the

mb without an enemy. Some may question the

visdom of his course; but yet the buckler which he

ad borne in many a fierce encounter-bruised and

attered as it may be-has no tarnish bh its surface.

Mr. Ritchie was born and reared in Virginia, and

loubtless did more to influence and direct the des-

tinies of that venerable Commonwealth than any

public man of his day: As the founder and conduct-

or for nearly a half century, of the Richmond En-

mrer, he exerted an influence over the politics of

irginia that was almost thiraculous. Such was the

onfidence both of the leading politicians and of the

nasses in his sagacity, his genius, his integrity,

and his patriotism, that the word of Thomas Ritchle

was almost the law to the Virginia democracy. To

the highest acquirements of the scholar, he united

he profoundest attainments of the politician. His

indoment of men was well nigh unerring. He unit-

ed the vivacity and courage of early manhood to the

calm discretion and ripe experience of maturer years.

He loved his family, his friends, his State, and his

country. When his many noble qualities of heart

nd mind are considered, it does not seem wonder-

ful that he should have excited so powerful an influ-

onired in the editorial conduct of the Enquirer, in-

In Washington, as in Virginia, Mr. Ritchie's cor-

dial manners, and generous qualities, drew around

him a circle of sincere and admiring friends. The

er of the American Press. He was, we cannot doubt,

ements and qualities necessary to the accomplished

and successful journalist. He was bold, fearless, and

We will not presume, in these hasty remarks to

ninent men have died on the 4th of July, as if Prov-

dence designed to show to imperfect man, that no

few hours more, and Mr. Ritchie would have died as did Jefferson, Adams, and Monroe, on the

As a tribute to the disti guished and honored

fully tender to those whom he most loved the sincere

We record to-day (says the Bockingham Register)

Napoleon of the Press," THOMAS RITCHIE, Sr., of

Washington City. He died in the midst of his family

on Monday last about noon. We copy from the Richmond Dispatch of Tuesday, the following beau-

iful tribute to the memory of this great man, who

was so long the pride and the ornament of the Dem-

his labors. At half-past 12 o'clock yesterday,

homas Ritchie, Sr., full of years and full of honors.

departed this life, of him truly it may said, he rests

abor; and his energy would never let him rest til

epose was forced upon him in the slumbers of his

at large. He was a native of Essex county, in this

He has has so away at a ripe old age, old in body

out young in wal. Peace to his ashes, and may his

THE LATE MR. RITCHIE.

The New York Express (Whig) in speaking of the

Mr. Ritchle was a man of great vigor, spirit, and high social qualities, and a very warm friend.—
his best that's he exerted an extraordinary influ-

had sounded, the depths of all the abstractions of that old Commonwealth from the Resolutions of 98

o the Resolutions of 1844, when a new era seemed

to dawn upon the Democracy of the country.

Mr. Ritchie, however, was warmly wedded to the
so called "Democratic party." He defended it with

The loss of a man so long connected with the pub

ast nine or ten years.

Mr. Ritchie had some little warning of his death,

and late last week summoned his daughters and son from Virginia, by whom he was surrounded at the noment of his disease.

WEST POINT GRADUATES,

The following Virginians are among the gradu-

John Pegram, Charles G. Rogers, Jas. E. B. Stuart,

lilton T. Carr. Thos. J. Wright and G. W. Car-

NINE LIVES LOST .- There exists a cave in the v

Nins Lives Lost.—There exists a cave in the village of Monnt Wisconsin, in the State of Wisconsin, in which there is generated an explosive gas, probably the fire damp of coal mines. Precautions are always taken when visits are made to carry so fire or light except in a closed glass lantern. On the 11th of June twelve persons went into the cave laking the usual precautions, except that one woman had a lighted pipe in her mouth. An explosion took blace by which nine were instantly killed and the emaining three ladies badly injured.

met been breened in Buttaio.

is Lee were among the graduates at large,

ldren, and all of them married, we believe, and

d, opposed its enemies with power, and struck as

mory be green! -

miss of this renerable man, saye?

a venerable age. He commenced the publication of the Richmond Enquirer, in this city, on the other

m his cors, for his existence was an existence of

The veteran of the Press of Virginia rests fro

peratic press t

with feelings of unaffected sorrow, the death of the

afully carried out, would at the same time pre-

le died as he had lived, a good man, an honest ma

e great stage of public affairs at a most imp

that of any of the great men of the rep

The visitors to the Springs, the old and the young, e belles and the beaux, and the numerous country iks that came to refebrate the birth-day of our naon's independence; met in the beautiful and umgeous grove, at the hour of 12 M. Andrew Kenv, Esq., President, and Hirmons L. Opis, Esq., ice President:

The Hon; Mr. DENT, a member of Congress from he State of Georgia, being introduced to the aulience by Mr. Kennedy, though in very teeble health tention of his hearers for one and three-quarter ours by one of the most soul-stirring, interesting and varied fourth of July orations I have ever heard. The honorable gent eman told the story of our relution, and the deeds of arms performed by our ation in its several wars, with such eloquence as to ake every bosom heave with patriotic emotions and to cause tears to flow frum the eyes of many. I was told by two who heard him that they had ard maily speeches, fourth of July and other, but hat they flever had their lachrymal fonts so stirred

up as on yëstërday: The hohorable orator is a worthy representative of the "Banner State of the South," Georgia, whose name, and whose bright blue skies, he mentions with much affection and pleasure. May he live long for his State, his country, and humanity. He will ver be a welcome guest in our community:

The ceremonies of the occasion being over the ompany then returned to the hotel and partook of e sumptuous dinner prepared a la Sappington' whose praises need not be sounded. I heed not tell you that the day passed off well, for how could it have done otherwise at Shanuondale?

We have now a very fine, gay, and sociable company here, and every day brings fresh arrivals. I y-the grove-the meadow-the walks upon the iver's bank-fishing and aquatic excursions may have any charms-come to Shannondale.

Yours, &c., SHANNONDALE SPRINGS, July 5, 1854

THE POURTH

The Sabbath School connected with the Methodist E Church in this place, together with the other Sabbath endence, on I tesday last, in a very becoming manner At 8 o'clock, the procession was formed at the Church nder the superintendence of J. C. HUNTER, Marshal, and proceeded to the beautiful grove attached to the Fair Grounds, where every preparation was nade for he accommodation of not only the scholars, but for a

The proceedings on the ground were commenced by a eautiful ode from the thorr, and prayer by the Rev. Mr. AMBLER, of the Eviscopal Church. The Declaraence over the stannell and iron commonwealth of tion of Independence was then read by Masier HENRY D. BEALL, (by the way an ex devil of our office,) prefaced by a few pertinent and happy remarks Mr. John R. Cone, Principal of District School, No. 19, then ad duced President Polk to invite him from his Provindressed the audience at some length, in an able and elopy to notice that the Virginians bore off the palm on was the government organ during the whole period subtressed the audience in a forcible and logical manner that interesting occasion. about an hour, ANDREW HUNTER, Esq., took the stand and made a few appropriate and patrione remarks. The scholars then took a recess until after thoner. The din ner was a sumptuous one, and full justice was done to it, most eminent statesmen aspired to his confidence and or the appetites of the children by this time were pretty well sharpended. Indeed

"Dire was the ciang of plates; of knife and fork, The children were again called to criter, and midiess The following toasts were fead by Mr. J. R. CORE 1st. The day we celebrate - Freedom? natal day.
2nd. Washington - May the youth assembled ever imitate his example in probity, putlanthropy and patri-

our Union.
4th. Pae President of the Un ted States. attempt a sketch of the distinguished deceased. We will leave that for another occasion. Several of our 5th. Virginia-She nobly deserves the enlogy attriba ca to her for her tiperality and unshaken patriotism.

day, however bright, shall pass off without a cloud, their eward occome narrate with their tasks, or however proud, shall end without hamility. But and exert their influence ever for good.

It few hours more, and Mr. Ritchie would have 916. Thomas Jefferson—The Deciarati n of Independent ches is the monument that will perpetuate his memory 10th. By A. W. Wilson-The of a or of the day, J t. Cone—stay his future be as prilimat and useful in its effort to-day was eloquent and decessful. 11th. 'Pue other Speakers—Gentlemen of market birty, they acquitted themselves to the satisfaction of

> 12th. By J. R. Cone-Rev. A. W. Wilson-For his logium upon the ladies to day, he deserves a scold-ng d pleasant ones that it has ever been our privilege to tend. It was a "le st of reason and a flow of sour." We do not know when we with seed such an array beauty as graced the Fait Grounds on this day.

"Beauty was lent to nature as the type Of neaven's unspeakable and holy joy, Where all perfection makes the sum of bliss.' After refreshments were again handed round, the cholars were formed into a procession and marched to own to the Church, where several resolutions of thanks were passed, manely -- I'o the peakers of the occasion for the able manner in which they discharged their daty; ulso; to Mrs. Louisa Beart; Mrs. Joshua Riley, and

Messrs. William Johnson, John F. Buessing, and JOHN ASHBAUGH; for the manner in which they discharged themselves in the supervision of the good things of the occasion - Free Press. The following were also offered and ununimously lopted : A vote of thanks to your honored superintendent, Vm. P. Henson, for his punctuality and unremitting zeal in rearing this Sunday School and encouraging

it, in continuous improvement.

A vote of thanks to the Teachers and all, who so assidnously prepared our sumptous feast on this an-miversary, by their liberal contributions and collec-A vote of thanks to your Secretary for his interest your Sabbath School.

A vote of thanks for all the pretty girls and boys ping that none of them will retire hangry this 4th

THE MCCLURE HOUSE, WHEELING:

Hotel which has been closed for a short time, habeen re-opened under the proprietorship and personal management of Dr. Warson Cana a get tleman every way qualified for the important la-k of conducting a first class Hotel at so important a point as Wheeling From a friend wito has recently a journed there

or upwards of a fortnight, we learn that it is kept in a manner alt gether worthy of the noble structre, which reflects so much credit upon the spiri d enterprise of that gallant vittle city. A table abundantly supplied, and served with great good taste -coambers and beiling unsit

value of an excellent Hotel - Free Press COMMISSIONER IN CHANCERY. Lawson Borrs, E q , has received from the Judge of the Circuit Court of Jefferson, the appointment

the patronage of all who can appreciate the

namy and as heavy blows as any man of his time, against the Whigs, and especially against the old. Clay Whigs, the cheiftain of which we know he most of Commissioner in Chancery of that Court This s the same office wittch was for many years held v the fate Rovert Worthington, E q. ic press and so honorably identified with the art of artificianting, is a public one. Mr. Ritchie has left seve-SAMUEL STONE, Esq., as will be seen by advertisement, is authorized to discharge the same duties .-His office is in the Court-House, beretofore occupied n independent circumstances. His death will cause reat sorrow among his friends in Virginia, and in he city of Washington, where he has lived for the by Robert Worthington, Esq. REPURSEDA

> Mr Joseffe C. Davis (son of Mr Aquilla Davis this town,) who left with the Jeff ison Cathornia Company in March, 1849, returned a few days ago renewed health, and we hope, with a pocket full focks," He was met in New York by his broth-Mr John Davis who has been a sett in the outh for the last 8 years. They did not recogise each other until they registered their names i the same hotel. They are fine looking specimens of the masculine gender - Free Press.

ES APE PROM JAHA

Samuel Marnews, a vonth who has been coned in the Jail for some time on a charge or stealing harness, the property of Tironas M. Isband.
Esq., made his escape from Jail. Tre declared his
independence on Tuesday night the 4th, by boring through the ceiling of his room to the garret, and thence passing through a portion of the private aparlment of the Jan., In his departure, he took with him a coat and has belonging to the Juilor.

HORRIBLE RAILROLD ACCIDENT WENTY-THREE SERIOUSLY INJURNED.
[From the Balt. Amer. of Thursday.]

At 6 o'clock on Tuesday evening a report reached the city, which spread with telegraphic velocity, from one extremity to the other, that an awful accident had occurred to two of the trains on the Sustiuchanna Railroad, bringing home the excurtionist to Rider's Grove, whither from four to five thousand of our citizens had proceeded in special trains in the early part of the day. Bad as the accident proved to be, rumor magnified it ten-fold, causing the greatest consternation and distress among the friends and onsternation and distress among the friends and tives of those absent, and Calvert Station was soon througed with an excited mass of people and fourty awaiting up to past midnight for intelligence from the scene of disaster.

A gentleman connected with the "American" have

ing been a passenger on one of the wrecked tra the following narrative of the accident will be found as reliable as it was possible to obtain amid the ex-citement and heart-rending scene by which he was

surrounded.

At 25 miliutés past 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon
the regular train for York left Calvert station, consisting of four passenger cars—all with the exception
of the last car well filled with passengers. Mr. William
Scott was conductor, accompanied by Mr. Hollins,
and other officers of the road, who were repairing to Rider's Grove to assist in the arrangements for the sale return of the excurtionists. On arriving at the Helay House, the York train, according to orders, proceeded to lay off on the Green Spring switch. The instructions were that it should wait until the The instructions were that it said. The express train excursion train or traffits passed. The express train from York, due early in the day, which had been tiffown out of time, was waiting at the Relay, and after it had passed down towards Bultimore we waited for one excursion train, of about sixteen cars, crowded to excess, which passed down without giving any information to the conductor that two other trains were coming, which finfortunately proved to

The road being now supposed to be clear, the York train again took the main track, and proceeded on, and had scarcely got fully under weigh, when, about three-quarters of a mile from the Reiay, and about infee-quarters of a finite from the keisy, and about a mile from Rider's, a terrible crash, accompanied by a rush of steam, brought all who were uninjured to their feet, and on escaping from the wrecked cits, a most heart-rending scene presented itself, that it is impossible to describe in all its horrors.

Immediately in advance of us was a train consisting Immediately in advance of us was a train consisting of two passenger cars and the ten burden cars, which had been fitted up to carry passengers, all of which were filled to overflow. The locomotive was backing down thwards Baltimore, with the tender in front, and the two passenger cars at the head of the train. The locomotive on the York train was going ahead in its usual position, and although neither train was moving at extra speed, the two passenger cars at the head of the Excursion train offered but little resistance were completely extended to other. little resistance, were completely crushed together, the rear car passing entirely through the foreitost bne. Both be ng filled with passengers the destruc-

tion of life and limb was almost unprecedented. The centre of the foremost car was filled with the dead, dying and wounded, all wedged together in one mass with the fragments of the car and the seats, so compactly that it required a half hour's tine and the use of axes to rescue the wounded. A muniter f temales and children were taken out from among the dead scarcely injured, whilst through the floor of the car could be seen the protruding limbs of some who had been instantly struck dead

Among the dead in the centre of this car was Mrs. Robinson, a young and beautiful woman; and litury Clay Jeffers, the son of Madison Jeffers, a bright and beautiful boy, the bodies of whom were so wedged mong the fragments of the two cars, which hat been run through each other like a telescore, that it was impossible to extricate them, without failing off the tragments of the upper car by the lecomotive which was also necessary to release the large frumter of unfortunate creatures who still remained wedged between the forward cars, some still alive and others dead: In removing the cars Mrs. Robinson's body was literally torn to pieces, but in the effort to recover those in whom life still remained it became necessary to disrecard the dead-On all the platforms of the wrecked cars the des-

truction of life and limb was immense and the cars being so closely wedged tegether it was impossible for more than an hour to relieve them, although the screams of the sufferers caused the most superhuman On the platform at the head of the Excursion train four men were caught by the forepart of the engine, two of whom were instantly killed, and the other two

were fast by their limbs, suffering the most excruciating agony, and almost roasted by the smoke pipe of the locbmotive. They both fainted from exhaustion before they could be rescued, requiring more than an our of incessant labor. One of them subsequently ront platform of the York traiff, one of whom was Benjamia Merryman, the baggage master, who met death standing manfully at his post at the break, en-

deavoring to check the destruction:

The shricks of the women and children over the
bbdies of their husbands and fathers, and over the wounded, were enough to appul the stontest heart: Severill of those who were crushed on the platforms had their wires with them, whose appeals for their rescue was ificessant: The wife of Marthi Boved was compelled to stand and see lier husband di from heat and exhaustion and his body subsequently lie for an hour on the rear of the firebox of the loco

Another wife was wailing oftr the mutilated body of her husband, and consuring helself for Having persuaded him, against his better judgment, to join n the excursion. An infant, about seven months old, in the arms of its mother, was severely scalided about the head and face, and walled and mounted most pitcously. Sev-

eral females in the foremost car, who miraculously escaped, were considerably scalded, and so covered with coal dust as to render it difficult to recognize By the side of the body of Mrs. Robinson stood an aged gentleman bemoaning her death, and accusing himself of having persuaded her to join in the lestival. We also observed a group of little girls

funting for their father and brother, one of whom they found a mutilated corpse, and the other severe-The accident occurred at 20 minutes past 5 o'clock and it was hitlf-past seven o'clock before the last body was taken from the wreck: The dead, the dying and the wounded, were strewn about on the the broken limbs and deep gashes in the bodies of the wounded; rendered it certain that many were injured beyond recovery:
A powerfully built man, one of the nich connect-

ed with the engine was drawn out from the ruins at 7 o'clock, with severe bodily injury, but the mo-ment be was relieved from the pressure he became nsensible, and in his dying agonies his body fairly bounced from the earth:

Messengers were sent to the city immediately

after the accident, for relief, and a timber of physicians, whose names we did not ascertain, were soon on the ground, as also were a number front the vicinity, who labored unremittingly to relieve the sufferings of the uffortunate creatures stfewn The traits from the city did that, however, reach

the scene of the accident until after 8 o'clock in the evening, at which time there were about : 00 awaiting conveyance home, all the excurtion is having arrived from the scene of their festivities at the scene of death. The first train carried in the women and children; and the second the wounded, # ho were all taken to the infirmary for medical assitance, and reached the city about 18 o'clock at night, some of them suffering intensely.

Not less than a thousand of those that escaped in jury walked home by the Falls Road, many carrying their children in their arms through beat and dust The dead bodies were brought in about 1 o'clock at night, twenty-four in number, and when spread out on the platform at the depot presented a specia-

ANOTHER RAILROAD ACCIDENTS Phimapetphia, July 7.- The train that left this city for Baltimore at nine o'clock this afternoon ran off the track at Broad Creek; Maryland, killing Ben-jamin R. Benson, the engineer, and Joseph Robinett; fireman. None of the passengers were hurt. The

ANOTHER DESTRUCTIVE RAILEDAD ACCIDENT. Buffald July 7 .- The night express train on the Great Western Railroad, after leaving the sus elision bridge list night ran over a horse and threw two amigrant cars down an enbankment, killing seven and wounded ten others of the emigrants. The first class passengers all escaped without injury.

THE JOINT WORM AMONG THE CORN. - The Frederickswat the b has deserted the harvested wheat crop and gone to work in marauding expeditions upon the growing corn. A gentleman informs the editor that his atcorn. A gentleman informs the editor tast his at-tention was drawn to a large spot in one of his fields, which had the appearance of being trodden down, but on examination, he found myriads of the joint worm, who had stracked and weakened the stock so fractions to cause a decided leaning. This, if true, says the Herald, is a new feature, and our informant is a gentleman of practical knowledge.

CURE FOR DIARRHEA.-Take a handful of straw berry leaves and pour on them half a pint of boiling water; let it remain one hour and drink the tea. If you cannot get the boiling water; chew and swallow the leaves. This is a most valuable and efficient remedy. It rarely fails to give immediate relief and perform a permanent cure. Exchange.

Soldiers of 1812 .- A bill has been reported in the House of Representatives granting one hundred and sixty acres of land to the soldiers of the war of 1812. It will be remembered that a short time ago the land committee reported against such a bill:

A GREAT INVENTION.—From the Swedish papers we learn that an important invention in relation to bank notes has been laid before the Commissioners of Banking in Stockholm. The invention is by Count P. A. Sparre, and is twofold; he counterfeits, with incredible exactness the bank notes in use, but prints others which he himself cannot imitate. The inventor prepares the paper of three different lamine, and in this gives, without the alightest difficulty or even exertion of artistic skill, the finest water-marks in perfection, and then follows the preparation of paper by a simple and merely momentary process; but which gives again the printing and engraving absolutely perfect. The operation is said to also comprehend a saving of expense.

Oneen Victoria, it is said, has sent \$300 and

Sugar Phint, May 25, 1866

The proportion of insurance is not yet ascertained An immense amount of property has been consumed This fire was in the heart and most valuable part of [SECOND DESPATCH.]
The fire last night originated in the National Theatre from the firing of a gun during the performance, soon after 10 o'clock. The flames spread with great rapidity, and the entire building was soon a heap of thins, the walls afterwards falling. Fortunately no

The surrounding houses caught on the roofs, and t was not long until the entire block, forming the choice part of the circ was in a heap of ruins.

The Art Union Hall took fire and was considerably burnt out, some of the proprietors being insured only to a moderate batent. It is impossible to form any ing like a toffettet tetimate of the day

ning like a correct estimate of the damage. Some out it down roughly at \$1,500,000, and others at one The littlifalice is not yet known, but supposed in all to be some \$700,005.

Great excitement prevailed during the fire. Thousands were congregated in its vicility, and the firemen worked manfully. Some buildings are still

Shepperd, a well-known actor, perished in the Theatre: His bones were found this holning in the dressing room. Several lifetich were badly hurt, but hote fatally:

The entire loss in not so much as first estimated. The Museum and Theatre were worth over \$100,000 The dantage to the Girard House is not serious thd the proprietors are already prepared to resum-

The Live Duk Fire Company of Kew Lork, on a tish here was on daty at the fire has highl: Two of the members were slightly hurt: John Reider's hand was mashed under the breaks, and Julies Flynn's

william Young, tobacconist; Mr. Byardshaw, toy store; James Wilson, periodicals; C. T. Ainsler, mathematical instrument maker; A. L. Vansan, confectioner; and Charles Jennerel, jeweller; the millinery Establishinghis of Mrs. Burke; Misses Johnson.
Mrs. Bowing, and Mrs. Supplice's children's fancy
dress establishment. They were generally partly insured and others a total loss: H. R. Br. an, a wood engraver, and W. A. R. Mar-till, also received considerable damage. The occu-pants of the dwellings on Sunsom street were Charles Buishill, S. A. Branson, John Phigerald, Charles Foulke, and Dr. Harkley.

FURTHER PARTICULARS. Messirs: Welch & Lent, Who held a long lease of the National Theoree in Philipdelphia, which was destroyed by fire on Welfresday night; lose by its destruction \$120 000, or whitehalitening \$10,000 was in the wardrobe, consisting of the most costly and extensive collection of dresses for circus and allegarical display in the country; and \$40,000 in the scenery. The North American states that the library of the house was a large all valuable one and contained three hundred entirely new manuscript plays, never printed or performed on any stage. These General Welch had purchased in England and the U. States for the purpose of producing at the National during the effauing season, for which great preparations had been made; but, uitfortunately they all fell a prey to the flames. Messes: W. & L. were only insured for \$27,500, but thiend to rebuild intuitiffactly. General Welch, who is somewhat of all invalid, sat at the window of his room in the Girard House, on Wedmilated profits of a long life of untiring industry were vanishing in flame and smoke.

The Chillest Mustuir which was unfusured, was erected at a 60st of \$183,000. About \$10,000 worth of liquofa were stowed in the cellars of this building.

RIOT AND OUTRAGE. BATH. Mei, July 7:- That nountline Character, the Angel Gabriel," lectured here on Wednesday and Thursday evenings, against the Catholics. On the last occasion the crowd was large, still a disturbance occurred. A limb of hith and boys proceeded to the Old South Church, used by the Catholics as a place of worming briske open the doors, rung the belfry. They afterwards set the church on fire and it was bignt to the ground. A further destruction of property took place, and a mob of about one hum culparaded the streets, yelling and booting unit tugarly morning. No arres s were made.

VIRGINIA COLLEGES: A.A. Welton, of Hardy, was one of the graduating class of Hampdelt Sidney College at its late commencement: The Hilland commencement of William and Mary College took place on Tuesday hist. J. RASDOLPH Tecken was to address the literary societies on the 3d. It has not been more than two or three years sinch Mr. Tucker preformed the same office as the University. Such double honors are highly point fimenfifty, as they are seldom attained. The University commencement took place on Tuesday last. In the 18th of proficities and graduates, which is quite large, we fill the following from this portion of the Sunter Philip Meisure of Clarke; J. Y. Beall and D. B. Luciis of fellowing for Berkeley; John M. Littell, of Shenandoah; Harrison Powell, Arthur L. Rogers, and Edward B. Smith, of Eudoun. The last mentioned was one of those upon whom the degree of A. M. was conferred. degree of A. M. was conferred:

The annual address before the literary societies of the University was delivered on the 26th ultimo, by John Mitchel, the Iriah exiler. The subject chosen by him was optimism, And the Charlottesville Advocate says "his speech was beautifully writted, terse, aptly, adorned with historical aliusions, frequently pointed with the sharpest satire." The orator was frequently applituded. Julye John W. Brockenbrough of Lexigton, has been elected brittor for the 25th of June MF: Mitchel returned to his home in Brooklyn by way of the Valley, feaching this place in Saturday evening last, which he was littroduced to a large number of our citizens who infinediately waited upon lim: He left the Monday morning, but not

until a committee gate him a pressing invitation by otter to remain over the Fourth and partake of the ospitalities of the town Mr. Mitchel was compelled y previous engagements to decline.—Winchester COURT MATTERS.—The county court of Fauquier have increased the tax on the sheriffifty from \$500 to \$600. Jurors are to be paid \$1.25 per day here

Subbed Dearff — A little girl, about filde years of age, daughter of Mr. Overlander, restding on Clinton street, flear by the Clininatia Uhib; feturned home on Salurday evening last, and while in a somewhat heared state bathed herself it cool cistern water.—During the hight she was taken violently ill, and

died the next murhing about six otlock: Cowastout Rossesty .- On Sururday affertoon a man by the name of Miller died on the levee in Str Louis: While the infortunate man man was in his last dubby, a heartless, blikeling fellow came up and deliberately took his pocket book from him and and deficerately took his pocket book from him and a best containing some gold. Which the dying man had afform him: He was subsequently arrested and file pocket book folim on him, and he acknowledged that he had stolen the telt and gave it to his wife. She was selft for, upon being searched the belt was found, but contained only one twenty dol-lar gold piece, although it had the appearance of having been full.

pied the attentie of our Court during the almost entiff sessions of Thursday and Friday of last week. It is a suit brought by Messrs. Dickinson & Shrewsbury against the constitutionality of the District School system, adopted by the vote of the people of this and many other counties of the State. Has the General Assembly of Virginia authority by the Constitution to sul mit a law to the tote of the people of the State, or to the people of any partion of the State upon whom the law is to operate, making its operation contingent upon a prescribed majority of votes? That is the juestion, Messrs. B. H. Smith, Judges That is the fuestion, Messas, B. H. Smith, Judges McComas & Fry for the Plaintiffs and Messas A. Park and Judge Dunbar for the Defendant. We have neither time nor space to speak of the ability and ingefinity displayed in the arguments of the learned counsel. The case was sal mitted to Judge Summers late Friday evening. His decision will probably be delivered before the adjournment of the term, this week. The case will go up to the Court of Appeals at Lewisburg, his matter how decided:

**Education Republican of June 28.

of Mad son counts, Ga, come to his death on the 26th ult. from being stong by a wasp. He died in less than ten minates after being stung. fatally, at Schettectady, on Monday. The victi was the wife of Mr. McCathus, one of the leading nerchants of that city:

....At Jefferson City, Louisians, in the night of Wednesday of last week, some thirty or forty tenements were desire, ed by fire. Loss about \$40,000.

sent to market from the Comberland region, 1,7 tons of Coal. In 1859, the amount had increased 533,050 tons. This is an increase of nearly fixundred per cent, in twelve years! The history no other mining district presents a parallel to the

and with the advice and consent of the Senate Robert Dale Owen, Lewis Cass, jr., John M. Dan-el Henry R. Jackson, Francis Schroeder, Henry B. dinger, August Belmont, J. J. Seibels, John L. O'Sullivan, John W. Dana, James A. Peden, Philo White, Charles Eames, Junes S. Green, to be minis-ters resident of the Unit d States in the countries in which they are now charges d'affaires of the United States.

FOR THE TERRITORY OF NEBRASKA.

Wm. O. Butler of Kentucky, to be governor.

Thomas B. Cumming of lowa, to be secretary.

Femer Ferguson of Michigan, to be chief justice the supreme court. the supreme court. Edward R. Hardin of Georgia, to be an associate e of the supreme court: the supreme court.
Experience Estabrook of Wisconsin, to be attorney Experience Estabrook of Wassenson, to be marshal of the Mark W. Izard of Arkansas, to be marshal of the

FOR THE TERRITORY OF EANSAS. Andrew H. Roeder of Pennsylvania, to be gov nor.

Daniel Woodson of Virginia, to be secretary.

Madison Br. wn of Maryland, to be chief justice of Sunders, W. Johnson of Ohio, to be an associate

tice of the supreme court. of the supreme court.

Andrew J. Isaacs of Louisiana, to be an attorney of the United States.

J. B. Donaldson of Illinois, to be marshal of the

David A. Starkweather of Ohio, to be envoy extra-ordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to the republic of Chili, in the place of Samuel Medary, resigned.

THE BANK OF BERKELEY. As will be seen in another column, thi . Bank ha declared a dividend of 3; per cent, on its cipital for the last six months. This being the first half year of the existence of the Bank, the results of its operation and management must be gratifying to all in-terested. This dividend is declared, after pavilig the necessary heavy expenses attending the opening of a new Bank. It speaks well for the future operations of this Institution.—Marlinsburg Gazette.

A CATHOTIC COUNTRY. A writer in Blackwood says that, with the exception of Spain, Belgium is probably the most com-plete Roman Catholic sovereignty in Europe. Its peculiarity in this respect is one of the first things noted by a stranger at Brussels. Out of the 4.337,000 in abitants of Belgium, 4,327 000 are Catholics. The total revenues of the chufch, including four

million of francs received from the State, are about five million francs, which divided among the five thousand clergy, gives one thousand francs as the It is but fair to state, in relation to this Catiblic country, that the Protestant cle.gy, seventien in number, are also supported in very handsome style by the government, and even the Jews are allowed a revenue of eight thousand france from government for the maintenance of their syringogues. Such religious liberality is deserving of credit.

FENCING AGAINST STOCK:

We understand, says the Staunton Specialist, that a case was decided in the Circuit Court on Saturday week settling a vexed question which is very important for farmers in this region to understand. A farmer in this neighbofliffed had taken in a drave of cattle to pasture for the night, and put them in a field enclosed by a fence five feet-high-the height prescribed by law. During the night the cattlewing been apparently let out of the pasture field by some one unknown—passed along the public road and broke into a cornfield enclosed by a feat not five feet high; in this field they did considerable damage, and suit therefore was brought against the

The case came up of it appeal from the County Court, and Judge Thompson, after thorough investigation decided that the law of Vitginia on this subject required labd-owners to have their fences five feet high, or else not be entitled to recover in damages for loss and injuries sustained from stock breaking into their fields through fences of less A GENTLEMAN OF FUNDS:-Intmediately upon the

ratification of the Gadsden Treaty, a few days ago General Almonte, the Mexican Minister, called at the Treasury Department in Washington, and received a draft upon the Assistant Treasurer in New York for seven millions of dollars: The amount was paid at once and though it was, perhaps, the largest amount ever paid in coil at one time since the organization of the Government, it did not exhaus Uncle Sam's Treasury, but left enough on hand to meet all wants. Ife has still some twenty million to go upon and is receiving more than a million a week. Who says that Uncle Sam is not a gentleman

THE NEW COUNTERFEIT. - The Editor of the Lynchburg Virginian has been shown one of the new counterfeit \$20 notes on the "Bank of Cape Fear," N. C., which have just made their appearance. The note is dated "Wilmington, N. C., 15th December, 1853, letter A, No. 136"-payable to G. Davis. It has the figures 20 on each side of the viguette, on the left, and a female head; and the right can a medallion image, very indistinct and Marred. The signatures are well done.

FEEDING THE NERTH .- The Norfolk Argus, of Fri har week, says: "Of Wednesday the U. S. Mail steamer, Jamestowe, for New York, received on Loard one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two larrels potatoes, apples and cuepmilers; and on Saturday one thousand seven hundred and thirty-four barrels were slipped by the Roanoke. Thursday four hundred and thirty-one barrels potatoes and apples were sent by the steamer Virginia to Philadelphia, besides a number of haskets of tomatoes &c. About eight hundred barrels of potatoes, apples, curumbers and cymblins were sent Thursday o Baltimore by the North Carolina. This amount s sent daily, besides a fitmber of barrels from

....Michael Kane, a mentber of the Montgomery Guard, at Richmond, Va., drank too freely of ice water on the 4th, and died next day. A man named Thompson lass been convicted at Norfolk of passing counterfeit money, and sentence ed to the penitentiary for two years.On Wednesday, a lad, name unknown, while

the train was in motion, was knocked down by the locomotive, near Mannaronick, N. Y., and instantly killed.

.... Both Houses of Congress have agreed to ad-journ sine die on Friday the 4th of August.

ROBINSON'S NEW MUSEUM VARIETIES Jefferson Hall; (Spirit Building.)

THIRD NIGHT. Crowds upon Crowds will with coment, this Ex-VAUDEVILLE COMPANY!!! 03-LOOK AT THIS BILL OF

On TUESDAY EVENING, July 11th, 1954, will be performed the capital comedy, by the Morton Bro-SLASHER AND CRASHER.

Mr. Sampsoli Slasher: Mr. ROBINSOV.
Mr. Christopher Crasher Mr. Tilorpe.
Mr. Trumpeter Blowhard Mr. NEWTON.
Lt. Brown, (of the Marines) Mr. WILSON.
John Mr. HENDERSON. Dinah.....SOPHIE RÖSINSON Rosa..... Mrs. J. W. THORPE Characteristic IRISH LIET by SUPILIE HOBINSON. The whole to conclude with the truly laughable farce of TAREN FATHERS. FAMILY JARS, OR THE MISTAREN FATHERS.
Delen as played by him with tremeduous success in all the principal theatres. Mr. ROBINSON.
Diggory. Mr. J. W. THORPE.
Mr. P. reclain. Mr. NEWTON.
Benedict. Mr. WILSON.
Loe. Mr. HENDERSON.
Emily Scaforth. Mrs. THROPE.
Liddy Larrigan. SOPHIE ROBINSON.

A police will be in attendance to secure the strict est order. PRICES OF ADMISSION PRICES OF ADMISSION:
Reserved Seats, for Ladich and Gentlemeit accompanying them, 37; cents; Second Seats; 23 cents; Children and Servants half-price
Doors open at 7. Performance to comiffee at \$4.
July 11, 1834—ly

DE TAL CARD. DR. CASAVANT, Surgeon Dentist, from Washington; bers-Ferry and the country, that he has taken rooms at the United States Hotel for two weeks from this thate, for the purpose of practising all operations in his profession in the ideal scientific manner. Recom-incidations can be seen at his rooms. Harpers-Ferry, July 11-2w

CHANONDALE WATER. THE Proprietor of this watering place has just re-paived a supply of new tight bbls, in which he can now furnish to invalids and others water fresh from G. W. SAPPINGTON. the spring.

G. W. SAPPINGTON.

Charlestown, Jefferson Canuty, Va., July 11, 1854

WO VALUABLE NEGRO WOMEN, capable of taking charge and managing a Kitchen: possessing all the qualities that are usually combined in women, appertaining to that duty; and are sold for no fault. nently will not be sold out of the State.

11, 1854. JNO. W. ROWAN. July 11, 1854.

VIRGINIA, to wit:

At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit
Court of Jefferson county, on the 5th day of July; 1854:
F. J. Conrad.

Plaintiff, Notley W. Dearing, William E.
Anderson and William H. Turk,
Defendants,

AND

George Crowl; Henry Keller, Virginia Lodge; No. 1, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and William E. Anderson,

THE object of this suit is to recover judgment for the amount of the Plaintiff's claim, and to attach any estate and effects of the Defendant, Nothey W. Dearing, in the lands of, and the debts due him, by the suid Garnis' bes within this State, and to subject the same to the satisfaction of said judgment.

It appearing on afficavit, filed in this suit, that the Defendant, Nothey W. Dearing, is not a resident of his State, he is required to appear here within one nonth after the publication of this order, and do what a necessary to protect his interests in this matter. It further ordered, That a copy hereof be published me a week for four successive weeks in the "Spirit Jefferson," and posted at the front door of the Gaurt outs of this County, on the first day of the maxt runty Court of Jefferson.

R. T. BROWN, Car.

Marriages. In Leesburg, on Tuesday, the 4th instant, by Rev. SAMUEL GOVES, Mr. CHARLES W. WRIGHT and Miss LEVENIA H. SAUNDERS—all of Loudoun,

Deaths. In Clarke county, Virginia, on the 10th of June at the residence of her father, Mrs. EMELINE HES SER, wife of Mr. James H. Hesser, and only daughter of Squar and Elizabeth Best, aged 17 years 11 months and 10 days. In Leesburg, on the 4th instant, after a protracted illness, which she bore with that meekness and resignation peculiar to the Christian, Mrs. MARY JACK-SON, in the 71st year of her age.
On Sunday last in Martinsburg, CHARLES WINFIELD, son of Dr. Wm. M. and Virginia Hammond,
aged 1 year, 9 months and 2 days. Died suddenly at his residence in Hedgesville, or the 3d inst., Mr. JOHN GWINN, Sr., in the 53th year of his age.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

[coeaespondence of the spant, or infference.]

Baltimore, July 6, 1854.

CATTLE,—The offerings at the Scales on Monday were about 400 head of Beet Cattle, all of which were sold to city butchers at prices ranging from \$4 00 to \$4 75 on the hoof, equal to \$8 00 a \$9 25 net, and averaging \$4 50 gross. ... LIVE Hoes. - Siles at \$6 00a \$6 37 per 100 lbs. COFFEE.—The sales of the week comprise 2,600 bags Rio at I talo; c for common to prime qualities.
FIGUR.—Sales to-day of Howard street Flour at 83.50.

CORN MEAL.—Baltimore ground \$4 00 per bbl.

The following are the inspections of Flour for the week ending July 5th: 3,534 barr.ls and 153 half bbls. Together with 26 bbls. Rye Flour, and 389 bbls. Corn Meal.

WHEAT.—A parcel of good new white sold at 172 cts., and a small L.t of prime new red at 170 cents..... CORN.—We quote at 73a76 cts for yellow; and 73a

75 cts, for white. CLOVERSEED.—We quote sales at \$5 00 per USANDED We quote bases at \$5.00 per bushel, for fair to prime parcels.

LARD.—We quote bbis at 10½ cts; which washed 25a30 cts; pulligit 25a30 cts; and unwashed 17a20 cts; WHISKEY.—We note sales of barrels through the week at 23½ a 29c. We quote hinds, at 23c. BALTIMORE MARKET-SATURDAY. FLOUR AND MEAL. - The stock of Flour is very light and but little disposition to operate. The advices from Furope by the Baltic have had, a depressing effect, but in the absence of operations we are unable

to give prices. Holders of Howard street brands are

usking \$8,50 per bbl. City mills held at \$8 per bbl. We quote Rye Flour at \$5.25, and Corn Meal 3,31 a \$3,37 to \$4 per bbl. for country and city manufac-GRAIN AND SEEDS.—The supply of Grain is moderate. About 1300 bushels Wheat offered, and sales of red at 1.53 a \$1.62 and white do: ordinary to good and prime, at 1,53 a 1,62 to 1,70 per bushel. Inferior lots 2 to 15 cts less. The quality of the Wheat of-fered still continues common. The above sales were made p-ibr to the Baltic's news being made known. Corn-About 6 000 bushels offered, and sales of white at 74 a 75 cents yellow 75 a 77 cents, and mixed at 72 a 73 cents per bushel.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET: FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 7, 1854: FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 7, 1854:

FAMILY FLOUR, per bbl. ... \$9 50 a 10 50 SUPERFINE FLOUR, per bbl. ... 8 00 a 8 00 WHEAT, (red) per bushel 1 60 a 1 65 Do. (white) do ... 1 70 a 1 75 RYE, per bushel 0 98 a 1 00 CORN, (white) 0 70 a 0 71 Do. (yellow) 0 72 a 0 74 DATS, per bushel 0 63 a 0 55 CORN MEAL 0 75 a 0 30 BUTTER, (roll) x 0 18 a 0 22 BUTTER, (roll) x 0 18 a 0 22 3ACON, (hog round)......0 7; a 0 03

GEORGETOWN MARKET. FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 7, 1854. WINCHESTER MARKET. FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 6, 1854. ORRECTED WEEKLY BY SAML. HARTLEY, AT THE DEPOT

50 a 55 FLOUR; per barrel.... S U7 a 8 25 8 50 x 9 00 GRAIN-WHEAT..... 1 70 a 1 74 00 a in

Special Dotices.

Walley Agricultural Society .-- There will be a meeting of the Valley Agricultural Society at Sappington's Hot 1; on Friday, the 14th instant. It is important that all should be present.

WEO. E. WASHINGTON,

[se] Soretary. RULES AND REGULATIONS, To take effect on and after the 1st of May, 1854. For marriage announcements, no charge will be Obituary notices not exceeding six lines will be inserted gratis. The excess above that number of lines will be charged according to the advertising rates. Tributes of respect will be charged at advertising rates.
All-communications designed to promote the per-

sound interests of individuals, or that do not possess general interest, will be charged for at the usual ad-vertising rates. Those of an offensive personal character will not be inserted. All a lvertisent ints forwa cled by Newspaper agents will be charged at the usual advertising rat s; and must be accompanied by the cash or its equivalent, deduct ing the commission.

Patent medicines shall be charged for at the usual rates of yearly advertisements, and "bishop notices" double the advertising rates. Extracts from other

papers referring to such advertisements will be sub ject to the regular advertising rates.

Can litates at housements for offices of emolument will be charged at a tvertising rates.

95 The above rates are not to vitinte any existing

Patriot says: This medicine, which has been before the public for many years, has met with remarkable success, as we have seen from the most respectable sources. A large number of patients who have been relieved, and a number of the madical profession also, who have used it in their practice, have voluntarily given their certificates of recommendation to the pro-We are decidedly opposed to pulling quack nostrums, but as we have seen so many letters to Messrs.

MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, from the bources above mentioned, we feel it to be nothing more than justice to call the attention of the public to their advertise ment in to-day's paper. For sale by L. M. SMITH, Charlestown.

T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester. Dr. MOTT, Lesburg. ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown.

And by Bealers everywhere. 83-Codsumption is, without doubt, the most fearfully fatalofall diseases, (exceptepidemics.) annually carrying thousands to untimely graves. How often could the ravages of this arch destroyer be How often could the roway is of this arch destroyer be prevented, if timely remedies were used in allaying the infamination produced by an ordinary cold.—
For Courts, Colls, Sore Throats, and all similar diseases, STABLER'S ANODYNE CHERRY EXPECTORANT has no equal. It is not recommended as infamilie, but in sheal in an and others, who have used and a bininistered it, bear testinions to its extraordinary efficiely. It is known to be a "good inedicine," and as such is offered to the public, as also STABLER'S DIARRHEA CORDIAL, for diseases of the bowels. See a fractisement in prother column, and descriptive painphlets, to be had gratis. Price of each, only 50 cents, or six bottles for \$2.50.

(5-Henry's Invigorating Cordia) -The merits of this purely vegetable extract for the removal and cure of plivsical prostrution, genital dibline nervous affections, &c. &c. are fully described in an other column of line paper, to which the reader is referred. \$2 per bottle, 3 hottles for \$5; \$16 per dozen. — Observe the interks of the Propaged only by S. E. COHEN, No. 3 Franklin Row., Vine Street, below Eight to Philadelphia, Pat, TO WHOM ALL ORDERS MUST BE ADDRESS-For Sale by all respectable Druggists & Merchants PEEL & STEVENS, Alexandria, Va., wholesale

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold, on TUESDAY, August 1st, at the residence of the subscriber, near Kabletown:

,20 head of Cattle, of which 10 are young Steers;

140 head of Sheep sind Lambs, most of them very fine, and well deserviting the attention of breeders and butchess. ers and butchers; Ab ut 70 head of Hors;

1 fine large Work Horse; 80 larrels of Corn.
number of FARMING UTENSILS and hian articles of HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNI Terms—Twelve months credit on all sums over five dollars; the purchaser giving bond and approved security—under five dollars cash. Curity—under five dollars cash.

No property to be removed until the terms are comfilled with.

J. C. R. TAYLOR.

July 11, 1854.—ts [FP]

SAMUEL STONE,

Commissioner in Chancery of the Circuit
and County Court of Jefferson County.

OFFICE in the Court-House; (up stairs,) in the
room for many years occupied as an office by
the late Rope. Working aron. Esq.

Entrance (except of Court days) at the east door.
July 11, 1854—tf LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Postoffice, at Charlestown,
June 80th, 1854.

Joseph F. Adams, 2: Harriet Arter. Jane Beale,
Jetties W. Brown, Michael Bodell. Joseph Gross.
Mrs. Elleh Dillow. William Grantham, Thomas J.
Gibbs. John F. Halsby: Samuel Hardnot, James D.
Hunter, John H. Hiskitt, Charles Hunter, Miss Henrictta D. Henney. James W. Johnson. John Kable.
Margaret Lowe. Samuel McCaety. Mr. Parsons,
Manson B. Painter. Andrew Swigert, Hayward
Shepherd, Mrs. Margaret Shrodes, John H. Shailer.
James Trussell, William Thompson, Eliza Taylor,
Thos. Thompson. John Welcome, Mrs. Matilda
Whip, Georgo W. Weidman, James Webb, Jacob
Woodward.

July 11, 1854.

UNITED STATES HOTEL.

AT THE RAILROAD DEPOT,

Harpers-Ferry, Virginia.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform the travelling public that this Hotel is now renovated and improved for a better and enlarged accommodation for travellers during summer. With the late improvements and a determined perseverance, no effort or outlay shall be wanting to render this Hotel, in every respect, to the invalid or to comferts and accommodations equal to any Hotel in the Valley. The TABLE shall be furnished with the best from this and Balkinore, markets. DINNER always ready on the crival of the Baltimore daily cars, and ample time given for passengers to dine here; before the cars leave for Winchester or Baltimore. Passengers stopping here to view our bold romantic mountain scenery may rest assured they will be well cared for during their stay, A call is most respectfully solicited, to enable the travelling public to judge for themselves.

Harpers-Ferry, July 11, 1354.

Harpers-Ferry, July H, 1854.

UNITED STATES HOTEL.
AT THE RAILROAD DEPUT,
Harpers-Ferry, Virginia.

The subscriber respectfully showeth that this Hotel is open for the reception of travellers on the arrival of the cars, at all hours, day and night, and a polite and obliging barkeeper, with a trusty and active por, ter, to see that passengers are well cared for and baggage properly attended to M. CARRELL.

Harpers Ferry, July 11, 1854: SHENANDOAH BRIDGE COMPANY
AT HARPERS-FERRY.

The Annual Meeting of this Company will be held at their Toll-House, in the town of Harpers-Ferry, on Tuesday, the 1st of August, 1851, at 1 o'clock, P. M. Officers will then be elected for the ensuing year.

By order of the President:

P. COONS.

Harpers-Ferry, July 11, 1854 .-- td MARTINSBURG ACADEMY,
Vivit et Viget!
C. E. VON FAHNESTOCK, PRINCIPAL.
THE friends of this Institution are host politely informed that its duties will be resumed on Monlay the 4th of September. Terms will be made known upon application to the Principal or to Col. P. C. Pendleton, President of Board of Trustees.

July 4, 1854—tf THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of SHAULL & SHIRLEY, for the purpose of conducting the Milling business, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of June, 1854. The Books are at the Mill and will be settled by either of the late firm. The business will in the future be conducted under the firm of SHIRLEY & HETTERLY, who hope largely to increase the business by unre-mitting efforts to accomindate the public. WALTER SHIRLEY, JOHN F. SHAULL. VIRGINIA, Jefferson County, Sct.

In the County Court, July Rules, 1854.

Nathail H. Janney, Plaintiff,
AGAINST
Abrahain H. Haines, Defendant,
THE object of this suit is to attach the estate and effects of the Defendant, and all debts due him, so that the same may be forthcoming and liable to the further dider of the Court the further dider of the Court.

It appearing by satisfactory evidence that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this State, IT is ondered, That he appear here within one month after due publication of this order, and do what is necessative publication of this order, and do what is necessative. ry to protect his interest; and it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Spirit of Jefferson, and posted at the front door of the Court-House of this county, on the first day of the next term of this A copy—Teste:
T. A. MOORE, clk.

[A. HUNTER, P. Q. CRYSTAL PALACE. World's Fair, New York, United States of America— Association for the Exhibition of the Industry of all

THE association for the Fxhibition of the fridustry of all Nations awards to EUSHA S. SNYDER, of Charlestown, Jefferson county, va., the highest pre-mium Brotize Medal, with special approbation, for the combination he has effected, and the practical apthe combination he has effected, and the gractical application he has given the same, in his Ilab r Saving Machine for Threshing; Separating, Cleaning and Bagging Grain;—Hoil. Theodore Sudwick, President of the Association; Hon. Henry Wager, Western N. Y, Chairman; Watson Newbold, Esq., Columbus, N. J.; Col. John W. Proctor, Danvers, Mass.; Major Philip R. Freas, Germantown; Pahn.; Hon. Henry S. Babbit, Brooklyn, L. I., acting Secretary in Class 9, Juny C. 9, Jury C.

My Patent Premium Threshing, Separating, Cleaning and Bagging Grain Machine, is for sale, which received the first premium at the Crystal Palace, New York, over all Threshing, Separating, Cleaning and Bagging Grain Machines on exhibiting the constitution of the control of the co

Cleaning and Bagging Grain Machines on exhibitior—thus proving conclusively that simplicity in construction, cheapness in p.ice, and durability in my michine, is being fully appreciated, and the old and new costly, inferior, complicated separating Machines must yield their places to a superior Labor Saving Machine. The calebrated Machine for Threshing, Separating, Cleaning twice, Screening and Bagging Grain by one simple operation. The greatest ging Grain by one simple operation. The greatest labor saving Machine in the world for separating all pure and impurities. This machine throws the straw to itself, the chaff to itself, the wheat in the bag, the screenings to itself, and the smut and cheat to itself. screenings to itself, and the smut and cheat to itself. Everything has a place, and everything is in its place to suit the conveniences of the farmer. For simplicity, durability, cheapness and capacity, it has no equal in the world. As for what has been stated in the different papers concerning Mr. Zimmerman's Machine receiving the first premium at the Crystal Palace, New York, is false, and not true. It is also stated that Mr. Zimmerman received a number of premiums at and other fairs. That I know nothing about — perhaps he did; but it is very easy to win the race. -perhaps he did; but it is very easy to win the race, as the boy said when he ran by himself. But my honorable friends, this was not the case at the World's Fair, New York. Mr. Zimmerman had a number of other boys to run with, besides himself, which made the race more difficult for him—so much so, that he, Mr. Zimmerman, was neither the first nor second—so you may judge where he was.

These are facts that cannot be denied. The undersigned would inform the public that his Farmers' Labor Saving Machine for Theshing, Separating, Cleaning, Screening and Bagging all kinds of Grain, is for sale. Farthers wishing to buy the best machine in use, will address JOSEPH GLAZE, Frederick City, Md., who is manufacturing them in the best and mos ibstantial manner and can furnish any orders at a few days notice. Those wishing to purchase the Patent to manufacture the Machines, will address me at

Charlestown, Jefferson county, Vo.
June 27, 1854-1v* ELISHA S. SNYDER. NOTICE.

T IS desired that persons having claims against the estate of the late R. Wostlington, Esq., will present them to me before the first day of October next, so that a settlement of them can be arranged.

Any persons having papers which were left in the possession of Mr. Worthington as Commissioner of either of the Courts of the County of Jefferson, are hereby notified that the sallie will be ready for any disposition which may be desired by the 15th of July disposition which may be desired by the 15th of July next, and at my office in Charlestown. W. C. WORTHINGTON, June 27, 1854; - Administrator.

DEAFNESS, PARTIAL OR TOTAL, Entirely Removed.

PR. ALSOPHERT bega to call the attention of those suffering from a total or partial loss of the hearing, to the following fabts. He treats discases of middle or inner Ear with MEDICATED DOUCHES,

Such as is practised in the Infirmances of Berlin, Leipcic, Brusseis, Hamburg, and St. Petersburg, and lately by the most distinguished London Aurists, with the most wonderful success; indeed, it is the only method that has been uniformity successful. The best proof of the efficacy of the treatment will be a reference to nearly NINE HUNDRED NAMES,

NINE HUNDRED NAMES,
Residents of the United States; Canada, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia, who have been restored to Acute H aring, and not a single, solitary case to our knowledge, did we fail to effect either a partial or total restoration of the Hearing, when our advice and instructions were faithfully and punctually adhered to. Many who could not hear the report of a pistol at arm's length; can now hear a watch beat at the distance of function!

arm's length; can now hear a watch beat at the distance of four feet.

In cases of mucous accumulation in the Elustachian Tube and Tympanum, Inflammation of the Mucus Membrane, Nervous Affections, Diseases of the Membrane Tympani, commonly called the "Druin," or when the disease can be traced to the effects of Fevers, Colds, the use of Quinide, Mercurial Medicines, Gathering in the Ears in childhood, &c., Dr. Alsophert's theatifient stands pre-chiment. Where the Auditory Canal is dry and scaly with little or no secretion, when the deafness is accompanied with noises in the Ear, like falling water, chirping of insects, ringing of bells, rustling of leaves, continual pulsations, discharge of matter, or when, in stooping, a sensation is felt as if a rush of blood to the head took place, when the lietting is less acute in dull; cloudy weather, or when a cold has been taken, this method of treating the discharge is infallible. of treating the liselise is infallible.

IN DEAF AND DUMB CASES in DEAF AND DUMB CASES
in experience warrants me in saving, that if the
hearing was at any time goodl, very ninch can be accomplished. In the Deaf and Dumb School at Leipsice out of a class of 14; I succeeded in restoring Four
to accute hearing. Dr. A. begs respectfully to state,
that in those cases he under atakes he guarantees a successful result, complete restoration, or such a marked improvement as will be perfectly sitisfactory, if
his remedies are faithfully applied and directions ad
hered to.

hered to.

Applicants will please state their age, duration of disease, if matter issues from the external passage, if there are noises in the Ears, state of general health, and what they suppose to have been the cause of the deafness. When the hearing is restored it is expected that those in easy circumstances will pay liberal-

All discuses of the Eye successfully treated by the application of medicated vapors, &c.—In infallible and punless treatment for discuse of the Eye, Acute or Chronic—Calaract, Specks, inflammation, Granulation of the Lids, Ulceration of the Luchrymal Glands, &c., &c. To the astonishing and gratilying results of the treatment the child; the youth, those of middle age, as well as those far advanted in life, all bear testimony to its wonderfully removing, healing and southing effects. soothing effects.

Medicines, Apparatus; &c., will be sent to any part at my own expense.

Address DR: ALSOPHERT, BEOADWAY, Office 422; near Canal street, New York. June 27.—4m. [\$10.].
County papers please copy for 4 mos., and forward the Bill with copies of paper.

WHICH took the Premium at the Plottening Match on Jacob Sensency's farm, May 30th; 1856, can now be seen by calling at the works of Messre. Snapp & Harmania, Winchester.

The point is steel or wrought from, and can be turned four different ways. The Cutter and Share can be turned twice; the latter is made of either east or wrought from. It is durable, clieap and labor-saving; being so neatly arranged and constructed as to do three horses' work with two—a matter of vast importance to be farmer. The farrow commendes turning at the cutter, thereby avoiding the heavy friction and breaking of furrow unavoidable in all other Plows. It turns a furrow 16 inches wide and 84 inches deep. nches deep.

Enquiries concerning it, or orders for Shop Rights, will be promptly attended to by addressing ROWLAND & THOMAS. Shenandoul City, Angrait S, 1883.

ford pleasant and speedy access. T. L. BLAKEMORE, T. B. P. INGRAM.

ORKNEY SPRINGS,
SHENANDOAH COUNTY, VA.
The Seymour House and Sylvan Retreat (the only Hotels within the corporation,) will be opened for visitors, as usual, July 1st, 1824, by A. R. SEYMOUR, Sole Proprietor. MUSIC.

The Ladies' Parlor will be furnished with a Ridho and Guitar, and the Ball Room with a Cotilion Band.
A grand Tournament and Fancy Ball will be held on Monday, August 23th.
Coaches will run daily from the Springs via Mt. Coaches Will run nany,
Jackson to New Maret and return.
A. R. SEYMOUR.

Jude M; 1854—2m

JORDAN'S SPRINGS;

FREDERICK COUNTY, VA.;

One and a half miles from Stephenson's Depot on the Harpers-Ferry and Winchester railroad. Physengers leaving Washington City and Baltimore, in the undrining trails, arrive in time to dine. For more than 70 years invalids have resorted to these waters. In Gont, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Liver Discases, all Ereptive Discases, &c., its medicinal qualities are well known and fully established. Another large brick building erected since last season. A fine Band of Music is engaged. Coaches await the argival of the cars. Springs now open for the reception of visitors. Address Jordan's Springs, Stephenson's Depot, Frederick county, Va. pot, Frederick county, Va. E. G. & R. M. JORDAN & BRO. June 27: 1954:

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED—
Another supply of Nails, Granulated Sugar,
Rice, Tobacco, Lemons, Tinware, Shoes, Boots, Hats,
including some new-style Ladies' Slippers, black
watered Silk, wide Fringe, Gimp, &c.
SHUALL & GRANTHAM.
Middleway, July 4, 1854. DRESS GOODS:—Barages, Tissues and Lawns, at cost, by A. W. CRAMER. June 20, 1854:

NEW JEWELRY. HAVE just received the largest and finest assortment of WATCHES, JEWELRY and FANCY GOODS ever offered in this market, a callis solicited.

CHARLES G. STEWART.

Charlestown, June 13, 1854. Charlestown, June 13, 1854.

WE have just received a large lot of enocents such as New Orleans; Porto Rico and Havana Sugars; Crushed and Loaf do; fresh Rice; Chocolate; New Orleans, Porto Rico and Syrup Molasses; a superior lot of Coffee; fresh Lemons, &c. Also English and American Scythes and Whetstones; Rifles and Rakes; a few of Wageley's best Cradles, in short, everything needed by the farmer. We will give the highest price for all kinds of Marketing, such as Eggs; Butter; Bacoli; Lard; Wood; Rags, and everything else which is offered and we solicit an examination of our stock by every person, as it will afford us pleasure to show our goods, whether we self or not.

SHAULL & GRANTHAM.

Middleway, June 13, 1854.

Middleway, June 13, 1854. MORECHEAP GOODS ATTRICHEAP
STORE!—1000 yards neat styled Calicoes, tast
colors, 64 cents a yard; 1500 do. French Chintz, latest
styles, 10 cents do.; 1500 do. French and SwissLawns,
a full yard wide, 124 cents do.; beautiful black and
colored Silks, from 50 cents to \$1.00 a yard, great bar-Cearlestown, June 13, 1854. O CENTS A PIECE !- Palm Leaf Fans, 3 cts

3 a piece! Black Silk Mantillas, richly trimmed, \$2.00; Chali de Laine, worth 75 cents, at 37; cents a yard; Silk Bonnets, ready trimmed, all colors and and the very latest styles, as low as \$1.75 a piece, at ISAAC ROSE'S, Charlestown, June 13, 1854. Cheap store. GREAT BARGAINS IN READY MADE CLOTHING!—500 Linen, Gignham and Sheer-sucker Coats, from 75 cents to \$1.00, also a very large new stock of Cashimerett, Cloth, Tweed, Alapaça and Linen Duck Coats; also Pants, Vests, Shirts, and everything clsc, at greatly reduced prices. Call soon and look at the assortiment. ISAAC ROSE. Charlestown, June 13, 1854.

IRISH LINENS: WHITE GOODS AND EMBROIDERIES!—The cheapest in the State. ISAAC ROSE. Charlestown, June 13, 1854. TO THE PUBLIC.—A very short notice of the last publication of Messrs. Henson & Rhor will at this time suffice. If there is in the community an individual who believes their statements as therein set forth, I certainly shall not trouble myself to en-ighten that individual. Ishallat my own convenience publish a few coculments in relation to this affair. publish a few documents in relation to this affair. When this occurs I apprehend Messrs: Henson & Rhor will scarcely adhere to their published resolution to "take no further notice of anything emajating from his (my) pen."

T. F. NELSON.

Papers publishing the article of Messrs. Henson & Rhor, will please add the above and send their accounts to the office of the "Spirit of Jefferson."

Summit-Point, June 13, 1354.

T. F. N

FRESH GROCERIES.—We have just returne from Baltimore, and now receiving a large and general assortment of Goods in our line, to which we invite our customers and others to examine before purchasing their supplies. H. L. EBY & SON. Charlestown, June 13, 1851. CONSUMERS of Coal will do well to leave their or

ders with me our ng this menth, as I am about to contract for several hundred tons, and it is best to be in fine, so as to avoid disarpointment. I will be enabled to furnish selected Lump Coal at the lowest rates; also Blacksmith's Coal. E. M. AISQUITH. Charlestown, June 6, 1854. IMPORTANT TO VIRGINIA FARM-ERS.—The undersigned having been appointed gent for J. G. Wright's celebrated Self-Raking Reaper, farmers wishing to purchase these invaluable machines must call early upon the agent. See par-ticulars on handoills. EDWARDHUNT.

Charlestown, June 13, 1854. 2,000 OAK SHINGLES for sale by P. H. RPOWN. A SERVANT GIRL, about 15 or 19 years of age, for hire: Enquire at THIS OFFICE.

June 13, 1854.

A I.ARGE and new stock of Embroidered Mus-lin for Curtains, which will be sold lower than can be bought in this market. J.D. LINE. June 13, 1854. TUST RECEIVED-100 bushels No. 1 LIME. June 13, 1554. FOR HARVEST.—5 hogsheads prime New Orleans and Porto Rico Sugars, which I will sell low. Call and examine for yourselves. June 13, 1854. R. H. BROWN.

BBLS. CRUSHED, Pulverized, Granula ted and Clarified Sugars, received and for sale June 13, 1854. R. H. BROWN. W HISKEY. The best Harvest Whiskey in town, and no mistake, received and for sale.

June 13, 1854. R. H. BROWN. 10 BBLS. SUDA, SUGAR, WATER, BUT TER AND PIC-NIC CRACKERS, for sale by June 13, 1854. R. H. BROWN. SALTA—Ground Alum and Fine Salt, received and for sale by June 13, 1851. R: II. REOWN.

QUEEN AT RTHEN WARE, received and for Sure 13, 1854.

R. H. BROWN. BRANDY.—Just received from Philadelphia, 2 casks of Superior Pale and Dark Brandy. Also, one case of bottled do., as follows: Wild Cherry, Raspberry, Ginger, Lavender and Blackberry, for sale by

H. Li EBY & SON.

Charlestown, June 6, 1854. L'Also, a painie lot of Segars and Chewing To-bacco [Jone 6] H. L. EBY & SON.

25 BBLS. HARVEST WHISKEY, for June 6, 1364. H. L. EBY & SON. ORN STARCH AND RICE FLOUR, June 6, 1554. H. L. EBY & SON. SHAD for sale by H. L. EBY & SON.

June 6, 1854. RAKING SODA AND SALZERATUS received and for sale by H. L. EBY & SON. June 6, 1354. 50 KEGS NAILS, assorted sizes, for s leby June 6, 1854. H. L. EBY & SON. No. 1 POTOMAC HERRING, just received by [June 6] H. L. EBY & SON.

100 SACKS G. A. & FINE SALT, on June 5, 1354.

H. L. EBY & SON.

2000 LBS. COUNTRY CURED BAJune 6, 1854: H. J. ERV & SON.

SUPERIOR GREEN TEAS, part in prices,
for side by
June 6, 1854.

H. L. ERY & SON. JORDAN'S SPRINGS,
FREDERICK COUNTY, VIRGINIA.
Will be opened for the rec. ption of visitors on the 12th of June. [May 30, 1854.] TAX NOTICE.—There is Corporation tax due
the us Collector, some for 3 years, some for 2
years and for 1353. There is due and uncollected at
least \$300, which houst be paid in the month of June;
as further indulgative cannot be given.
May 30.

C. G. BRAGG, Collector.

OLD PORT AND MADEIRA WINE, The sick, and guarantied better than any in the county. For sale by JERE. HARRIS:

May 23, 1854.

May 23, 1854.

SADDLERY, SADDLERY.

COTCH Collars, Cap Collars, Carriage
Collars, Trunks, Carpet-Bags, Riding
Bridles, Martingales, Bridle Bits from 12, cents to
S5, Spurs of all kinds, Gearing of all descriptions,
on hand and made to order. Repairing done at the
shortest notice.

Summit Point, May 23, 1854.

HARVEST GOODS:

dozon Rakes, (Thompson's make.)

"English grain Scythes.)

"Grass do.;
"Spends;
"Spends;
"Stylet Siones.;
Rice, Sugar, Molasses, Coffee &c., for sale by
May 30.

TRAVELLING THUNKS, HAND
Trunks and Curpet Bags—for sale by
July 4, 1354.

PINE APPLES.—The subscriber has just re
coived a lot of PINE APPLES. Call agon and
get supplied.

May 30, 1854. This same Office

country.

The Analysis made by the late Dr. De Butts from 100 grains of the water from the main fountain, at forded 63 grs. of Sulphate of Lime, 10; grs. Carbonate of Lime; 23; grs. of Sulphate of Magnesia, (Epsom Salt,) 1 gr. of Muriate of Magnesia, 1 gr. Muriate of Soda, 3-10 grs. Sulphate of Iron, and 7-10 grs. Carbonate of Iron. inte of Soda, 3-10 grs. Sulphate of Iron, and 7-10 grs. Carbonate of Iron.

From the above analysis the waters of Shannon-dale may very properly be classed among the Saline Chalybeates—a combination of the most valuable description in the whole range of Mineral waters. It may therefore be positively asserted, without exaggeration or fear of contradiction, that no mineral water within the limits of the United States, possesses the same constituent parts, or is a more salutary and efficient alterative than the waters of the Shannon dale Springs. This water acts as centives the trillddale Springs. This water acts as gently as the thild-cat ap rient, without giving rise to those unpleasant sansations of pain and debility so often occasioned by ordinary cathartics, prepared by the most skillful physicians. by ordinary cathartics, prepared by the most skillful physicians.

The free use of this water, ects almost immediately upon the skin and kidneys, removes worms, relieves the convalescent from billions or other fevers, dyspepsia, dropsical swellings, calculous affections, hemorrhoids, scrofula, indigestion, rheumatism, hemorrhoids, scrofula, indigestion, rheumatism, hemorrhoids, scrofula, indigestion, rheumatism, liks of, appetite, exhaustion, general debility, gravelly concretions, strictures and a variety of other diseases to which man is subject, and it is freely acknowledged by all who have been afflicted with any of the above diseases, that the free use of Shannoudale waters have effected permanent cures.

Sulphur, Mineral, hot and cold Bathes furnished by application at the Bar.

The Hotel is large and commodious—the cottages numerous and comfortable.

The table will be supplied with the best beef, mountain and valley mutton, together with all the luxuries afforded in the fertile valley of Virginia.

The best Wines, Beandies and other Liquors can always be fined at the table or at the bar.

Provider of Sannington's Hotel.

G. W. SAPPINGTON.

Proprietor of Sappington's Hotel.
Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va.
June 5, 1854.

THE WAY TO SELL LAND!

We advise all persons owning Virginia Lands, and desiring to sell the same, to Advertise-first in their own local papers, so that their neighbors may become acquainted with their desire; and next in some journal of wide circulation printed at a distance, so that the attention of strangers may be drawn to the property. THE BEST PAPER IN PENNSYLVANIA TO ADVERTISE VIRGINIA LANDS IN, IS THE VALLEY SPIRIT; published at Chambersburg, Pa., by P. S. Dechert & Co. Its circulation is three times as large as the average circulation of County papers in Pennsylvania; and care has been exercised to have it extensively circulated among the agricultural community, they being generally the most substantial patrons. It is generally believed that an advertisement of Real Estate in this paper, will be read by more Farmers, and therefore by more persons disposed to purchase that kind of of property than if inserted in any other journal in this part of the country. The Valley Spirit's circulation lies mainly in the wich and populous counties of FRANKLIN and CUMBERLAND, but yet it is not confined to those counties. It circulates also in Ad-THE WAY TO SELL LAND! confined to those counties. It circulates also in Adconfined to those counties. It circulates also in Adams, York, Lancaster and Lebanon on the East, Fulton, Bedfordand Soinerset on the West and Huntingdon, Juniata, Perry and Centre on the North. From these parts of our State many Agriculturists have removed to Virginia, and others, it is not to be doubted, will year after year follow. Would it not be good policy for Virginians to bring their property to the notice of those who are collecting a removal to their State by advertising it in our paper? Our paper;

(C) A copy of the paper will be forwarded to the address of any one who may make the request. Its large size, and the heavy advertising custom it enjoys, will serve to show its standing. All communication to be addressed to P. S. DECHERT & Co.,

Chambersburg, Pa., Chambersburg, May 30, 1354. NEW STORE AT SUMMIT POINT.

THE subscriber having just returned from Baltimore with a general assortment of DCMESTICS,

SHOES, BOOTS, HATS, CAPS,
QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONARY, SADDLERY,
&c., which he offers at the very lowest figure for cash. It is his purpose to repletish his stock at least four times a year, which will chable him to furnish the public at all seasons with goods fresh from the marpublic at all seasons with goods fresh from the market. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited promising to give entire satisfaction in r turn Summit Point, May 23, 1854.

Summit Point, May 23, 1854.

Of-Cotton Rags, Beeswax, Hard Soap, Butter, Eggs, Beans, Corn, Oats, Hay, Bacon, Lard, Old Iron, Wool, Hides, Sheep Skins, Silver and Gold coin and bankhille paper to be in a constant of the const

and bankable paper taken in exchange for goods and work at the highest cash prices. J. H. F. NEW BOOKS. The Lantplighter, Price \$1.00 Autohiography of an Actress, 1.25 Hot Corn,
Russia as it is
Furkey and the Turks,
Uncle Sam's Farm Fence. 1.00 .75 cts Old Brewery, With all the latest Periodicals, for sale by 75 cts

Charlestown, May 23. S. H. STEWART: HON. T. H., BENTON'S GREAT WORK.

THIRTY YEARS VIEW;

Or, a Histo y of the Workings of the American Government for thirty years; frum 1520 to 1850; chiefly taken from the Congress Debates, the public papers of General Jackson, and the Speeches of Ex-Senator Benton, with his actual view of the men and affairs, with historical paters of diffusionizations. with Historical notes and illustrations, and some no-tice of eminent deceased cotemporaries.

Copies of the above work just received and for sale by

Charlestown, May 9, 1854.

MISS ELIZABETH MCDONALD informs the La-dies of Charlestown that she intends to carry on the MANTUA-MAKING BUSINESS, and to cut and fit Ladies Dresses. She also receives her Fashions monthly and will have Pattern's for sale, agalso Mantillag and Basque bodies. She received instructions in Ralti more, and is confident that strictation will be paid. She solicits a call from the Lodies to examine her Patterns and hopes to be patronized.

Her rooms are at her father's residence.

May 16, 1854. PERSONS desirous of procuring one of the Improved HYDRO-THERMAL CHURNS, patented by Mess. 8th Harrison & Gallaher, of Washington city, can get one by leaving their Haines at the Free Press Offices, where in jornation reasons. Office, where in ormation respecting price, &c., may be obtained. Different sizes will be manufactured, to suit the wants of the butter maker.

May 30, 1854. TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber having rented the GRIST AND SAW MILL, of Col. Braxton Davenport, forinerly in the occupancy of Mr. Rankin Johnson; on the Smithfield Turnpike, respectfully informs the public that he is fully prepared to do all work entrusted to his care. He hopes by close attention to the business and untiring efforts to accommodate, to retain the former custom of the Mill and largely increase if custom of the Mill and largely increase it.

May 2, 1854—3m GEO. W. BOYERS.

By a resident of this county, a good plain Cook, Washer and Ironer. Also, one or two YOUNG SERVANTS. For address apply to the EDITOR.

May 2, 1854—tf HON. THOMAS H. BENTON'S LOUDOUN COUNTY AGRICULTURAL INSTITUTE

AND CHEMICAL ACADEMY,

NEAR ALDIE, VA.

In this Institution thorough instruction is given in all the branches of Muthematics of Science useful to

the farmer and the man of business. The students are not taught the theory only, but they are instructed in the Practical Application of their studies to the every day affairs of life. They are made ac-quainted with the phenomena of mature, taught the proper ics of soils, the requirements of plants, the composition of minerals, the utility of different kinds of rocky, laws of m chanical forces, calculations of of rock; laws of m chanical forces, calculations of the strength of materials used for building and other purposes, surveying farms, levelling water edurses, laying out roads, making maps, mechanical drawing, calculations required in the construction of machinery, &c. Agricultural Chemistry is thoroughly taught, and illustrated by thousands of interesting experiments in the acture room, in the laboratory and on the farm. The advanced students are taught how to prepare note cheficials; simily a sails; minetaught, an I illustrated by thousands of literesting experiments in the betture room, in the laboratory and on the farm. The advanced students are taught how to prepare pure chefficials; analyze soils; minerals, marks, &c.

A workship is furnished with a Torning Lathe and a great variety of too s for working in wood and metal. Henge the students have an opportunity of witnessing all the branches of mechanism from the felling of the timber to the polisbing and finishing of handsome and costly apparatus, every part of which is familiarly explained.

Their attention, is not confined to the class book, but they are taken into the laboratory, the workshop, the gardeli and the field; an they are made acquainted with hundreds of operations which are the field; and they are made acquainted with hundreds of operations which are made acquainted with hundre handsome and costly apparatus, every part of which is familiarly explained.

Their attention is not confined to the class book, but they are taken into the laboratory, the weekshop, the garden and the field; and they are made acquainted with hundreds of operations which every body sees, but few can explain.

The design of the Institution is to prepare young men for business. To accomplish this desirable end, neither pains little expense is spared in obtaining every thing necessary for full and complete instruction.

The buildings are new and commonious. The laborate pains in the commonious of the laborate pains in the commonious.

neither pains in expense is spared in obtaining every thing nicessary for full and complete instruction. The buildings are new and commonious. The laboratory is conveniently arranged for all the manipulations in qualitative and quantifictive analysis, and the beation has all the advantages of purity of water, salubrity of atmosphere, and beauty of scenery.

The course of instruction is varied to suit the farmer, the merchant, the engineer, &c.

The tegular sessions commence on the first day of October and end on the first day of the following August. Young men wishing to enter as students should if possible make application before the closing of the previous session.

Terms per Session of Ten Months—Two hithdeed dollars, one-half payable in advance and the remainder on the first of March. This includes Tuition, Board, Lodging, Washing, Fuel and Lights. Students in the Classical Department are charged \$20 per session extra to be paid in advance

Sons of preachers and editors are charged only \$150 per session.

Books furnished at store prices, for which the students are expected to pay cash.

Farmers can lave their soils analyzed and teachers and students can obtain pure chemical tests at the celtablishment.

BENJ. HYDE BENTON, Principal.

Aldie P. O., Loudoun county, Va., May 2, 1854.—1y

BERKELEY SPRINGS, VIRGINIA.
THE Hotel of the undersigned is now ready for a company. The price of board to each permanent boarder will be, with single room or place in larger one, ten dollars per week; families at the same rate, modified by the extent of chamber room occupied and the age and doubtion of ile members. Board without ladging seven dollars per week. Transient visiters two dollars per day, or at the rate of twelve dollars per week for less than two weeks.

Inposit

· 中心上的主要的多数是1000年至1000年

Ter at private sale the "ABLE FARM.")
the hundred and thirty-five Acres (at.) none in the county. The improvements ist of a very fine ERICK DWELLING Out-Buildings necessary for the Farm, enter is quite convenient to the Builde batter in the county. Also, an excellent ings and no better in the county. Also, an excellent Orchard of Fruit.

The Furnt is situated in Jefferson county, Virginia, half a mile south of Duffield's Depot; on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, five miles porthess of Charlestown, the county seat; five miles west of Harpers-Ferry, and about the same distance south of Shepherdatown the Joseph T. Hess, and others.

This Farm, situated so convenient to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, would make a delightful summer residence for a family sceking pleasure or health. may 2, 1854—if—May 2, 1854—if—May 2, 1854—if—Minor Hirst.

May 2, 1854—II. MINOR HIRST.

CEDAR EAWN FOR SALE.

WILL be sold at private sale, the Farin known I the name of Cedar Lawn, formerly the resident of John T. A. Washington, dec'd, lying in Jeffers county, Va., about three bulks S. W. of Charlestow on the road leading from Berryville to Leetown, at about one mile South of the Harpers-Ferry and Smith field turnpike, adjoining the Errais of John R. Flag George Isler, Mrs. H. L. Alexander, Thos. B. Was ington, Dr. Scollay and others; containing about 2 AGRES, about 35 of which are in fine timber. Thinprovements consist of a hands the three story Bare Dwelling, forty feet square, with a two story. With AGRES, about 35 of which are in fine timber. The improvements consist of a handselne threestory Barck Dwestling, forty feet square, with a two story Wing 40 feet by 20 feet attached; a Barn, Corn-house, Milkhouse, and Negro Cabina. Also, a large urchard of choice Apples, and a young Peach Orelard recently planted. The Lawn and premise a generally are highly improved by Shrubbery and a large trainity of handsome Ornamental and Fruit Trees. There is a Cistern convenient, and a never failing well of pure, Limestone Water about 100 yards distain! The farm in shape is nearly square. The land is in a fine state of cultivation, and the soil of superior quality. It has every convenience to market, being in the intendiate vicinity of the Winchester and Harpers. Ferry Railroad, and within 7 or 8 miles of the Raito, and Ohio Rail-road. The place is well known, and altogether is one of the most desirable tracter of the Raito, and of the most desirable tracter of the size in the Valley. Persons who contemplate purtinging can be informed as to the terms of sale by consulting me in person, or by letter addressed to me at Charlestown, Jeffeoren county, Va.

GEORGE WASHINGTON,

For himself and in behalf of the other devisor Dec'r 13, 1863—tf

JEFFERSON MACHINE SHOP & IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY THE subscribers respectfully call the attention of the farming community to their very large assort ment of FARMING IMPLEMENTS, comprising ment of FARMING IMPLEMENTS, comprising every kind of implement used by the farmer to socilitate and cheapen his operations, including our colchated Patent Premium Thresher, Cleaner and

Which received the First Premium at the Crystal Which received the First Premium at the Crystal Palace, N. York, this making 10 Premiums in two seasons, in competition with the most celebrated Separators of the day; proving conclusively, that simplicity in construction, cheapness in price, and durability in machine, is being fully appreciated, and the old complicated costly separators must yield their place to a superior machine. This Machine, for the short of the place to a superior machine. place to a superior machine. This Machine, for threshing, separating, cleaning twice, screening and begging, (by one simple operation,) all kinds of Grain—the greatest labor saving machine extant, for simplicity, durability, ellesphess and capacity, it has no rival in the world. It is capable of turning out, ready for the inill or for seed, from 300 to 500 bushels of Wheat per day, with 6 or 8 horses, and 8 hands—or from 500 to 800 bushels with 12 horses adid as many hands, doing the work cleaner, and breaking less grain, than any stachide now in use. This institute received the first premiums at the Maryland State Fair, Balt., in 1852, and 1853; the Walshigton Co., Md. Fair; Valley Agricultural Fair, of Ma. in 1852 and 1853; the Rappaliannock Agricultural Society, at Port Royal, Va.; the first premium at the Illinois State Fair, 1853, at Springfield, and a Silver Medal at the Indiana State Fair, at Indianapolis, 1853.

This matchine is so simple in construction, that the one fan and shoe completely cleans and logs the grain, dispensing with all the complicated machinery (and consequent liability of derangement) in all other separators, thus making it more desirable to the farmer. SHOP PRICES OF ZIMMREMAN & CO'S. TTRESHER, CLEANER, BAGGER AND POWER.—Throsher, Cleaner and Bagger complete, 6 and 8 horses, \$175—Power

Tresher, Cleaner and Bagger 36 inch Cylinder, \$200; Power for saine, \$135, for 8, 10 and 12 horses. This Power for same, \$135, for 8, 10 and 12 horses. This machine is complete with Band, Wrenches, &c.:

63-REFERENCES—Samuel Sands, Esq., Editor of the "American Farmer;" Col. Edward Lloyd, Easton, Md.; Capt. D. Cox, Northumberland, Co., Va.; Hill Carter, Esq., Richmond; Richard Willis, Esq., Richmond; Col. Charles Carroll, near Ellicott's Mills, Md.; F. Nelson, Esq., Richmond; Col. B. Davenport, Jefferson Co.; Va.; Dr. Harding, Northumberland Co., Va.; Capt. Harding, Northumberland Co., Va.; Clarke Co., Va.; Clarke Mason, Esq., Clarke Co., Va.; Charles Mason, Esq., King George Co., Va.; S. W., Thomas, Esq., Clarke Co., Va.; Md.; Ezra Houck, Frederick city, Md.; Ezra Houck, Frederick city, Md.; John Clageti, Hagerstown, Md. (33-The above machines are manufactured in 65-The above machines are manufactured in Charlestown, Jefferson Co., Va. All orders addressed to us will be attended to with promptness, and a threshers sent out warranted to come up to the star.

FACTS CARNOT BF DOUBTED.

Let the Afflicted Read and Ponder!

MORE than 500 persons in the City of Richmond,

Wa., alone testify to the remarkable cures performed by CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE.

The great Spring Medicine and Purifier of the blood is now used by hundreds of grateful patients, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, Carter's Spanial Mixture. Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions on the Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affections of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Pames and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this great and linestimable remedy.

For all diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet Been found to compare with it. It cleaneds the system of all impubilities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Eidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone to the Stomach, makes the Skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution, enfeebled by disease or broken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine v. gor and strength.

gor and strength.

For the Ladies, it is incomparably better than all the cosmetics ever used. A few does of Carter's Spanish, Mixture, will remove all sallowness of complexion, bring the roses mantling to the cheek, give elasticity to the step, and improve the general health in a remarkable degree, beyond all the medicines ever heard of.

A large number of certificates of remarkable caves. cines ever heard of.

A large number of certificates of remarkable cures performed on persons residing in the city of Richmond, Virginia, by the use of Carter's Spanish Mixture, is the besu evidence that there is no humbug about it. The press, botel keepers, magistrates, physicians, and public men, well known to the community, all additheir testimony to the effects of this GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Call and see a few hundreds of the certificates pround

Call and see a few hundreds of the certificates around the bottle. None genuine biless signed BENNETT & BEERS, Principal Debots at M. WARD, Close & Co., No. Principal Depots at M. WARD, CLOSE & CO., No. 83 Maiden Lane, New York. T. W. DYOTT & SONS, and JENKINS & HARTEBERRE, Philadelphia. BENNETT & BEERS, No. 125 Main street, Richmond, Va. And for sale by Dr. L. M. SMITH, Charlestown, T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry, and by Dealers in Madicines agree where. n Modicines every where. August 16, 1853-1y

A CHANGE.

A CHANGE.

GOODS to the house formerly occurred by Brown & Washington, where he would be pleased to see his customers and friends:
Charlestown, April 4, 1854.

Or, a History of the Working of the American Government for Thirty Years. From 1820 to 1850. Chiefly taken from the Congress debates, the private papers of Gen. Jackson, and the Speeches of Exsenator Benton, with his actual view of men and This Work will be completed in 2 vol., with Historical notes and Illustrations and some notices of deceised contemporaries, the first of which will be published on the 1st of May, 1854, and will be brought down to the close of the administration of Gen. Jackson and will thus form a complete work by itself, containing 700 double column Royal 8 vo. Pages. Price \$2,50 per vol.; pay on delivery.

Citizens of Jefferson county, desiring to subscribe, can see the prespectus by calling on W. W. B. GAL LAHER, at the Free Press Office, who will receive subscription for this valuable work.

JOHN S. HOLLING LEAD,

OLD '76.

J. P. BRADY,

No 13 LIGHT STREET.

Has fitted up, in superior style, a RESTAL RANT at the above locality, and furnished it with all fine "et ceteras" of a first class establishment Good WINFS, good LIQUORS, first rate CIGARS, the best EATA-BLES the markets afford, with the most competent and cleanly CGGKS to prepare them for the table, together with civil and attentive WAITERS, may at all times be found at Old '76!

Baltimore, June 27, 1858.—if 300 FASHIONABLE MARSAILLES
Vests, single, souble and trible breasted, from 57 centate \$2.00 a piece. Genuine grasslinen Costs, whole weight (Button holes included) only 17 ounces, at \$5.00 a piece, 800 best 3 ply standing. Collars 124 cents a piece at ISAAC ROSE/S.
Charlestowii, June 27, 1854. Cheap Store. No. 1, PERUVIAN GUANO, at lifty-five dollars per ton, for sale by HOFFMAN & BRO. Harpers-Ferry, June 20, 1854-3t [FP] A NOTHER supply of those excellent RAKES, incredived at the Depot.

L. M. AlSQUITIL.

June 20, 1854. LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S
Shoes of all kinds and prices, for sale by
June 27.
A. W. CRAMER. WANTED IMMEDIATELY. A JOER June 16,11 3512 3 27 7 12 GEO. B. MC MORE LINEN, GINGHAM, CAMBB and Alapaca Ceats, also Panta to suit the was season at ISAAC ROSE'S Charlo town, June 27, 1854. Cheap Stor 25 BUSHELS MERCER POTATOES also 100 bushels Lime, just received and for the Charlestown Visit 181

OF URLAND W. O. MOLASSES, receives

TALE OF VALUE

embracing as to the real estate about six acres of land, &c.. situated up said hiand, adjoining hiarperFerry, with its appartenant Water-Powes.

This WATER-POWER, & property developed, is capable of driving almost an unlimited amount of machinery.

The improvements consist in part, of a machinery.

The improvements consist in part, of a machinery.

The improvements consist in part, of a machinery.

The Factory is filled with the most approved in the chinery; built by Charles Danforth, of New Jersey; in 1848, to wit:

CARDING DEPARTMENT.—One Patent Cotton Opener and Gleanes, new; 2 Pickers for double openers. Opener and Cleanes, new; 2. Fickers for dou-ration; 13 thirty-ix inch Curring Engine railway and 1 and attached; 2 Fatent D Frames, very superior; 6 Double Roller Beam ers. SPINNING DEPARTMENT -18 Frames, and SPINNING DEPARTMENT.—Is Frames, and 132 Spindles—2.376.

DILESSING DEPARTMENT.—Is Drowing Frames, with Copper Steam Heaters; 6 Cracie Winters, now best class.

WEAVING DEPARTMENT.—It locks, of the which are now in operation, for 4 4 Sheetings, drived by two new Iron Turbine wheels, 5 feet in inshes in diameter e.ch., from the establishment of 2. Kilburn & Co., Fall River, Marsachusetts.

Iron Shafting, Georgig and Pullies of the most approved finish, with Composition Boxes.

One Cloth Press; 1 Scraper and Brush machine; Banding Machines; Lathe and Tools for Roller covering, &c.

ering, &c.
REPAIR SHOP.—One New 12 foot iron Turning Engine Lathe, with Screw apparatus attached.— Ore dittoditto Hand Lathe. The Factory is heated by stessa with pipes, on the There is an Office, Store-Room and Waste House attached to the Factory.

The further improvements are a STONE MACHINE SHOP, 50 by 20 feet, 3 stories high, leased and occupied.

A SAW, MILLS, 100 by 36 feet, weather boarded, with Iron Water Wheel and occupied by the Conpany

A two-story BRICK BUILDING, occupied by the
Company, its a Store.

Four large DWELLING HOUSES, Company, its a Store, and rough rast; five BRICK
TENEMENTS, two stories; and five WOOS-

A more detailed description of said property is deemed unnecessity, as these who may desire to purchase will doubtless carefully a same in the property for themselves—it is believed however that such an opportunity for profitable investment in manufacturing property has rated full ever been offered in the United States. A H. Heat, Esq., residing on the island, will show the premises to any one desiring to purchase. purchase.
The Winchester and Potebnae Railroad runs through the premises, and within 100 yards of the Factory—thus effering every facility for transporta-

Factory—thus offering every facility for transportation.

Terms of sale, by direction of said decres, are as
follows, to wit: "One-tenth, of the gross amount of
sale to be paid down in cash at the time of sale; one
other tenth part of said gross a mount to be paid at
the next ensuing term of said Court, (which commences October 18th, 1854.) upon the confirmation
of the sale; the residue to be divisied into four equal
sums, to be paid; one-fourth at the yad of one year,
one-fourth at the gad of two years, one-fourth at the
end of four years, and the remaining fourth at the
end of four years in the date of confirmation of the
sale; each of said four installments to bear legal interest from said date of confirmation and
to be secured by deed of trust upon the property—
The agreement of sale-to provide for the toriesture by The agreement of sale to provide for the local time of the purchaser of the angitenth to be paid on the day of sale, in case he shall fail to come forward and com-

plete his purchase."

ANDREW HINTER:

ROBERT Y. CONRAD.

Special Commissioners.

Practional Intelligencer and Baltimore American
tri-weekly until day of sale, and forward bills to this
office. ffice.

NOTICE IS HELEBY GIVEN, That the under-signed will give premptattention to the location or sale of all Land Warmints remitted to them; they or sale of ell Land Warrants remitted to them; they should be assigned in blank. We can locate on fine rich prairie land, centiqueus to the St. Louis and Kansas line of the Pacific Railread, or the Southwestern branch of the Pacific Read, the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, or the contemplated line from Weston to St. Louis. We have no doubt many of our locations will be worth \$5 per acre in a very short time. Our fees for location will be reasonable:

The expresses to register and receive ought to accomshort time. Our fees for location will be reasonable.
The expenses to register and receive ought to accompany the warrant.
Address all letters and papers to
FIELD & TROXELL.
Attorneys at Law and Real Estate Agents,

Reference.—VANCE BELL, Summit Point P. Q. Jefferson county, Va. [May 16, 1354-17 TOPARTNERSHIP NOTICE. THE undersigned have this day formed a Copartship, under the name of HOFFMAN & FROTHER,
for the purpose of prescenting a general COMMISfor the purpose of prescenting a general COMMISfor the purpose of prescenting a general COMMISfor the purpose of prescenting a general COMMISING BUSINESS, on the Chempeake and Ohio, Canal, and pledge
themselves to give their undivided attention to all
business entrusted to them.

R. H. HOFFMAN,
P. B. HOFFMAN,
Horrers Ferry March 1st, 1856.

Harpers-Ferry, March 1st, 1854. 03-One of the Firm will be located in Georgetown and will give his personal attention to orders for LUMBER of all description, GUANO, PLASTER, SALT and GROCFRIES generally.

FISH will be put up to order, for family use, with our best care.

HOFFMAN & BROTHER. our best care. HOF

THIS well-known establishment is still carried on under the personal superintendence of the undersigned, through whose Patents may be accured both in this and all foreign countries, with the unmost Edelity and dispatch, on very moderate terms. Persons wishing for advice relative to Patents of Inventions, may at all times consult the undersigned without charge, either personally at his office, or by letter. To those living at a distance, he would state that all the needful steps necessary to secure a Patent can be arranged by letter. When parties wish to be informed as to the probability of being enabled to obtain Patents, it will be necessary for them to forward by mail a rough outline sketch and description of the invention. No fee or charge is made for such examinations.

Private consultations held daily with Inventors from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. THE PEUPLE'S PATENT OFFICE. Prisate consultations held daily with Inventor from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Models from a distance may be sent by express or otherwise. For further information apply wor address, post paid,

ALFRED E. BEACH,

Editor and Proprietor of the Prople's Journal,

Solicitor of American and Foreign Prients,

People's Patent Office, 86 Nassau-st., New York.

The subscribers manufacture from the best CAST STEEL, CIRCULAR SAWS, broin, two inches to eighty inches in disincter. Their Saws are hardened and tempered, and are ground and finished by machinery designed expersely in the purpose; and are therefore much superior to these greated in the usual manner; as they are strengthened and stiffened by increasing them in thickness regularly from the cutting edge to the centre, censcently do not become heated or buckled, and produce a great saving in timber.

They also manufacture CAST STEIL MILL PIT AND CROSS CUT SAWS, AND BILLET WILS, of superior cuality, all of which they have fersale, of they may be obtained of the principal hardward merchants throughout the United States and Camaga.

P. HCE & CO., After several months of peace and quietness I again enter the artna, and om new prepared to furnish all kinds of COAL h little lower than any cempetitor. All persons wishing the article will please send their orders in mediately.

Communications addressed to JAS. A. BECKHAM.
Box 923, Baltimore, Maryland.

And 18, 1851-16 [FP]

Grass Linen Silk Cloth, No. For sale by Mary 0, 4854.

11 of Herring and Mackerel, just received and for sale by sale by Charlestown, May 23, 1634. PRUNES.-Prones in gliss jairs, for rale by 10,000 Princ Cak Slingles for sale ly HEARTH RUGS; for sale by A. W. CRAMER. BOMBAZINE.—Superior French Bembasine, and all finds of Black Goeds, for sale by June 20, 1854. A. W. CRAMER. SHAD AND HERRING, for sale by A. W. CEAMEN. SAPSAGO CHEESE, for sale by CRAMER.

BLACK TEA.—Superior Tea, of all kinds, for June 20, 1854. JUST received at the Charlestown Departs - April 4. 1984. E. M. Alsoutte. CLASS, GLASS, GLASS, There just receive the destriction of a large association to fall theore and French Glass of which are the following sizes 2210, 10212, 12714 and 12718, for sale by THOS, RAWLINS. A PPLICA VASITES For sale by WHITE AND COLORED SILE FAIRE, Blaz 30. WHITE BARAGE, for Dressed Caper . N. Scarfs. [May 20] A. W. CRAME STHOOL POTICE -A brief Exemina

In an obscure corner of our city and at an unfrequented house, on Wednesday night, as we are informed, a band of persons, variously estimated at between one and two hundred, assembled together as "Know Nothings," and hold secret concalve. Of what they do or say, we of course are ignorant; but we think it reasonable to presume they differ in their principles and objects in no wise from the Northern associations bearing the same inviting name. As to what the avowed aims of the latter are, we have taken repeated occasion to inform our readers. We will sum them up however in a few words. First, a vile crusade against all of our adopted citizens, the end of which will be totally to disfranchise them. Secondly, an unholy persecution of a denomination of professing christians, for worshipping God according to the dictates of their own consciences; the effect of which will be to subvert one of the main pillars of our political fabric-Freedom of Religion. We shall deal with these people as they de-

serve to be dealt with, not gingerly, as some have done, but as conspirators against the liberties of the land, as traitors to the Constitution of their country. They have organized selves in a secret association to accomplish certain political ends. If we understand these ends aright, they sap the foundation of public liberty by striking a death-blow at religious toleration, and destroy the political equality of our citizens by deflowering a large portion of their privileges, and this too without cause. So understanding their objects, we should be recreant to our duty as a journalist, if we failed to denounce the treason, or to show off in their proper colors the traitors.

We know none of the members of this conspiracy, but are satisfied that there are many who have enlisted in the association through ignorance of its designs, fondness for novelty, or from a naturally inquisitive spirit. To these we do not wish to be understood as applying our remarks, further than simply to advise them to speedily part company with the society. We can very well understand how young men and sometimes old ones, can be drawn into an association of this description without enquiring into its ends, or reflecting upon the consequences of its success. For such as these the path of duty is plain, and that is rapidly to retrace their footsteps before it becomes too late. Hence, we repeat, that to persons of this description, our harsh remarks are not intended to

But there is another class for whom we do mean them especially, and who richly deserve the contempt of the community. These are the authors of this movement, composed elsewhere, and we suppose here, for the most part, of reckless demagogues and political roues, who would sell their party, country or God, to bask in the sunshine of popular favor; men who destitute of principle, are ever trimming their sails to any breeze, it matters not though foul with treason that will land them safe into the haven of public patronage. These persons are ever on the alert for some new-fangled idea with which to excite the popular mind. One thing, so it effects this end, will answer their purpose as well as another. In the prejudice against foreigners and the Catholic religion; they see fit elements to serve their designs, and straightway light their torches, to fire the temple of our liberties, little heeding or caring, so they accomplish a momentary triumph, for the com-

plete destruction of the temple itself.

We are no Catholic. For the ceremonies of the church, in common with all persons reared as Protestants, we have rather a distaste. Our ancestry for generations back have never, as we are aware of, embraced in their number a member of that faith. So with foreigners. For four generations back we confess to pure American blood. But though neither a Catholic or a foreigner, yet when we see one sought to be down-trodden in derogation of the first principles of our organic law, and the other sought to be stripped of his privileges in violation alike of justice and good policy, we are indignant, and have a right to be so. "Error ceases to be dangerous when truth is left free to combat it." If our forefathers committed a mistake in guaranteeing religious toleration, why, let the question be publicly discussed, and let the guarrantee be taken away. We think it right, but if the requisite number think it wrong we will quietly submit. Just so with our adopted citizens. If it is wrong for them to vote or hold office, let the matter be publicly canvassed, and if the majority say so, let them be deprived of their privileges. But let us have none of this low, limping, sneaking, underhanded, crop-eared, nake-in-the-grass, "Know-Nothingism," which is a disgrace to any community that tolerates its existence in their midst.

We live in a free country, where every man has an inalienable right to entertain and express his own opinions-where no law or subject is too sacred for critici m and enquiry, and if needs be, for division or repeal. If we lived under a Despotism, where freedom of opinion was not tolerated—where liberty of speech was accounted treason, then there might be excuse or reason for a secret association, to effect political ends; but in free America there is none -utterly none .- Southside Democrat.

3. Bitter as have been the denunciations of the South by the New York Tribune and hostile as is the general attitude of that paper towards this portion of the confederacy, there is nothing which has ever come under our observation which comprises so much traitorous animosity as the following libellous paragraph

from the Detroit Tribune: The southern people would turn pale at the very first attempt to dissolve the Union, and would be each the north as piteously to save them from their own wicked folly, as they now hall a south the town with the south bully and bluster loudly for what they call their rights. The greatest calamity that could possibly befal the Southern States, would, be a separation from the North. They would before five years, fall a prey to the vengeance of their own claves, as did the white population of Havi, and in the end become a mere dependency of the northern portion of the confederacy. We should not only protect their chattles when escaping to us for refuge, but we should, in the end, enter their territory, declare liberty to the captive, and arm them against their oppressors."

Two men went to "Californy." One the back without a rag on his back, while other came, back with nothing but rage, nied to know, which did the best? An-

Hampshire. April 10, September 10.
Berkeley April 27, September 27.
Morgan May 6, October 6.
Jefferson May 18, October 18. Seventh District-Fourteenth Circuit. JOHN KINNEY, JUDGE.
Warren.....March 30, August 30. Shenandoah April 4, September 4.
Page April 14, September 14.
Hardy April 21, September 21.
Rockingham May 15, October 15.

QUARTERLY COURTS. Frederick—Monday before 1st Tuesday in March, une, August and November. Berkeley—2d Monday in March, June, August and Jefferson-3d Monday in March, June, Augustand Clarke-4th Monday in February, May, July and Morgan-4th Monday in March, June, Augustand November. Hampshire—4th Monday in March, June, August Loudoun-2d Monday in March, June, August and November. Fauquier—4th Monday in March, May, Augus and November.

Hardy—Monday before 1st Tuesday in March,
June, August and November.

Warren—3d Monday in March, May, August and

November. Shenandoah—Monday before 2d Tuesdayin March, June, August and November. MONTHLY COURTS. Frederick—Monday before the 1st Tuesday.
Hardy—Monday before the 1st Tuesday.
Berkeley—Second Monday.
Jefferson—Third Monday. Clarke-2d Monday in June and 4th Monday other months. Shenandoah—Monday before 2d Tuesday. Warren-Third Monday. Morgan-Fourth Monday.

DISTRICT COURT. Composed of the Culpeper, Albemarle, Rockingham and Frederick Districts—sits annually in Winches ter on the 15th day of December.] GREEN B. SAMUELS, Court of Appeals.
RICHARD H. FIELD, RICHARD PARKER, Circuit Courts

JOHN KINNEY, CLASSIFICATION OF MAGISTRATES. The following is the classification of the Magistrates of Jefferson county, which was made in August, 1852, and continues until the expiration of their terms, determines who shall compose the Couny Court each month. It will be found useful for

Braxton Davenport, Presiding Justice; George B. Beall, John F. Smith, John Hess, and A. M. Ball. MARCH. Braxton Davenport, A. R. Boteler, Robert W. Baylor, Samuel Ridenour, and Samuel W. Strider. Braxton Davenport, John Moler, Logan Osborn, Jacob Welshans, and H: N. Gallaher.

Braxton Davenport, John T. Henkle, Jonas Walraven, Lewis Lucas, and Joseph L. Russell. Braxton Davenport, John Moler, David Billmire Jacob W. Wagely, and Israel Russell. Braxton Davenport, John C. R. Taylor, John Avis,

Jr., John Quigley, and George W. Tacey. AUGUST. Braxton Davenport, John C. R. Taylor, John Avis, Jr., John Quigley, and George W. Tacey. SEPTEMBER. Braxton Davenport, John Moler, David Billmire, Jacob W. Wagely, and Israel Russell.

Braxton Davenport, A. R. Boteler, R. W. Baylor, Samuel Ridenour, and Samuel W. Strider. Braxton Davenport, John T. Henkle, Jonas Wal-

raven, Lewis Lucas, and Joseph L. Russell. DECEMBER Braxton Davenport, Geo. W. Little, John J. Lock, Jacob W. Reynolds, and John J. Grantham. March and August are the Jury Terms. When a vacancy occurs, the new incumbent takes the place assigned his predecessor. Since the classification in 1852, four vacancies have been filled, in consequence of removals from the District.

> U. S. OFFICERS. President, FRANKLIN PIERCE. President of the Senate, DAVID R. ATCHISON,

Secretary of State-Wm. L MARCY, of New York. Secretary of Treasury—James Guthrie, of Ky. Secretary of Navy—James C. Dobbin, of N. C. Secretary of War—Jefferson Davis, of Mississi Secretary of Interior—Robt. McClelland, of Mich. Postmaster General—James Campbell, of Pa. Attorney General-CALES CUSHING, of Massachusetts.

Governor-JOSEPH JOHNSON. Lieutenant-Governor-SHELTON F. LEAKE. Attorney General-Willis P. Bocock.
Adjutant General-William H. Richardson. Assistant Clerk-P. F. Howard.
Copying Clerk-William H. Richardson, Jr.
Auditor of Public Accounts C. W. Coon, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts—G. W. CUTTER. Register of the Land Office-S. H. PARKER. Librarian—George W. Munford.
Superintendant of the Penitentiary—C. S. Morgan.
Gen'l Ag't or Storekeeper of Peni'ry—J C. Spotts.

STATISTICS. 1850-Population of Virginia 895,204 free whites Do. do. ... 54,030 free color'd. Do. do. ...472,530 slaves.

The Law of Newspapers. 1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the offices to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled the bill and ordered them discontinued. and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers remove to other places without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5. The Courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facia evidence of intentional fraud.

CLOTHING, CLOTHING.—The subscriber returned from Baltimore the second time this Spring, has now a very large stock of CLOTHING on hand, which shall and must be sold, as it is bought for that purpose. All descriptions of Coats, Pants, Vests and Shirts, for men and boy, in the greatest variety. Also, a large stock of Trunks, Valises and Carpet-Bags.

ISAAC ROSE. Carpet-Bags. Charlestown, May 9, 1854. ISAAC ROSE.

FOR HARVEST.—I have several hundred RAKES, such as are hard to get. Prepare in time by calling early.

Charlestown Depot, May 16; 1854. A WHOLE SUIT OF CLOTHES FOR \$3.

I will select and sell a complete suit for Summer,
Coat, Pants, Vest, and Hat, all for \$3. Any body
that can beat that may look out for Barnum. that can beat that may look out for Barnum.
May 9, 1854. ISAAC ROSE. WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c. HE subscriber has just returned from the East-esn cities and is now opening a fine assortment of

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, CLOCKS and a general assortment of FAN-CY GOODS, to which he would invite the atention of purchasers.

April 11, 1854. CHAS. G. STEWART. WHITE GOODS.—Worked Collars, Sleeves, &c., white French worked Robes, Swiss Jaconet and Plaid Muslins, for sale by May 2, 1854. T. C. SIGAFOOSE, MATTING.—14 pieces best Gowqua Matting, 4-4, 5-4, 5-4 White and Checked, bought before the rise, for sale by May 2, 1854. KEYES & KEARSLEY. DAIRBANK'S PLATFORM SCALES. We are agent for these Scales and can furnism of all sizes at Baltimore price, adding tight.

BROWN & WASHINGTON
Charlestown, May 23.

It won't do to conclude that man is all apply when "smiling," or that he is a nilder, because you always find him some to try?

TEA.—1 chest of very prime G. P. Tea will the lovers of the article call and go some to try?

May 22, 1854.

FIRE, LIFE & MARINE INSURANCE BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.
NEW ARRANGEMENT.

EXPRESS TRAIN
For Wheeling, stopping at Frederick, Harpers-Ferry,
Martinsburg and Cumberland only, leaves Camden
Station, daily, at 7. p. m.—Through to Wheeling in
eighteen hours.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN

For Frederick and intermediate points, daily (excep

Hagerstown 3 50
Eminitisburg 3 50
Charleston, S. C. 17 50

Leave Baltimore at 4.15 and 9 A.M., 3.30 and 7 P.M.

On Sundays, at 4 15 A. M. and 6.10 p. M. Leave Washington for Baltimore at 6 and 8 A. M.

On Sundays, at 6 A. M. and 5 P. M.

NG-The first and fourth Trains from Baltimore, and
he second and fourth train from Washington will

Juncture and Annapolis Junction. By order.

Jan. 24. J. T. ENGLAND, Agent.

WINCHESTER & POTOMAC RAII.ROAD. THE PASSENGER TRAIN now leaves the Ticket

GILBERT'S HOTEL,

At the Railroad Depot, Winchester, Va.

THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he has taken the well-known HOTEL at the Railroad Depot

formerly kept by Mr. John Cos, dec'd. The House has undergone necessary repairs, and is now in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and so-

A large and commodious Stable is attached to the

premises, which will be furnished with the hest grain

nd hay and attentive Ostler. His Table will always

be furnished with all the varieties which the season

plied with the choicest Liquors.

His charges will be moderate. He therefore invites

the patrons of the House to give him a call, as he is

determined to spare no pains in making his guests

MF-Boarders taken by the week, month or year.
BARNET GILBERT.

My-The undersigned takes pleasure in recommend-ng Mr. Gilbear to the patrons of the House whilst under the management of my Father, and respectfully

solicits for him a continuance of their custom.

June 23, 1853.

JAMES W. COE.

SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL,

Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.
THIS large and very commodious THREE-STORY
BRICK HOTEL, situated in the centre and busi-

ness part of the town, is now among the most attrac-tive and desirable resting places in the great Valley of

Virginia.
The luxuries of the TABLE of this establishment.

are surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior Wines and

Several large Parlors and airy Chambers have been

added since last year.

A Splendid Yellow-Mounted Coach attends the

will pay a reasonable compensation.
Saddle and Harness Horses, Carriages, Buggies, and

careful Drivers always ready for the accommodation of visitors.

GEO. W. SAPPINGTON,

RAWLINS HOTEL,

Corner of Queen and Burk streets, MARTINSBURG, VA.

A large and commodious STABLE is attached to the premises. The luxuries of the TABLE will be

with a choice selection of superior wines and liquors.

Baggage taken to and from the Depot free of charge, and in bad weather a Carriage will run to the Depot for the accommodation of travellers without any addi

BERRYVILLE HOTEL.

THE subscriber having leased the above well known Hotel, in Berryville, Clarke county, begs leave to inform the travelling public that he is now ready to receive guests. He is also prepared to accommodate Boarders, either by the day, week, month or year.

varieties which the season and market will afford his Bar with the choicest liquors, and his Stable with

the best hay, grain, and ostler.

As he intends tomake this his permanent residence

can please the most fastidious. Hischarges will be as moderate, as the expenses of any good public house in this section of country will justify. He, therefore, invites all to extend to him a share of their custom.

Berryville, April 5, 1853. WM. N. THOMPSON.

tall; . | Imperial do. Also, a large assortment of other kinds of Seeds,

April 25, 1854. THOMAS RAWLINS.

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

D.R. E. L. WAGER having permanently located at the late residence of Jas. H. H. Gunnell, dec'd., near Shannondale Springs, respectfully offers his PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the Public—

hoping by diligent attention, and with eight years experience, to merit the confidence of all who may desire his services.

THE subscriber having leased the Brick Store, on German street, in Shepherdstown, formerly occupied by Robert G. Harper, and having just returned from the Northern cities with a very extensive STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, selected with

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Super Black French Cloth, Olive and Green do.,
Black Doeskin Cassimere, Fancy do., Black Italian
Cloth, Silk Velvet, Satin, Buff and White Shapes,
Mersailles Vest Patterns, Fancy Silk Neck Ties, Silk
and Linen Cravats, Black, White and Fancy Kid
Gloves, Drab Beaver Hats, Black Silk do., Canton,
Leghorn and Cuban do.

N. O. Sugar, Molasses, Rio Coffee, Rice, Pepper and Allspice. Also, about 1500 pounds of country-cured BACON.

BACON.

The above embraces a very small portion of his stock of goods now on hand, and all he asks is for one and all to call and examine, as he is determined to sell. His terms is cash, or to men who are responsible a credit of twelve months will be given.

JOHN M. LOCK.

Shepherdstown, April 11, 1854—tf

BELL HANGING.

I AM prepared to furnish and hang BELLS of all kinds, and in the latest and most approved manner. Respectable reference given, if required. Orders left at Carter's Hotel, Charlestown, will be promptly executed.

P. E. NOLAND.

Charlestown, September 13, 1853.

HATS, HATS.

A large stock of HATS, of every shape and style or sale by [April 11.] J. L., HOOFF.

MERCER POTATOES for sale by BROWN & WASHINGTON. Charlestown, May 23.

500 SHAD. Just received and

which can be had at the Market h

SONNETS of every desc

JOS. C. RAWLINS,

surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times suppli

July 9, 1850.

tional expense.

March 2, 1852-1v

and market will afford, and the Bar at all times sup-

J. GEO. HEIST,

Principal Agent.

.30 and 5 P. M.

May 30, 1854.

TIRE, LIFE & MARINE INSURANCE.

I YNCHBURG HOSE AND FIRE
INSURANCE COMPANY.

This Company makes Insurance against loss or damages by Fire, on Dwelling Houses, Stores, Tobacco Factories and other Buildings, on Furniture, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, generally in town and country, on the most favorable terms:

Also makes Insurance on the lives of all persons enjoying good health, and of sound constitution for the whole duration of life, or for a limited period.

Slaves employed in ordinary occupations, will be insured on reasonable terms.

The Company will also take marine risks from and to any of the Northern or Southern Ports, at favorable rates. Two Daily Lines between Baltimore and Wheeling.
FROM BALTIMORE FOR WHEELING, CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, INDIANOPOLIS,
CLEVELAND, CHICAGO, TOLEDO, SAINT CLEVELAND, CHICAGO, 10022
LOUIS, &c.

O'N and after MONDAY, January 27d, two daily
TRAINS, (except on Sundays,) will be run between Baltimore and Wheeling.
Leave Baltimore for Frederick, Harpers-Ferry,
Cumberland, and all Way Places, at 8 A. M., arriving
in Wheeling at 4.30 A. M. next day.

EXPRESS TRAIN

EXPRESS TRAIN

Wheeling stepping at Frederick, Harpers-Ferry,

Board of Directors.

JOHN ROBIN McDANIEL, President.

DON T. C. PETERS, Vice President.

SAMPSON DIUGUID, Chief Engineers JAMIS M. COBBS,
GEORGE W. YANCEY,
WILLIAM T. ANDERSON,
JOHN O. TAYLOR,
MARTIN HOLLINS, Treasurer. CREED T. WILLS, Secretary.

Dr. P. H. GILMER,
Dr. WM. OTWAY OWEN,
Agent for Jefferson county, . B. W. HERBERT.
Medical Examiner, Dr. G. F. MASON.
Charlestown, April 25, 1854—ly

[FF] THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA FIRE

MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Will issue Policies on all kinds of Property, Merchandise, &c., at fair and equitable rates. Capital \$150,000, with power to increase the same to \$200,000.

THE attention of the citizens of Virginia is especially invited to this Company as a Home Institution, based upon ample capital, and guaranteed by the best of references; and conducted on the strictest principles of emity, justice, and economy.

ples of equity, justice, and economy.

HOME OFFICE—WINCHESTER, VA. JOS. S. CARSON, Pres. C. S. FUNK, Secretary. O. F. BRESEE, Actuary. James H. Burgess, Lloyd Logan, John Kerr, Jos. S. Carson, James P. Riely, H. H. M'Guyre, B. W. HERBERT,

Agent for Jefferson county. August 2, 1853-1y [F. P.] Testimonials. Testimonials.

Winchester, May 27, 1853.

We, the undersigned, being solicited to give our opinion as to the character and standing of the Insurance Company of the Valley of Virginia, have no hesitation in saying that we have the utmost confidence in the ability and integrity of the President and Directors of that Company.

The fact that we have insured our own property in the Company, is perhaps the strongest evidence we can give as to our opinion of its merits.

J. H. Sherrand, Cash. Farmer's Bank of Va.

J. H. SHERRARD, Cash. Farmer's Bank of Va. Hon. J. M. Mason, U. S. Senator. JACOB SENSENY, Esq., Merchant, Winchester. T. A. TIDBALL, Prest. of Bank of Valley of Va. HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM-

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
Incorporated 1810.--Charter Perpetual.
Capital \$150,000, with power of increasing
it to \$250,000.

PUBLIC Buildings, Manufactories, Mills, Machinery, Dwelling Houses, Stores, Merchandise, Household Furniture, Vessels on the stocks or while in port,
&c., will be insured at rates as low as the risk will
admit.

admit.
Applications for Insurance may be made of
B. W. HERBERT,
In the absence of the Agent from Charlestown, to J.
P. Baewn, Esq., who will attend to them promptly.
Persons at a distance address through the mail.
N. B. On all Church Buildings and Clergymen's personal property the Agent will present his commissions in reducing the amount of premiums on the risks thus arising.

[January 2, 1854—19] Office, at Winchester, at 9 o'clock, A. M., instead of 9; o'clock, as heretofore.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned, having engaged in the Mercantile Business, are now opening, at Doran's old stand, near the Armory Gate, a very extensive stock of DRY GOODS HARDWARE GROCERIES. BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, &c., to an examination of which they respect-fully invite the attention of the public. Their motto is not large profits, but large sales. They are deter-mined to conduct their business on the most liberal principles, and to use every effort to merit the publi onfidence and patronage. Whatever they sell shall be of the character represented, and invariably reduced to such prices that none may hope to undersell.

They have established such extensive arrangements as will enable them to supply the market with every article they deal in at the very lowest prices. They feel confident an examination of the variety, quality, and prices of their goods will convince the public that money may be saved by purchasing at their house.

They will give particular attention to the GROCERY AND PROVISION BUSINESS, for which they have made ample room, by an enlargement of the premises, and families may rely with confidence upon being supplied by them with articles in this line, of fresh and superior quality. They purchased their Groceries, mostly in large quantities and al-

ways for cash. They keep a very heavy stock on hand, and can, and will, sell them at prices unusual in this market. The following enumeration will give a general outline of their extensive stock:
Plain, Changeable and Figured Dress Silks;
Plain and Figured Mouslin de Laines;

Challeys, Lawns, Ginghams, Alpaccas, Canton Cloths; Sombazines, French and English Calicoes; Brown and Bleached Muslins;
Ticking, Bagging, Checks, Plaids, Linen Sheetings, Table Linens and Oil Cloths;
Towelings, White, Red and Yellow Flannels;
Irish Linens, Silk, Crape, Cashmere and Mouslin Shawls; Hoisery, Kid, Thread, Cotton, Silk and Silk Nett Gloves; Nett Gloves;
Cambric, Jaconets, Laces and Edgings;
Plain, Barred and Figured Swiss Goods;
Needle-worked Goods, Trinmings, Bonnet Ribbons, Parasols and Umbrellas;
Coating Linens, Jeans and Tweeds;
Cassimere, Cassinets, Linen Drills;
Cravats, Suspenders, Boots and Shoes of every

description for Men, Ladies, Boys, Misses and Silk, Fur, Straw, Chip, Kossuth and Slouch Hats of every variety;
A large stock of Hardware, including Cutlery and House furnishing materials;

Rifle and Blasting Powder; Queensware, and Woodware; Window Glass, Putty, Oil and Paints;
Putty, Oil and Paints;
A lot of fine Tobacco and Segars;
Bacon, Salt, Fish, Lard, Potatoes, Flour and
Corn Meal. Corn Meal.

They have a choice lot of fine Liquors, wherewith they will supply gentlemen as cheap as the same brands can be bought in the cities.

WALSH & BRO.

Harpers-Ferry, May 2, 1854-tf TUST ARRIVED. The undersigned has just returned from the Eastern markets with the largest and most complete STOCK OF GOODS he has ever offered at this place, all of which has been purchased on the very best possible terms, and will be sold as low as any goods of the same quality can be in the Valley of Virginia. sisting in part of the following articles, viz:

Cloths, Cassimeres and Tweeds;

Fancy Cassinets, at very low prices; he will spare no pains in endeavoring to render those who give him their custom, both comfortable and happy. He flatters himself, from his long acquaintance with business, and the manners of the world, that he

Silk, Satin and Marsailles Vestings; Italian, Cloth and Summer do.;
A good assortment of Cotton Goods for Sum-An assortment of Bleached and Brown Cottons Do do Osnaburg Cottons; Black, plain, striped and figured Silks; Tarltons, Illusions and Sarcenetts Swiss, Cambric and Jaconet Muslins; Plain and figured Canton do.;
A large assortment of Calicoes and Ginghams;

Berages and Berage de Laines, very cheap; Lawns, Muslins, &c. Irish Linen and Linen Tablecloths; Linen, Silk, and Cambric Handkerchiefs; Crape, Silk, and Cashmere Shawls, of every variety; French-worked Collars and Cuffs;

A ULT'S ENGLISH

GARDEN SEEDS.

I have just received another fresh supply of English Garden Seed, part of which are as follows:

Dwarf or Snapple Beans;
White Kidney do.;
White Microwfat do.;
Red do do.;
Red do do.;
Large Lima Beans;
Poor Man's Profit Peas,
tall;
Imperial do. Dress Trinmings, &c.; Silk and Straw Bonnets, very cheap; Artificial Flowers, &c., and almost every thing in the fancy way;
Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes;
Hats and Caps, of every quality and price.
Also, a large stock of Groceries of the best quality, sisting in part of— Coffee, Sugars, Chocolate, Teas;

Coffee, Sugars, Chocolate, Teas;
Molasses, Syrups, Bacon, Salt, &c.
Also, a good assortment of Hardware;
Cutlery, Carpenters' Tools, &c.
Waiters, Looking Glasses, and Tinware.
A large stock of Queensware, &c.
All of which will be sold on the very best terms.
Those who desire to get good and cheap bargains arerespectfully invited to call before purchasing elsewhere and judge for themselves. where, and judge for themselves. Harpers-Ferry, April 18, 1854. SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, selected with great care, which he has now open and ready for examination by the ladies and gentlemen of that town and adjoining neighborhood. He is determined to make QUICK SALES AND SHORT PROFITS. The following is a list of a portion of his Stock:

DRESS GOODS.

Fancy Silks, Plaid do., Black do., Crape-Finish Berage, Satin Plaid do., Solid colored de Laines, Fancy de Laines, Plaid do., Embroidered Swiss, Fancy French Lawn, Plaid and Dotted Swiss Muslins, Plain and Plaid Cambric, English and American Prints of every style, Fancy Kid Gloves, White do., Silk and Cotton do., White, Black and Lead-colored Hose, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Laces, Edgings and Insertings, Velvet Ribbon, Gilt-Edged Velvet Buttons, BONNETS of every description.

HAVE on hand, at my nursery, on the farm of Apple, Pear, Peach, Appricot, Plum, and Almond Trees, of the very finest variety. As the public are aware, Mr. Lucas has been at great pains to procure the very choicest kinds from the best nurseries in the United States, and I have been allowed the privilege to bud and propagate from his trees, which, added to my own selections, gives me all the best varieties.—My Peach Trees, especially, sre very fine. My terms are accommodating.

October 25, 1853. FRUIT TREES.

GROCERIES. I have received a general as-GROCERIES.—I have received a general asortment Groceries, consisting in part of brown,
crushed and pulverised Sugar; Coffee; Young Hyson,
Imperial and Cunpowder Teas; Rice; Golden Syrup,
and New Orleans Molasses; Tobacco, Segars, Starr's
Rappee, Moccoboy and Senator's Mixture Snuffs;
with a general assortment of Spices. Also, a general
assortment of China, Queens and Potter's Ware; a
large assortment of Milk Crocks. All of which can
be had for eash or upon a short gredit at the Market. be had for cash or upon a short credit at the Market-House. May 2. THOS. RAWLINS. GOLDEN SYRUP.—I have just received the purest and cheapest article of Golden Syrup that has ever been brought to this town. If you do not believe it to the control of the believe it you can come and try it.
May 23, 1854. T. RAWLINS.

BROWN STOUT, PORTER, &c.-2 bbls.
Brown Stout, 2 bbls. Porter. Also, a lot Soda
Water; Lemon and Sarsaparilla Pop. For sale by
April 18.
J. F. BLESSING. SCOTCH HERRING, for sale by April 18, 1854. A. W. CRAMER. MATTING.—White and colored Matting, [April 18] A. W. CRAMER. CASH FOR WOOL.—The highest market price paid for WOOL, at the Charlestown Depot. May 30, 1854. E. M. AISQUITH. WHITE AND COLORED WATERED
SILK, for Capes and Vasites.
A. W. CRAMER. BACON, BACON.—2,000 lbs, for sale,
JERE, HARRIS,
COATS.—300 Lines and Gingham Coats for sale
[May 90.] T. C. SIGATOOSE.

McIntosh's howard house:

HEIM, NICODEMUS, GEO. P. THOMAS.
HEIM, NICODEMUS & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in Foreign and
Domestic Liquors, of every description.
No. 333 Baltimore street, between Paca and Eulaw sts.
Baltimore, April 12, 1853—tf

HENRY A. WEBB.

H. A. WEBB & CO.

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, &c., &c.

No. 14 North Howard Struet, Nearly opposite
the Howard House, formerly the Wheatfield Inn,
Next Door to Davis & Miller's Drug Store,
July 12, 1853—1y.

Baltimore.

To the Millers in the Volume

To the Millers in the Valley.

MARTIN & HOBSON,

FLOUR AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner of Eutaw and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, Md.,

THANKFUL to their friends and the Millers in

Virginia who have so liberally sustained their
House, offer increased facilities for the prompt and
most satisfactory performance of all business committed to their care. For Frederick and intermediate points, daily (except Sundays,) at 4 P. M.

For Ellicott's Mills and points East, daily, (except Sunday,) at 6.30 A. M. and 4.40 P. M.

From Wheeling at 9.15 A. M. and 8.30 P. M., daily, (except Sundays,) the 8.30 P. M. Train not starting from Wheeling on Saturday evenings.)

From Cumberland at 8.30 A. M. and 9 P. M. ted to their care Baltimore, July 12, 1853-1y. From Harpers-Ferry at 1.10 A. M. and 1.25 P. M. From Frederick daily, (except Sundays,) at 8.30

E. L. MATTHEWS. F. HYDE. WM. SMY MATTHEWS, HYDE & SMYTH, mporters and Dealers in Foreign & Domestic HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, SADLERY, &c.
Corner of Baltimore and Liberty streets, Baltimore.
Baltimore, June 21, 1853—19

DICKSON & KING,
Lumber Merchants, water street, Georgetown, D. C.,
KEEP constantly on hand a general assortment of
Building Materials. October 12, 1853-1y



A. GADDESS Corner Sharp and German Streets, September 20, 1853-1y Baltimore, M

PUMP MAKING.

To the Citizens of Jefferson, Berkeley,
Frederick and Clarke counties.

I AGAIN appear before you as a PUMP-MAKER
and as I hope you have not forgotten me in that
capacity, you will, one am all, call on me should you
need any thing in that way. Please call on me at
Charlestown, or my son, T-MAS J. BRAGG, living
near Mr. George B. Beail's, on the Charlestown and
Shepherdstown road, as I have employed him to do the
work. I pleage myself the 'all orders will be promp
ly attended to.

March 1, 1853 PUMP MAKING. March 1, 1853

THE subscriber offers his services to the public in the prosecution of Claims before Congress, or any of the Departments of the Government. Some years experience as disbursing agent of the Indian Department, with a general knowledge of the mode of transacting business in the various offices of the Government, enables him to promise satisfaction to all who may entrust business of this character to his care. He will also give special attention to the collection of claims against parties residing in the District of Columbia or its vicinity, negotiating loans as well as the purchase or sale of Stocks, Real Estate, Land-Warrants, &c., &c., or furnish information to corres-pendents residing at a distance in regard to any busi-ness which may interest them at the seat of Govern-His Office is over the Banking House of Selden

Mithers & Co. July 26, 1353. JAMES J. MILLER. WM. S. ANDERSON, MARBLE STONE CUTTER, FREDERICK CITY, MD., ETURNS his thanks to the citizens of Jefferson and Radjoining counties for the liberal patronage ex-tended to him in his line of business, respectfully gives notice that he is now prepared to execute all kinds of work in his line—such as MONUMENTS, TOMB-SLABS, HEAD AND FOOT STONES, &c., at the shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms; and his work shall compare with any other in the country. All Stones delivered at my own risk and All orders thankfully received and promptly attend d to. Address WM. S. ANDERSON, Frederick city, Md., ed to. Address

J. W. McGINNIS, Agent, Charlestown, Va., or JOHN G. RIDENOUR, Agent, 1. 1853. Hnrpers-Ferry, Va. January 11, 1853. CHARLES B. HARDING, Attorney at Law. WILL Practice in the Inferior and Superior Courts
of Jefferson, Clarke and Loudoun. Office, No. Shenandoah street, Harpers-Ferry, Virginia.

REMOVAL. LAWSON BOTTS. ATTORNEY AT LAW, COMMISSIONER IN CHANCERY AND GENERAL AGENT. OFFICE in his House, formerly the property of the late Mrs. Fanny M. Willis, one door north of the office of Wm. C. Worthington, Esq. Entrance from same street. [March 7, 1854—4m] FASHIONABLE HATS. A case of new-style HATS, just received by
A. W. CRAMER. Charlestown Depot, upon the arrival of the Cars, which will convey visitors to the Hotel, free of charge. Per-sons wishing to be conveyed to other parts of the town,

A. F. BRENGLE, Flour and Commission Merchant, NEAR THE RAIL-ROAD DEPOT, FREDERICK CITY, MD.
LSO keeps on hand at all times, fresh burnt LIME which can be furnished at any of the Depots of the Baltimore and Ohio or Winchester and Potomac Rail-roads at the shortest notice, by addressing a

THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he has taken the Hotel formerly known as the "Berkeley House." The House has recently undergone a thorough renovation; it is now believed to be in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and sojourner. A CARD.

N consequence of the advance in Servants' hire, breadstuffs and other produce, it becomes actually necessary that we the undersigned should increase the charges heretofore made at our Hotels in Charles-Therefore, from and after the 1st day of Januar next, our terms for boarding without lodging will be increased from \$10 to \$12 per month. Boarders with rooms, lodging, &c., will be charged \$15 per month, instead of \$12.50 as heretofore. G. W. SAPPINGTON,
ISAAC N. CARTER.

December 27, 1853. CASH FOR NEGROES. AM desirous to purchase a large number of NE-GROES for the southern markets, men, women, boys, girls and families, for which I will give the highest cash prices. cst cash prices.

Persons having slaves to sell will please inform me personally, or by letter at Winchester, which will receive prompt attention; or B. M. & W. L. Campbell, No. 242, West Pratt street, Baltimore.

ELIJAH McDOWELL,

Agent of B. M. & W. L. Campbell.

Winchester, July 7, 1851-ly CASH FOR NEGROES. THOSE persons having Negroes for sale, can get the highest price by calling on the subscriber at Charlestown. Application in person or by letter will be promptly attended to.

C. G. BRAGG.
July 15, 1851.

WAGON MAKING. HE undersigned has leased the Wagon Maker's Shop, adjoining the Blacksmith Shop of Mr. Thos. W. Davis, in Charlestown, and respect fully offers his services to the public generally. His prepared to execute in the best mannerall descrip tions of work appertaining to his besiness, at the shortest notice and in the best manner. Repairing promptly attended to, and charges reason JOHN GROVE. Charlestown, April 11, 1854-3m [FP]

TO THE PUBLIC.
From the Charlestown Tin-Ware, Stove,
Roofing, Spouting, Lightning-Rod,
Shower-Bath and Bathing-Tub
ESTABLISHMENT! THE Machinery of this Establishment is in full operation and the above mentioned Wares are now

rolling out with a rush. TIN-WARE. The assortment of Tin-Ware now on hand is extensive, and all orders from Merchants will receive prompt attention and Wares be delivered at their places of business without extra charge.

places of business without extra charge.

STOVES.

The Metropolitan Elevated Oven Cook Stove, for burning wood, is a strong and durable Stove, and will be sold with all fixtures complete, delivered, set up and warranted to operate well, for \$30, \$35 and \$40 for Nos. 3, 4 and 5. All persons in want of a good Stove, will please forward their orders and they shall have the pleasure of seeing one of the best stoves now in use, in operation in their kitchens, and if the Stove does not operate satisfactorily, it will be taken away after not operate satisfactorily, it will be taken away after six days trial and no grumbling. A good selection of other patterns of Stoves kept constantly on hand, which will be sold cheap. ROOFING AND SPOUTING

Will be done in a thorough manner, at short notice and at prices that defy competition. Iron Rods with silver-plated Points, Brass Connecters, Glass Insulaters and malable fastenings, will be put up in a durable manner at low prices. shower Baths & Bathing Tubs During the Summer months may be found at this Establishment a good assortment of Shower Baths, Bathing Tubs, Boston-Boats, Hip-Baths, Foot-Tubs, &c., &c., which will be finished in the neatest possible style and sold at Baltimore prices.

style and sold at Baltimore prices.

JOH WORK.

Job Work of every description, connected with the Tin and Sheet Iron business, will be done with neatness and promptitude—in short this Establishment shall be the Emporium for the above mentioned wares and Great Hargains will be given to all its patrons.

THOS. D. PARKER. Charlestown, May 10, 1853.

(G-Cotton Rags, Wool, Hides, Sheep Skins, Old Copper, Brass, Pewter, Lead, Iron, Dried Fruit, Beeswax, Beans, Corn, Hay, Oats, Wood and Bacon taken at the highest current prices in exchange for ware or T. D. P.

SHENANDOAH IRON FOUNDRY.

THIS Foundry, situated on the Winchester and Potomac Railroad, 12 miles from Harpers-Ferry, has been rented for a term of years by the subscriber, who would respectfully inform the public that he is now prepared to do, in a style of workmarship, which cannot be surpassed, if equalled, in this Valley, every description of Machinery and Plough Castings, at short notice.

Having been engaged in the business for many years in the largust foundries in the United States, and being now determined to devote his whole attention to the business, he is confident that these who favor him with their work will at the same time, be favoring their own interests, as his prices for Castings shall be as low as at any foundry in the Valley.

Orders, from all in want of Castings of any description, are respectfully solicited.

(Y=Old from faken in exchange for Castings.

HENRY C. PARKER.

Total Medicines.

WILL YOU READ THE TRUTH. A Stand the test of public opinion. No art of man can calvanise a worthless articleso as to keep it up as can galvanise a worthless articles on sto keep it up as a good medicine, if it be not really so.

A good medicine will live, become popular, and extend its sales year after year, in spite of opposition.—
The people readily find out its virtues, and the fame of them passes from mouth to mouth with more rapidity than newspapers can spread it. A Living Witness testifying to the cure a medicine has made for him, is of far more service than any newspaper advertising.

advertising.

In proof of what we say above, we refer you to HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE, and its effects. Its praise is in the mouths of multitudes. The best men in our country give their testimony to its wonderful cures. Among them we name Hon. H. Clay, Hon. Richard M. Johnson, VicePresident of the United States, with hundreds of others. Capt. Thos. Canot—brother to the celebrated physician of the Emperor of France—was cured by it of a disease of seven years' standing after the skill of all the Doctors of Europe and America had failed to cure.

In fact, the rich and the poor, young and old, in every place, in the city and country, find that the same success attends its use.

TRUTH IS MIGHTY.

A Plain and Unvarnished Statement.

TRUTH IS MIGHTY.

A Plain and Unvarnished Statement.
We commend the perusal of the extract below to our readers. Mr. Bull is a merchantof high character.

SANDY BOTTOM, Middlesex County, Va.,
August 29th, 1853.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gents: You may think it strange that I have taken the liberty to write you this letter, but I do so under circumstances that justify it. As you are the Agents for Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, I deem it expedient to address you this note, hoping it may be a part of the honorable means of giving this medicine that notoriety which its merits deserve.

Being in the habit of vending medicines which relate to the patent, and regular system, I consider my-

Being in the habit of vending medicines which relate to the patent, and regular system, I consider myself to some extent, a judge of the real merits of many of them. My experience teaches me that "Hampton's Tincture" is a medicine of real merit and intrinsic value. When I say this, I do not say that it is an infallible cure, in all cases, but I mean to say that "Hampton's Tincture" will favorably operate in all diseases originating from a want of proper secretions of the gastric juices, bad digestion, and consequently bad deposit of animal matter from that source. I believe that many diseases located in various parts of the system, such as inflammation, Ulcers, Scrofula, etc., originally have their being in the stomach, from bad food, bad digestion, and consequently bad depositions of the circulation to those parts; and I will believe Hampton's Vegetable Tincture will even react these causes.

Having found out, myself, what it is, I recommend it to others in such cases, as I have described, and I have done it upon the "no cure no pay system," and I have yet to have the first bottle returned, or the first objection about the pay. It is a great pity it cannot be more extensively circulated among the people. *

* I warrant it in the following cases:—Gout, Rheumatism, Inflammations which proceeds from the stomach, Sores, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, long standing cases of Ague and Fever; first stop the chill, and then give the Tincture—the difficulty in this case is not in stopping the chill, but the return of it, this the Tincture will certainly do. In general debilitations, I warrant it, and as I said before, I have procured a trial of it in this way, which otherwise I could not; Having found out, myself, what it is, I rec

trial of it in this way, which otherwise 1 could not; the people have been humbugged by patent medicines so long, that they are afraid of all. This is clearly a stomach medicine, it works all its wonders there, and in all such cases it is a specific, if anything in the world is. Having given the Tincture a fair trial with myself, in my family and neighborhood, I think I am warrant ed in what I say about it, and which I do without any other interest than the wish to see it in general circu lation, and in every man's family, where it ought to

If what I say be doubted by any of the afflicted, and If what I say be doubted by any of the afflicted, and they will write to me at Sandy Bottom Post office, Middlesex county, Va., stating the nature of the disease, and I recommend it for such a case I will warrant it, and if it don't do good I will pay for the medicine. Respectfully, THOS. R. BULL. Delicate females and children will find this a great blessing. It has restored thousands to health.

DYSPERSIA, RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, LIVER COM-PLAINT, &c.—From the Metropolis.—Pass it around-let the afflicted hear the tidings! This is but the sen timent of thousands: Washington, May 17, 1853.
Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gentlemen: Hav-

ing been afflicted with the Liver Complaint of ten years standing, I hereby, for the benefit of the afflicted, take pleasure in announcing that after using a few bottles of your Hampton's Tincture, I found it had accomplished a perfect cure. I have used different medi-cines from time to time, but have never been able to account for any apparent good, and it is a blessing to stricken humanity that that medicine is found which possesses the wonderous power of prolonging human life. The many cures it has wrought is a sufficient gnarantee of the beneficial results which may be ex-

gnarantee of the beneficial results which may be experienced from its use.
Yours, respectfully,
MORE THAN GOLD TO THE SICK.—From one of the most respectable Druggists in South Carolina.
CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 21, 1853.
Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray:—The sale of your Hampton's Vegetable Tincture is increasing every day, and every bottle sold recommends this valuable medicine to the afflicted. Several of our planters have tried it in different cases with astonishing success, and are getting it by half dozens. It has been found to be the greatest remedy for Rheumatic Affections, and a wonderful cure has been performed on a negro boy suffering by Fits. I will furnish you with a number of certificates if you wish them. Please send me, soon as possible, a supply of the

I am gentlemen, yours, W. G. TROTT. Hundreds in this city will bear same testimony. Delicate females and children will find this a grea remedy. Also, see cures of Coughs, Dyspepsia Scrofula, &c. MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, CURE OF COUGHS, VERTIGO, RHEUMATISM.—Cure of the venerable Dr. Dunn's son, of the city of Baltimore, a man well knewn, and whose testimony adds to the triumph of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture:

BALTIMORE, Feb. 9, 1852. 240 Baltimore street. Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gentlemen: It is with real pleasure that I am able to attest to the general healing and curative powers of Dr. Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. Some time during last November, I was taken with a very bad and serious cough. I was advised to take Cod Liver Oil, and did so, but getting no better, I was induced to try your Tincture—I got one bottle, and before I had taken it all, my cough left me. Permit me also to state, that for the last fifeen years I have suffered very much from acute Rheumatism and Vertigo, confining me at times to my bed. I am fully convinced that I owe my present good health to the use of the Tincture, and a kind Provi-

You are, my friend, at liberty to use this as you may think proper, and believe me,
Yours very respectfully, G. DUNN.
N. B.—I can be seen at any time at the Mayor's Delicate females and children will find this a great blessing. It has restored thousands to health.

Hampton's Vegetable Tincture.—Call and get pamphlets gratis, with history of discovery of the wonderful Blood Purifier, and see certificates of our

own citizens, of Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Liver Complaint, General Weakness, and Nervous-ness, &c., &c. HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. G-Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Bal imore st., Baltimore, and 304 Broadway, New York.

(C)—Call and get a pamphlet gratis,

L. M. SMITH, Charlestown.

T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry.

L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester.

Dr. MOTT, Leesburg. ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown. And by Dealers every where. Jan. 24, 1854-1y.

REMOVAL OF HUNT & EVANS TIN AND SHEET IRON FACTORY.

This Establishment, so long celebrated for the manufacture of its superior quality of Tinware and the manner of putting up Spouting and Roofing, has removed from their old stand, on Main street, to the large and commodious Ware-Room formerly occurred by the H. J. Ehr & Son page Spouting 1992. pied by H. L. Eby & Son, near Sappington's Hotel, where they now have on hand a large stock of all kinds of TINWARE, among which will be found the celebrated Patent Condensing Coffee Pot, which has the reputation of saving at least one-fourth the quantity of coffee used by the ordinary pots—all of which will be sold wholesale or retail at the lowest market prices for cash or trade.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING.—Special attention ROOFING AND SPOUTING.—Special attention is paid to this branch of the business by one of the partners, and their patrons may rely on all work being executed in the best possible manner, at the lowest rates and with punctuality and despatch.—Orders from the adjoining counties solicited.

LIGHTNING RODS.—Iron Rods with silver plated points, brass connecters, glass insulaters and mallea-ble fastenings, will be put up in a durable manner and at low rates.

BATHING TUBS AND SHOWER BATHS.—A large assortment of Boston Bowls, Bathing Tubs, Shower Baths, Hip Baths, Foot Tubs, &c., &c., fin-ished in the neatest manner will always be found on hand at this establishment.

hand at this establishment.

JOB WORK, of every description, connected with
the Tin and Sheet Iron Business, will be done with
neatness and promptitude—in short this shall be the
place for work to be done and well done, and great bargains will be given to all its patrons. HUNT & EVANS. Charlestown, April 18, 1854.

(G-Cotton Rags, Wool, Hides, Sheep Skins, Old Copper, Brass, Pewter, Lead, Iron, Dried Fruit, Beans, Corn, Hay, Oats, Wood, Bacon and Lard, taken in exchange for ware or work.

FARMERS LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

HAVING rented the Brick Warchouse, at Shepherdstown, and made arrangements I am prepared to pay the highest Cash Prices for WHEAT, CORN, &c., upon delivery.

I will also keep constantly on hand PLASTER, FISH, SALT, &c., in exchange for Country Produce, or sell at low cash prices, and I will forward any produce to the District or Alexandria at the usual prices.

Angust 23, 1853—tf C. W LUCAS.

August 23, 1853—tf

C. W LUCAS.

THE undersigned, grateful to the public for their past very liberal patronage, hopes by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same. He takes great pleasure in announcing that he is now in receipt of his SPRING STOCK OF GOODS, which in extent and desirableness, surpasses any preceding one, and will compare favorably, in all respects, with similar stocks usually kept in this place. He is prepared to take all kinds of Country Produce in exchange for Goods, at fair market rates. He is determined to adopt the one price system as near as his friends will allow him, as he hopes to sell a good many Goods by order. Particular attention paid to all orders.

Borryville, April 25, 1854—tf Orders.

Berryville, April 25, 1854—tf

OJ-1 have on hand and for sale 3,000 pounds good BACON.

J. O. S.

BLACKSMITH SHOP. BLACKSMITH SHOP.

THE subscriber having permanently located himself at the BLACKSMITH SHOP at Duffield's
Depot, is now prepared to do all kinds of work in
his line, at prices as moderate as any other shop in the
county. He will at all times be prepared with Iron
of all kinds for repairing or making Plough and other
Irons used by the Farmers.

I solicit a call from those in want, feeling assured
that all who give me a call will not go away dissatisfied.

GEORGE PENSE. Duffield's Depot, April 12, 1853.

REFRIGERATORS. Scott's Patent Refrige-Registrators for sale at Baltimore prices, adding freight, by KEYES & KEARSLEY, May 2, 1654. Agents.

GOOD MEDICINES.

STABLER'S DIARRHEA CORDIAL,
THE valuable medicines above named, are not em
pirical, but are prepared in agreement with the
experience of some of the most learned and judicious
practitioners, and are not secret, further than is necessary to protect the proprietors and those who use
them from loss and imposition, as the component parts
have been made known, confidentially, from time to
time, to perhaps 500 Physicians!! In Maryland,
Virginia, District of Columbia, Ohio, and other places,
all of whom, without a single exception, have approved
of the formula, and most of them acknowledge that
they are the best remedies that they have ever known
for the cure of the diseases for which they are recommended. Our confidence in the excellence of these
medicines, added to our desire to avoid the just prejudice of the medical profession against secret and quack
nostrums, induced us to adopt this candid course.—
We append a few of the notices we have received from
Physicians:
From Dr. Wm. H. Forrey, Sacubil Md. STABLER'S DIARRHŒA CORDIAL.

Physicians:

From Dr. Wm. H. Ferrew, Snewhill, Md.

GENTLEMEN—I have frequently in my practice prescribed your "Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Expediorant" and "Diarrhea Cordial," with great satisfaction to myself, and to the entire relief of such diseases as they profess to cure. I consider them happy combinations of some of our most valuable and safe therapeutical agents, and must be of infinite worth to the afflicted and mankind at large. In furnishing the medical profession with these active and concentrated preparations, so convenient for administration, and of a stan lard quality, you have rendered them an eminent service, and I can do no less than carneslly recommend these preparations to practitioners, and especially in the country, where the impurity of commercial Drugs is one of the greatest obstacles to the success of the Physician.

Drugs is one of the greatest obstacles to the success of the Physician.

Dr. W. S. Love, writes to us that he has administered the Expectorant to his wife, who has had the Bronchilis for jourteen years, and that she is fast recovering from her long standing malady. It has in a few weeks done her more good than all the remedies she has heretofore used under able medical counsel.

From Dr. H. P. Worthington, Lauret, Md.

"After several months use of your Expectorant, both in my own family, and in general practice, I am confirmed in the opinion expressed of it, when first made acquainted with the recipe. For one I thank you for so convenient and elegant a preparation of the Wild Cherry."

From Geo. Gerry, M. D., Somerset Co., Md.

"Gentlemen—I have used many of the different Cherry Expectorants, and I do assure you that yours far exceeds any I have ever tried."

From Dr. J. R. Andre, of Kinsington, Talbot Co., Md.

"Having examined the component parts of Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Expectorant; also of Stabler's Diarrhoa Cordial, and having used them in practice, I feel no hesitancy in recommending them."

From J. E. Marsh, M. D., Kent Co., Md.

"I have made free use of your Diarrhoa Cordial, in my family. It gives me much pleasure to add my testimony to that of others, in favor of its efficiency."

From Samuel Martindale, M. D., Chesapeake City, Md.

"I have much pleasure in adding my testimony in favor of your valuable Cherry Expectorant. I have, after an extensive use, found it to answer all my expectations.

From Dr. Danl. W. Jones, Somerset Co., Md.

From Dr. Danl. W. Jones, Somerset Co., Md.

From Dr. Danl. W. Jones, Somerset Co., Md.

"I have given your Expectorant and Diarrhea Cordial a fair trial, and am delighted with their effects, never having had them to fail in a single instance. I shall take pleasure in recommending them.

We have been favored with a written certificate, cheerfully given by numerous Medical gentlemen, in Maryland, Virginia and Ohio, which alone should convince the most doubting, that these are really "Good Medicines;" after stating that they are acquainted with the composition of both the Expectorant and Cordial, and that they have administered them to their patients, they testify "that they are remedies of great value, safe, efficient and well worthy of the patronage of the Profession and the Public, that they are more reliable than any other proprietary medicines with

of the Profession and the Public, that they are more reliable than any other proprietary medicines with which we are acquainted," &c.

The above notices of recommendation from members of the Medical Faculty, Pharmaceutists of high stunding, and Merchants of the first respectability, should be sufficient to satisfy all, that these medicines are worthy of trial by the afflicted, and that they are of a different stamp and class from the "Quackery" and "Cure-All" so much imposed upon the public.

See the descriptive Pamphlets, to be had gratis of all who have the medicines for sale, containing recommendations from Doctors Marth, Baltzell, Addison, Payne, Handy, Love, &c. Son, Payne, Handy, Love, &c.

For sale by Druggists, Apothecaries and Country
Store keepers generally, at the low price of Fifty cents
per bottle, or six bottles for \$2.50.

E. H. STABLER & CO,

Wholesale Druggist, 120 Pratt st., Balt. Importers of English, French and German Drugs, Deal res in Paints, Oils, &c., &c.

AGENT at Charlestown, THOS. RAWLINS,
AGENT at Kabletown, A. WILSON.

AGENT at Harpers: Ferry, T. D. HAMMOND,
AGENT at Shannandale Furnace, B. PURSELL,
And Loudoun Merchants generally, [Jan. 10, 1854. HENRY'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL.

Purely Vegetable in its Composition.
THIS invaluable Cordial is extracted from Herbs and Roots, which have been found after years of ex perience, by the most skilful Physicians, to be pos-sessed of qualities most beneficial in the diseases for which it is recommended, and hence whilst it is pre-sented to the public, as an efficacious remedy, it also is known to be of that character on which reliance may be placed as to its safety. In cases of Impotency, Horn orthages, Disordered Sterility, Monstruction, or Suppression of the Menses, Fluor Albusor Whites, or for DEBILITY

arising from any cause, such as weakness from sickness, where the patient has been confined to bed for some time, for Females after Confinement, Abortion some time, for Females after Confinement, Abortion or Miscarriage, this Cordial cannot be excelled in its salutary effects; or in loss of Muscular Energy, Irritability, Physical Prostration, Seminal Weakness, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Sluggishness, Decay of the Procreative Functions, Nervounsess, &c., where a TONIC Medicine is required, it will be found equal, if not superior to any Compound ever used.

TO FEMALES.

Henry's Invigorating Cordial, is one of the most

TO FEMALES.

Henry's Invigorating Cordial, is one of the most invaluable Medicines in the many Complaints to which Females are subject. It assists nature to brace the whole system, check excesses, and create renewed health and happiness. Less suffering, disease and unhappiness among ladies would exist, were they generally to adopt the use of this Cordial. Ladies who are debilitated by those obstructions which females are liable to, are restored by the use of a bottle or two, to bloom and to vicor. two, to bloom and to vigor.
YOUNG MEN.

YOUNG MEN.

That solitary practice, so fatal to the existence of man, and it is the young who are most apt to become its victims, from an ignorance of the danger to which they subject themselves, causes

NERVOES DEBILITY,

Weakness of the System, and Premature Decay.—
Many of you may now be suffering, misled as to the cause or source of disease. To those, then, who by excess have brought on themselves Premature Impotency. Involuntary Seminal Emissions, Weakness and Shrivelling of the Genital Organs, Nervous Affection, or any other consequences of unrestrained indulgence of the sensual passions, occasioning the necessity of renouncing the felicities of

MARRIAGE,

lessening both mental and bodily capacity, Hold!

lessening both mental and bodily capacity, Hold! Henry's Invigorating Cordial, a medicine that is pure-ly Vegetable, will aid nature to restore these important functions to a healthy state, and will prove of service to you. It possesses are virtue, is a general remover of disease, and strengthener of the system AS A TONIC MEDICINE, AS A TONIC MEDICINE,
it is unsurpassed. We do not place this Cordial on a
footing with quack medicines, and, as is customary,
append a long list of Recommendations, Certificates,
&c., beginning with "Hear what the Preacher
says," and such like; it is not necessary, for "Henry's Invigorating Cordial," only needs a trial to provethat it will accomplish all we say.
THE GENUINE "HENRY'S INVIGORATING
CORDIAL,"
is put up in 80z Pannel Bottles, and is easily recognized by the Manufacturer's signature on the lable of
each Bottle, (to counterfeit which is fogery.)
133-Sold for \$2 per Bottle; Six for \$5; \$16 per
dozen

Prepared only by S. E. COHEN, No. 3 Franklin Row, Vine Street, Below Eighth, Philadelphia, Pa., TO WHOM ALL ORDERS MUST BE ADDRESS-For Sale by all respectable Druggists & Merchants broughout the country,
PEEL & STEVENS, Alexandria, Va., wholesal

Igents for Virginia.

January 31, 1854—19 DOCTOR YOURSELF! THE POCKET ESCULAPIUS:
Or, Every one his own PhysicianTHE Fortieth Edition, with one hundred engravings, showing Diseases and Malformations of the Generative System in every shape and form. To which is added a Treatise on the diseases of females, being of the highest importance to married people, or those contemplating marriage. By WM. YOUNG,

M. D.

At-Let no father be ashamed to present a copy of the Asculapius to his child. It may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life, without reading the Pocket Asculapius; let no one suffering from hacknied cough, pain in the side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their physicians, be another mament without consulting the Asculapius. Have the married or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death.

By Any person senging TWENTY-FIVE cents en closed in a tetter, will receive one copy of this book by mull, or necopies will be sent for one collar Address (post-paid,)

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LUBIN'S AND HARRISON'S

EXTRACTS COLOGNE,

Comprising the following varieties:

Prarie Flower Cologne;
Farina Cologne;
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Extract Sweet Briar; Extract Sweet Clover;

"Violette;
"Patchouly;
"Musk;
"Verbena.

ODRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, DYE-STUFFS, Fancy Articles, Perfumery, &c. M. SMITH keeps constantly on hand a ver large and fresh assurtment of Drugs, &c.; hite Lead, ground and dry; Oils of all kinds; silet and Shaving Scaps; Shaving Gream; pophene; Barry's Truppherous; pophene; Barry's Truppherous;

fumery of every kind; oin's Senuine Extract; Wright's Ex of which are warranted to be of the